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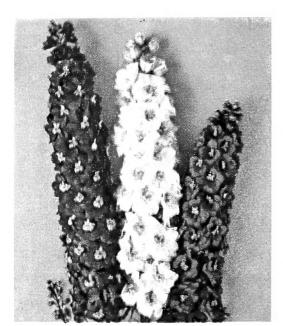


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FIRE CHIEF PETUNIA (Page 27)



Plant Your Flowers in Succession for Continuous Summer Bloom



PACIFIC GIANT HYBRID DELPHINIUM (Page 21)



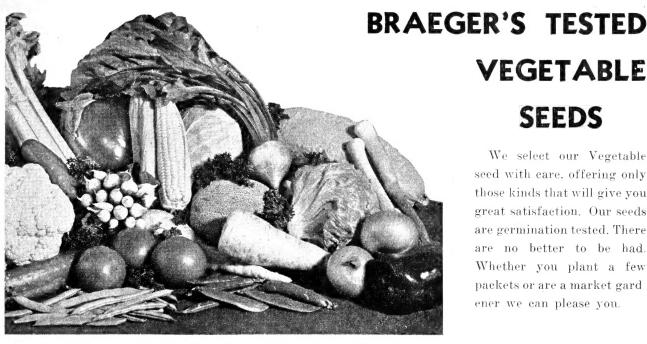
DAHLIA FLOWERED ZINNIAS (Page 31)



ASTER PRINCESS, FINEST MIXED (Page 17)



STEELE'S BUTTERFLY HYBRID PANSY (Page 26)



# **VEGETABLE** SEEDS

We select our Vegetable seed with care, offering only those kinds that will give you great satisfaction. Our seeds are germination tested. There are no better to be had. Whether you plant a few packets or are a market gard ener we can please you.

#### HOW TO READ THE MATURITY FIGURES

At the right of most varieties listed you will find figures representing the approximate number of days required to mature the plants from the time of planting seed to the time the vegetables are ready to eat. These figures are based on climatic conditions for the Pacific Northwest.

#### ARTICHOKE—2 Years

Green Globe. Plants of medium height with large thistle-like medium deep green foliage. The edible buds or flower heads are deep green, globe-shaped. Pkt. 10c.

#### ASPARAGUS-4 Years

1 oz. to 100 ft., 5 lbs. per acre.

Mary Washington. A strain selected from Martha Washington. It is a little earlier and more vigorous than the original. The shoots are slightly oval in shape., firm and tender and richly flavored. Rust-proof. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c.

Asparagus, Paradise. New, early maturing variety with pleasant, milder flavor than other varieties and a prime favorite with everyone who has tasted it. Straight, large, crisp, tender strong grower and highly resistant to rust. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c.

#### BEANS

Dwarf beans, 1 lb. to 100 ft., 60 lbs. per acre. Pole beans, ½ lb. to 100 ft., 30 lbs. per acre.

Plant beans after all danger of frost is past, in warm, dry, well prepared soil. The rows should be 2 to 3 feet apart and the seeds covered 1½ to 2 inches deep. Thin the young plants to 3 to 6 inches apart in the rows.

Shallow cultivation should be frequent until blossoming; then stop to avoid injury to the roots. Root injury causes the blossoms to fall. For succession, plant every 2 weeks until midsummer. Frequent picking of the crop insures long bear-

#### Bush, Green Pod-55 Days

Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 45c. Postpaid 50c

Dwarf Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry. Particularly desirable green shell and snap sort for home and market garden. Plant medium small, thrifty and productive. Pods dark green at snap stage, becoming greenish yellow splashed with carmine, 5 to 5½ inches long. Strictly stringless, slightly fibrous. Seeds plump oval, pinkish buff, spotted and streaked with purplish red.

Stringless Green Pod. High quality for home and market garden. Plant large, thrifty, heavily productive. Pods medium

garden. Flant large, thrity, neavily productive. Four meaning green, 5½ inches long, almost ½ inch wide and equally thick. Very fleshy, strictly stringless, fine grained, tender.

Stringless Refugee. Splendid canning variety; young pods particularly valuable for canning and pickling whole. Pods medium green; very uniform. 5 to 5½ inches long. Round, absolutely stringless, very fleshy, brittle and fine grained.

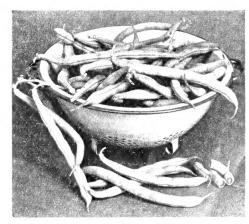
Stringless Black Valentine. Very good variety for home use and market gardeners. Stringless and very prolific. Dark green, oval shaped pods. Black seeded and early.

Red Kidney. A bean fine for dry use. Plants large, vigorous and productive. Pods waxy green color. Seed reddish brown.

Tendergreen. This is a new Bush Bean of utmost value. The plants make a strong and vigorous growth. branched and carry a great quantity of beautiful light green beans. The pods grow 6 to 7 inches long. They are round, extremely meaty, and tender. Even when fully grown they are absolutely stringless.

Supergreen. Pods are 6 to 7 inches long, slim, smooth, dark green and stringless in all stages. Vine is 17 inches, upright, with fairly concentrated pod set. Compared with New Stringless or Tendergreen, the pods are slightly longer and a little more slender. All American Bronze Medal winner.

Broad Windsor. Fava or Horse Beans. A late variety for shell beans. Plant grows very large and vigorous. When ready to eat, beans are light green, broad and flat. Many people plant this variety in the fall. It is hardy.



BEAN, STRINGLESS GREEN POD

BEANS-Continued on page 2

#### Bush, Wax Pod-55 Days

Pkt. 10c: 1/2 lb. 30c; 1 lb. 60c. Postpaid 65c

Puregold Wax. Pods are 51/2-6 inches long, slim, round, golden yellow. Bush, dark green, about 13 inches high. Resistant to common bean mosaic. Canning variety.

Round Pod Kidney Wax or Brittle Wax. An outstanding sort for home use and canning. Extremely heavy producing bean. Pods are round, medium yellow, fleshy and absolutely

Pencil Pod B'ack Wax. Very desirable for home and market garden and for truckers. Plant large and thrifty. Heavily productive over long period. Pods handsome bright yellow. 5½ to 6 inches long, % inch thick, cylindrical; very fleshy, stringless, brittle, fine grained, and tender.

White Navy. Disease-resistant strain. Plant large; heavily productive. Pods flat. 4 inches long. Used almost exclusively for baking.

# Pole Beans—70 Days

Prices: Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 25c; 1 lb. 45c. Postpaid 50c **Except Oregon Giant** 

Blue Lake or White Creaseback. Splendid snap bean for home garden and early market. Good climber, heav ly productive. Pods light green, 5½ inches long, ½ inch wide, almost as thick; nearly stringless, very fleshy, brittle, tender. Seeds white; excellent for baking.

**Kentucky Wonder.** This most popular of all pole beans should be in every garden. The dark green pods are round and long, measuring 9 to 10 inches; they are always stringless as snaps, and never become tough. Seeds light brown colored.

Kentucky Wonder Wax. An early and hardy bean somewhat resembling the Kentucky Wonder except in color of pods which are light yellow and broader. If a wax podded bean is desired for home or market this is the one best variety to plant. Seed oval, flattened, somewhat shriveled, dark brown.

Yount or Oregon Giant. We highly recommend this variety to home gardeners. It keeps producing until killed by frost. Large, fleshy pods, 10 to 12 inches in length, stringless, light greenish yellow, splashed with red. A very tasty bean that requires very little care. I kt. 15c; ½ lb. 35c; 1 lb. 60c. Postpaid 65c.

Tall Horticultural or Speckled Cranberry. The pods when young are of excellent quality and make fine snap beans. They measure 5 to 6 inches long and are stringless. The dried beans are grown extensively for winter use. They are large, of a light fawn color, speckled with dull red. Highly recommended.

Lazy Wife. An excellent variety for snaps, green shell or dry shell beans. Profitable for bo'h home and market gardens. Good climber, heavy producer. Pods are green, 6 to 61/2 inches long, thick, straight, stringless, brittle, tender and excellent flavor. Seeds-oval, white. 74 days.



1 oz. to 100 ft. 6 lbs. per acre

Seed should be sown at the rate of one ounce to 100 feet of row. The rows should be spaced 18 to 24 inches apart. Work the soil well and cover the seeds about an inch deep. A rich sandy loam is most favorable,

but nearly all types of soil will produce Beets if sufficiently fertilized and properly tilled. All varieties of Beets sell for:

Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 75c.



Braeger's Improved Detroit Dark Red. The standard of excellence in table Beets for home and market garden, for shipping, and for canning. Top uniform, small, slender, erect. Roots globe shaped; symmetrical, with small collar and small tap-root. Very dark blood red.

Extra Early Flat Egyptian. Best for forcing and particularly valuable for early market. Tops small and upright. Roots flattened, with long slender tap-roots. Flesh dark purplish red, zoned lighter.

Oregon's Early Wonder. Very desirable for home and market garden. Tops small. Root flattened globe shape with small collar and tap root. Dark purplish red. Flesh deep purplish red zoned a lighter shade.

# MANGEL WURZEL-100 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 5 lbs. per acre.

Valuable as stock feed. Plant early in the Spring in rows 2½ feet apart. The seeds should be 1 inch apart in the row and covered by 1½ inches of soil firmly pressed down. Cultivate frequently. When the plants are 3 inches high, begin to thin until the roots are 10 inches apart. All varieties of Mangels: 1 oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.

Danish Sludstrup. Very high yielder. Roots long oval, orange colored: flesh white with faint yellow tinge.

Giant Half Sugar. This variety is one of the favorite among the dairymen and hog raisers. It is very sweet and nutritious, as it has a larger sugar content than the ordinary Mangel.

Mammoth Long Red. Superior to strains offered as Norbiton Giant Colossal Monarch, etc. Roots very large; long spindle shape, straight and thick; grow one-third to one-half out of ground. Light red; flesh white tinged with rose.

Golden Tankard. Roots large, nearly cylindrical, deep yellow below ground. Flesh yellow with white zones. One of the best for light soils.



Price, Pkt. 10c; 1/2 lb. 35c; 1 lb. 60c. Postpaid 65c.

Oregon Pole Lima. Proven over many years to be well adapted to our cool Northwest climate. A strong, vigorous grower, bearing continuously until frost. Pods are at their best when turning yellow.

King of Garden. A large pod, vigorous, productive Lima. Grows tall and starts bearing near the foot of the pole. Sets pods until frost.

Lima Beans, Dwarf—75 Days Price, Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 35c; 1 lb. 60c. Postpaid 65c.

Burpee's Improved Bush. Plants, large, heavily productive. Pods large, 41/2 to 5 inches long. Usually contain 4 large, thick beans. Dry beans large, flat, greenish white.

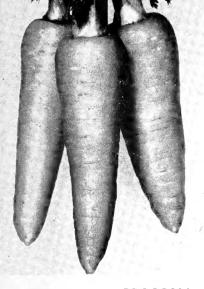
Henderson's Bush Lima, sometimes called Baby Lima. This is a small lima. Delicious and prolific.

Baby Potato. An All-America Silver Medal Winner. Very prolific; excellent flavor. Good for produce markets as well as canning and quick freezing. Seeds, small and thick, of bright green color when fresh, and similar in flavor to Fordhook.

Cangreen. A valuable new variety with small seed similar to Henderson Bush in size, but of green color when ripe. Plants dwarf, prolific, bearing flat pods with 3 or 4 beans to pod. Recommended for freezing and canning.



LIMA BEANS, FORDHOOK BUSH







BRUSSELS SPROUTS

CABBAGE, EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD

CARROT. CHANTENAY

# BROCCOLI—75 Days

1/4 oz. to 100 ft., 4 oz. per acre.

This is similar to Cauliflower in color, character of foliage. form, and size of heads. It requires a long growing season and is especially suited to Pacific Coast states. Pkt. 10c.

**Italian Green Sprouting.** This vigorous plant is entirely different from the white heading sorts. Cultivated like cabbage, it bears a succession of sprouting heads which, if kept cut, will be replaced by others for 8 to 10 weeks. Each sprout, about 5 inches long, ends in a small head of deep green buds.

#### BRUSSELS SPROUTS-90 Days

1/4 oz. to 100 ft., 4 oz. per acre.

Dwarf Improved. Plants dwarf and compact. 20 inches tall. Very uniform; stem well covered with firm, round cabbage-like balls of  $1\frac{1}{4}$  to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter which mature in succession. Pkt. 10c.

#### CABBAGE-70 to 90 Days

1/4 oz. to 100 ft., 1/4 lb. per acre.

For plants of early kinds, sow seed in January under glass, and put out into flats about 2 inches apart. Transplant to open ground as early in the Spring as the soil can be prepared, setting  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet to 2 feet apart, in rows, which should be 3 feet apart. Cultivate frequently, and during dry weather water copiously. Late Cabbage seed should be sown in drills in open ground during April and May, and transplanted in June or July. Fertilize heavily, using 400 pounds Nitrate of Soda per acre in three dressings, one-third when plants are set out, and two-thirds a month apart later. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 65c.

Oregon Ball Head. The acknowledged leader in the Northwest for main crop winter cabbage. Good for general market purposes. Resistant to aphis and freeze injury. It is the best keeper of all. The most popular winter sort.

Copenhagen Market. Distinctly and uniformly early. Splendid for early market and shipment; proving valuable as early kraut variety. Plants small, compact, allowing very close planting. Stem short; heads uniformly round; firm; become 6 to 7 inches in diameter. Weight 3½ to 4 pounds.

Danish Ba'l Head. One of the best late Cabbages. The plants are med.um sized with short stem. Heads large; flattened globe shape: become 8 to 9 inches across, 6 to 7 inches deep, and weigh 7 to 9 pounds. Very firm and solid; of excellent quality; keep perfectly in storage until late spring.

Early Jersey Wakefield. Extremely early variety, very valuable for home and market garden as well as for shipment. Plants very small and compact, allowing close planting: stem short. Heads firm and conical: usually 7 inches long, 5 inches thick near base; weight, 2 to 2½ pounds.

Golden Acre. The earliest round headed Cabbage; especially valuable for early market and shipping. Plants very small and compact; stem short. Heads uniformly round; firm, commonly 6 inches in diameter and weigh 3 pounds.

Late Flat Dutch. The best very large, late Cabbage. Popular for home and market garden. A good keeper. Heads very large and flat, but deep; become 12 to 14 inches across, 7 inches deep, and weigh 12 to 14 pounds or more; firm and of good quality.

Mammoth Red Rock. A sure cropper and used very extensively for pickling.

**Savoy.** The deep green, crinkled outer leaves enclose the tender, light green heart. It matures late in the fall and will keep all winter long.

#### CHINESE CABBAGE

Chinese Improved or Wong Bok. 85 days. This exceptionally fine vegetable is rapidly growing in public favor. Its growth, which resembles the Cos lettuce, has long heads and crisp leaves. Very mild and pleasant flavor as a salad or cooked.

Chinese Chihili, 75 days. The taller of two popular types. Heads 18 to 20 inches long, 4 to 5 inches at base tapering to tip. Outer leaves dark green, inner white. Tender, sweet.

#### CARDOON—2 Years

A perennial winter vegetable with all fleshy leaf stalks and ribs, and grey-green foliage. When blanched, the stalks are tender and of pleasant flavor, and are commonly cooked and served in the same way as asparagus. Pkt. 10c.

## CARROTS—70 Days

½ oz. to 100 ft., 2 lbs. per acre.

Sow seed in light sandy soil, from April to July, in drills  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet apart, covering the seed  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch deep. Thin out the young plants from 3 to 5 inches apart, according to size and variety. Cultivate freely and do not allow the soil to get too dry during hot weather. All varieties of Carrots: Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 75c.

Imperator. This Carrot grows to a length of 6 to 7 inches with a shoulder diameter of 1½ to 1½ inches and is a deep orange color. It has a smooth crown; does not have undesirable side shoots; has a fine texture, and is good and sweet. In all respects it is very attractive for shipping purposes.

Improved Oregon Chantenay. Flesh is deep golden orange color, always smooth and fine in texture, very tender. Excellent bunching variety. A well-known and popular all-purpose variety desirable for home and market gardens. Roots deep orange, smooth, tapered, with indistinct core.

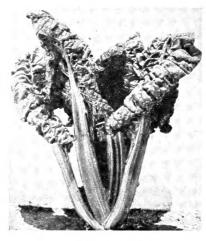
Danver's Half Long. The roots are a rich dark orange color and by reason of its symmetrical shape which is long and pointed, it makes an excellent bunching variety. It has proved over a period of years to be the most popular Carrot, both with the grower and the shipper.

Nantes Coreless. Excellent for forcing, as well as for home and market garden use. Tops very small. Roots bright orange, cylindrical, blunt tipped. Flesh reddish orange, crisp, tender and of very delicate flavor. Practically cordess.

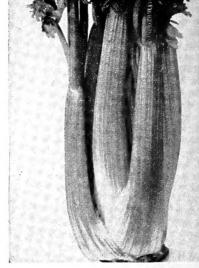
**Oxheart.** Beautiful shape and color. The roots generally attain 4 to 5 inches in length, and about 3 inches in diameter. Quality first rate, very tender.



CAULIFLOWER, EARLY SNOWBALL



RHUBARB CHARD



CELERY, UTAH

#### STOCK CARROTS—90 Days

Pkt. 10e; 1 oz. 25e; ¼ lb. 65c.

White Belgian. A late variety, an excellent keeper and a very heavy yielder. Principally grown for stock feed, it will yield as much as 40 tons per acre. Roots are 7 to 8 inches long. 3 inches across at the top, tapered and pointed.

Yellow Belgian. A very productive variety, with roots measuring 20 inches long. They are broad at the shoulder, and gradually taper to a fine point. The skin below the ground is a light orange, but above the soil surface it is green. Will yield heavily, particularly on good deep soil.

#### CAULIFLOWER---60-90 Days

1 pkt. to 100 ft., 1 oz. per acre.

The same methods that produce good Cabbage will grow good Cauliflower. The only great difference is that Cauliflower heads must be protected from sunlight so as to make sure of the desirable white head. Gather the tops of the leaves together loosely as soon as the heads begin to form. In shutting off the light, it is important not to cramp the heads.

Early Snowball. The best for greenhouse forcing, early market, and shipping. Plants very dwarf. Heads snow white; deep, smooth, compact; about 6 inches across, weight, 1½ to 2 pounds. The standard of excellence in Cauliflower. Pkt. 15c.

Catskill. One of the best types for late planting; heads very uniform in size. Splendid shipping variety. Market gardener's favorite. Pkt. 15c.

 $\bf St.$  Valentine. Standard market variety for March shipment. Plants large. Heads large, solid, white, and very well protected. Fkt. 15c.

#### CELERIAC-120 Days

1/4 oz. to 100 ft., 1/4 lb. per acre.

Sow seed at the same season and give same treatment as common Celery. Transplant to moist, rich soil, in rows 2 feet apart and 6 inches apart in row. Give thorough culture. It is not necessary to earth up or handle the plants. After the roots have attained a diameter of 2 inches, they are fit for use.

Large Smooth Prague. An improved variety of turnip-rooted Celery producing large tubers of nearly globular shape and comparatively smooth surface. Pkt. 10c.

#### SWISS CHARD-50 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 6 lbs. per acre.

New Savoyed Leaf "Lucullus." An improved variety about 2½ feet high. Heavy stalks are over an inch thick and bear for more than a foot of their length. Leaves make the finest of greens. By cutting back the leaves close to ground tender shoots spring up quickly; very delicious cooked as asparagus. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.

Rhubarb Chard. A new Swiss Chard that looks like Rhubarb. The leaf stalks are bright but delicate, translucent crimson; the rich color extends out through the veins into the dark green, heavily crumpled leaves. Different, tasty, delicious flavor. Easily grown, thrives everywhere. Pkt. 10c.

# CELERY-125 Days

¼ oz. to 100 ft., ¼ lb. per acre.

Sow from February to May in drills 1 foot apart. Later, usually in June, transplant to rows 3 feet apart and 6 inches apart in row. Rows should be furrowed out so plants may be set 6 inches deep. Later, soil may be banked against rows for blanching, even so-called self-blanching varieties needing the cool, moist soil to render the stalks crisp and tender, but this should not be done until a few weeks before harvesting. One ounce of seed will produce five thousand plants.

Golden Plume or Wonderful. Early and very desirable for home and market garden. Plants medium sized; stocky, full hearted, and compact. Thick solid stalks blanch readily and are of the finest table quality. Pkt. 15c.

Golden Yellow Self Blanching. Early and particularly desirable for home and market garden. Plants fairly tall and compact with firm stalks, 26 to 28 inches tall, which blanch readily and are of splendid quality. Pkt. 15c.

Utah. Very popular on the Portland market. Light green in color, nutty flavor and fine quality. Pkt. 15c.

#### CHICORY-120 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 4 to 5 lbs. per acre.

Sow Chicory when weather becomes warm and settled. Sow in rows at least 24 inches apart. Thin to 3 inches between plants. Pkt. 10c.

Large Rooted or Magdeburg. Dried roots are roasted and used as a substitute for coffee. Roots 12 to 14 inches long, 2 inches in diameter at top; weigh 16 oz.; tapered; resemble dwarf white sugar beets.

Radichetta or Cicoria di Catalogna. Of Italian origin, increasingly popular with market gardeners. An annual with leaves like Dandelion, used for early greens; leaves and flower shoots very tender, with faint asparagus flavor.

Witloof (French Endive). Seed sown in Spring produces long. thick roots by November. To force use roots that are dug in fall, trimming off leaves an inch above crown. Trench in a warm, dark place, covering with 6 or 8 inches of soil and top layer of fresh manure. Blanched head of leaves thus obtained resemble Cos lettue and makes delicious salad.

#### COLLARDS

True Southern—80 days. A vigorous variety growing 2 feet high carrying a loose head used for greens. A light frost will improve flavor. Pkt. 10c.

#### CORN

1/2 lb. to 100 ft., 10 to 14 lbs. per acre.

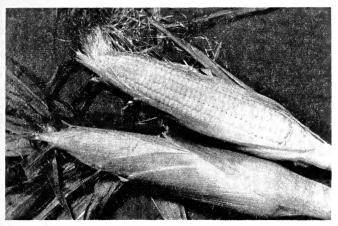
Plant in rich, warm soil, in hills 2 to 3 feet apart, in rows 3 feet apart for early kinds and 4 feet apart for late sorts.

The sweetest flavored Corn cannot be purchased. It must be home-raised. This will always be so.

The choicest Sugar Corn is only had where it is possible to cook it within an hour after picking.

If you wish to have Sweet Corn at its best, pick or pull the ears when the kernel may be easily punctured with the thumb nail. Arrange to make successive plantings throughout the season so as to insure a supply just in the right condition.

Make first sowing about the middle of May and continue fortnightly up to about the middle of July.



CORN. MARCROSS

#### **HYBRIDS**

Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 30c; 1 lb. 50c. Postpaid 55c.

Marcross. A very desirable, early maturing variety, producing ears  $6\frac{1}{2}$  to  $7\frac{1}{2}$  inches long. Ears  $10\cdot14$  rowed, kernels medium yellow. Plants about  $5\frac{1}{2}$  feet tall and highly resistant to bacterial wilt. Very popular with market growers as a first early yellow variety of fine quality. 76 days.

**Carmelcross.** A newly developed hybrid corn. Large eared, wilt resistant and early. The ears average 12 rows of kernels tapering in shape. 79 days.

Golden Cross Bantam. Very uniform in habit of growth, size, and maturity. The ears measure 8 inches long and they are closely set with 14 rows of light yellow grains filled with delicious sweet pulp. Bears two ears per plant. 85 days.

SPANCROSS. Yellow. Earliest hybrid corn. Plants grow 4 to 5 ft. tall with ear set low on the stalk. Ears are 6½ in. long. 1¾ in. in diameter, slightly tapering, well filled to the tip with 10 or 12 rows of golden yellow kernels. 70 days.

#### **OPEN POLLENATED**

Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c; Postpaid 40c.

Golden Bantam. This golden colored Corn is the leading variety for early home garden planting, ears though small are numerous and of finest quality. Very sweet and tender. 8 rows. 79 days.

Golden Early Market. A very fine early variety. Much the same flavor and tenderness as Golden Bantam and exceedingly popular with market gardeners; 10 to 12 beautiful tender rows to each ear. Splendid for early gardens. 72 days.

Golden Bantam Improved. A selection from the original strain of Golden Bantam. Larger ears, more rows of kernels, greater production. Golden yellow, deep, wide, tender kernels with a fine, sweet flavor. Particularly desirable for canners and market gardeners. Remains in table condition a long time. 12-14 rows. 82 days.

Golden Giant. This is the giant among the yellow varieties with ears measuring 8 inches long. Matures its handsome ears about a week after Golden Bantam. Each cob is tightly set with 12 to 14 rows of sugary, creamy yellow kernels covered by a thin tender skin. 90 days.

**Golden Midget.** A miniature sweet corn that has found a place in small city gardens. The stalks grow only 2½ to 3 feet tall, bearing several small golden ears about 4 to 5 inches long in cooking stages. The quality is very good and it matures very early.

Stowell's Evergreen. Standard late variety, very valuable for canning and much grown for market. Plants 7 to  $7\frac{1}{2}$  feet tall. Ears 8 inches long;  $2\frac{1}{4}$  to  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches thick; 14 to 20 rowed Kernels very deep, white, sweet and tender; remain in table condition a long time. 100 days.

#### Pop Corn-100 Days

6 oz. to 100 ft., 6 to 8 lbs. to acre. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c. Hulless. Chunky ears appearing 4 inches in length. Kernels pearl white, pointed. Pops snow white.

#### Field Corn-100 Days

8 to 10 lbs. per acre.

Write for prices in larger quantities.

Minnesota "13" Yellow Dent. An early maturing yellow dent corn that is a favorite in all the corn growing sections West of the Rockies. More of it is being grown than all other varieties combined. The stalks are of medium size, the ears 9 to 11 inches long. 1 lb. 15c; Postpaid 20c.

Wisconsin 525. The best hybrid corn for Oregon. Oregon State College says, "Wisconsin 525 is usually a few days later in maturity than Minn. No. 13, but yields 10 to 15 bushels more." It is a good silage corn—the stalk being green at corn's maturity. 1 lb. 25c. Postpaid 30c.

#### CORN SALAD

Large leafed Plant used mainly for greens in fall and winter when other greens are gone. They are wintered over by lightly mulching.  $Pkt.\ 10c.$ 

#### **CRESS**

Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c.

Fine Curled Peppergrass. Quick growing, finely cut and feathery; like good parsley; growth dwarf, compact; ornamental; crisp, pungent; very refreshing.

**Upland.** Dwarf plant with slender stalks with oval notched leaves. Very desirable for salads.

Water Cress. Thrives in standing or slowly moving water. Leaves are sharply flavored and used in salads or as garnish.

#### CUCUMBERS—60 Days

1 oz to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre. Sow outdoor varieties early in Spring, in hotbeds, and transplant to open ground when weather is suitable. For later crop, sow seed when weather becomes settled, in hills 4 to 6 feet apart. They require a warm, rich soil, and should be watered liberally. Pkt. 10e; 1 oz. 30e;  $\frac{1}{1}$  lb. 90e.



#### NEW CUBIT CUCUMBER

Cubit. All-American Bronze Medal Winner. Cubit is a prolific white spine variety distinguished by unusual dark green exterior color. The interior crisp with small seed which makes it admirable for slicing.

CUCUMBERS-Continued on Page 6

Straight Eight. This new cucumber grows 8 inches or more and weighs over 2 pounds. Will develop straight under the most trying conditions. Medium green; attractive.

Pride of Oregon. In our opinion the best new cucumber ever introduced, compared with other extra long white spine cucumbers like Davis Perfect, Fordhook, Famous, etc. It is much darker in color, more uniform in size, thinner and more prolific. Don't fail to try it.

Boston Pickling. An early pickling or slicing variety. Fruits weigh about 1½ lbs., 6 inches long and 2½ inches in diameter.

Improved Long Green. This is a great improvement over the old strain of Long Green. The fruits are unusually handsome, being of good form and of a deep green color which is retained a considerable time after picking. 9 to 10 inches in length.

Improved White Spine. One of the best of the early White Spine strains. Excellent for home gardens, and used widely for shipping. Vigorous and productive. Fruits weigh 1¾ to 2 pounds, very dark green, uniform, nearly cylindrical.

Lemon Cucumbers. The vines produce prolifically dainty little cucumbers resembling lemons in both form and color and having a delicious and distinctive flavor.

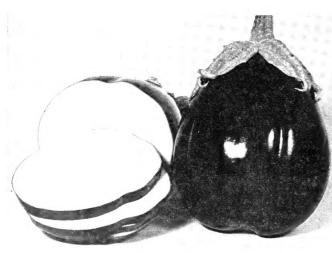
Gherkin. Of superior quality for pickles. This is the West India Gherkin, and not a true cucumber. Very prolific; fruits for pickles are produced in about 60 days. Fruits pale green; prickly over entire surface, 1½ to 2 inches long; oval; uniform; seeds numerous and small.

Telegraph or Climbing. Fine for pickling or slicing.

#### DILL

1 oz. to 100 ft., 5 lbs. per acre.

We are listing this with the cucumbers because the seeds as well as the herbage are essentials in all dill pickles. Grows  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet high. Sow thinly  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch deep in rows 18 inches apart. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c.



EGGPLANT

#### EGGPLANT—80 Days

1/8 oz. to 100 ft., 1/4 lb. per acre.

Sow in mild heat, about the middle of March, and transplant on June 1, setting the plants 2½ ft. apart. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 65c.

Black Beauty. The fruits of this variety are large and symmetrical. Retains its glossy black-purple coloring for a long time. This lasting quality makes it distinctly popular.

New York Improved. Best known variety for home and market garden. Plants spreading, spineless, bearing 4 to 8 glossy black-purple fruits which are broad, oval and very large.

#### ENDIVE—90 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 4 to 5 lbs. per acre. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c. An attractive so-called bitter salad plant, very popular for use during fall and winter months. Sow seed in June or July in rows 18 inches apart and thin out plants to stand 6 inches apart in the rows. For use the plants must be blanched and this is done by gathering leaves together and tying loosely at

Broad Leaved Batavian or Escarolle. This has broad thick leaves. It is used in the natural state as a salad or as a boiling-green to be cooked like spinach.

top with a wisp of straw or soft twine for about a week.

Green Curled. This has very curly leaves, the mid-ribs being white. After blanching the leaves make a delicious and appetizing salad.

White Curled. Very attractive; frequently does not require tying up.

#### KALE, Borecole-60 Days

1/4 oz. to 100 ft., 1 lb. per acre.

The culture is practically the same as that of late Cabbage, but as the plants will withstand several degrees of frost they can grow late into the fall. Many think Kale best after the first heavy frosts. Pkt. 10e; 1 oz. 30e; ½ lb. 90c.

Dwarf Green Curled Scotch. Plants have wide-spreading, finely curled blue green plume-like leaves. Relished as a vegetable green and useful or an ornament.

Tall Green Curled Scotch. Hardy plants with leaves deeply cut. Curled at the edges, light green in color; very tender and finely flavored after touched with frost.

# Feeding Kales—70 Days

Thousand Headed or Jersey Kale. Called Chicken or Cow Kale. Vigorous branching plants with enormous, cabbage-like leaves. Relished by poultry and livestock as winter greens. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.

# KOHLRABI-60 Days

1/2 oz. to 100 ft., 4 to 5 lbs. per acre.

The delicious flavor of this turnip-shaped bulb combines both Cabbbage and Turnip. As early in spring as possible, sow the seed in light rich soil in rows 1½ feet apart. When plants are well established, thin to 6 inches apart in the row. Fkt. 10c; 1 oz. 50c.

Early Purple Vienna. Standard early sort. Plants small; leaves dark green with profuse purple staining. Bulbs flattened globe shape, best for use when 2 to 2½ inches in diameter but become larger; exterior purple, but flesh white, mild, crisp, and tender.

Early White Vienna. For forcing. The best table sort if used when the bulbs are 2 inches in diameter. It matures very early and produces medium sized, light green bulbs with white flesh of excellent quality.

#### LEEK—115 Days

1/2 oz. to 100 ft., 4 lbs. per acre

Seed should be sown in June and the plants should stand 6 inches apart in rows 2 feet apart. As the plants attain full growth draw soil up about the stems as this not only blanches the stalk, but also gives a more tender quality. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 75c.



LEEK



LETTUCE, NEW YORK TYPE

# LETTUCE 70-80 Days

½ oz. to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre.

Lettuce is so extensively grown that cultural directions seem unnecessary, but we offer a few simple suggestions that may save a later disappointment, as any failure is generally blamed to the seed. This should not be, as lettuce, like many other vegetables, requires very rich soil, plenty of water, a cool growing season and intense culture to produce the best results. If the earliest varieties are planted out in the spring, and the weather turns dry and hot, they will run up to seed without heading. The same seed sown in the fall or with cooler growing weather would develop perfectly. Pkt. 10c: 1 oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00.

#### **Heading Varieties**

 $Imperial\ No.\ 847.\ Large\ dark\ green\ heads,\ desirable\ for\ spring,\ summer\ and\ fall\ cutting.\ Tip\ burn\ resistant.$ 

Hanson Improved. A very hardy lettuce, excellent for a summer crop as it withstands heat. Forms a large, light green head which is very hard. An excellent variety for the home gardener for it is very sweet, crisp and tender.

New York, or Wonderful. The best head lettuce for market growers. This is the mammoth head lettuce so largely grown for shipment to distant markets, arriving in splendid condition. The immense heads are solid, heavy, beautifully blanched to a creamy white with bright green outer leaves. The quality is unsurpassed, being tender, crisp, and sweet.

**Brown Dutch.** Medium size, butter head variety used for midseason. Leaves broad, thick and smooth, plain edges of dark green overlaid with red. Buttery yellow heart.

California Cream Butter. Heads are large, globular, solid, with golden yellow interior. Leaves large, thick, dark green tinged and spotted with brown. Of excellent tender quality.

Iceberg. This is a beautiful lettuce, the quality of which is simply perfect. The large, curly leaves, which cover outside of the solid heads, are of a bright, light green. The unusua solidity of the heads is insured by the large, white main ribs of the leaves, each of which, curving strongly toward the center, makes it impossible for leaves to open outward and expose the center, which will always be found crisp, tender.

Early White Cos. "Salad Romaine" or Celery Lettuce. Heads tall and circular. As a salad lettuce it is highly esteemed for its fresh crispness and mild flavor. Give each plant about 4 inches space. By drawing the outer leaves together the center will blanch to a snowy white.

Great Lakes. Iceberg type of lettuce. It stands heat and sun extremely well, and is slow in throwing its seed head. It is also resistant to tip burn. Outstanding for home gardeners.

# Loose Leaf Varieties-45 Days

Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

Early Prize. A large clustering, non-heading lettuce, excellent for the home garden and undoubtedly the most easily grown variety in cultivation. Leaves finely curled and crumpled, bright green tinged with brownish-red, very crisp, tender and sweet.

**Grand Rapids.** Very popular with private gardeners and as a lettuce for green house forcing. It will stand shipping better than most curled sorts. Of quick growth and stands for some days after being fit to cut. The plant is upright, and forms a loose head or cluster of large bright green leaves, finely crimped and ruffled; rather thin, good flavor, crisp and tender.

Simpson's Early Curled. A very extensively used early looseleaved or clustering variety. Leaves light green, slightly frilled, crisp, sweet and tender.

Black Seeded Simpson. Early. Dependable in all parts of America and widely grown in home and market gardens. Plant large, attractive, compact; broad, frilled light green leaves that are of fine crisp texture and splendid quality.

Oakleaf. This lettuce is very popular among home gardeners as it has a longer season of harvest, and stays sweet and tender long after hot summer begins.

## Feeding Lettuce

Chicken Lettuce. This is a non-heading lettuce, quite different from those used for human food. The plants grow 4 feet tall before they run to seed. It is ready for cutting in 45 days after sowing. Planted extensively for feeding poultry and rabbits. Yields more food for this purpose than any other plant you can grow. After cutting, the stumps will start again to make a new growth and within a short time you will be able to harvest another crop of tender nutritious leaves for feeding. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c.

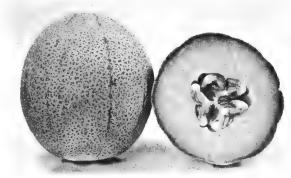
# MUSKMELON or CANTALOUPE-90 Days

 $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre.

In sections where the summers are short, seed can be planted indoors or in hot beds in small boxes. The young plants can be transferred to the garden when danger of frost is past. If practicable, spade in a liberal forkful of well rotted manure at the bottom of each hill. The rows should be at least 6 feet apart and the hills 3 feet apart in the rows. In general, the culture is the same as that for cucumber. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.

Spear Melon. Large, oblong, sparsely ribbed, creamy slate green color when ripe. Flesh is salmon colored, thick, well flavored. Matures in Willamette Valley.

Netted Gem, or Rocky Ford. An old favorite and one of the most popular and best sellers among Rocky Ford melons. Fruit of Netted Gem is oval and completely covered with a beautiful lace-like netting. Flesh is very thick light green, very sweet and delicious and of superb flavor.



MELON, HALE'S BEST

Hale's Best Muskmelon. No other large melon matures as early as Hale's Best. Even in a season remarkable for its coldness it was ripe in 86 days after planting. Melons are oval, inclined to produce some fruits of somewhat more elongated shape. Beautiful salmon flesh is exceptionally thick and sweet, practically melting in the mouth.

MELONS-Continued on Page 8

Hearts of Gold. This is the ideal melon for home garden. Is as round as a ball, heavily netted, very productive, strong growing and free from disease and the flesh is thick, tender.

Burrell Gem. Melons 6 to 7 inches long, 4½ to 5 inches in diameter, sharply sloping at the ends. They are quite well ribbed and covered with a fine gravish netting. The skin is a rich dark green, contrasting finely with the deep orangesalmon colored flesh, sweet, tender. Flesh is thick and firm, ripening close to the skin, leaving only a thin rind.

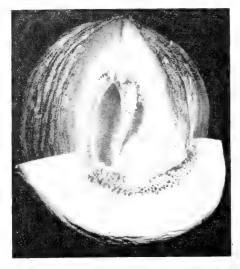
Banana Muskmelon. A long yellow-fleshed melon. A very interesting and at the same time a splendid melon. The melon is from 20 to 28 inches long and almost solid. The meat is of a rich salmon color, and has a flavor which is truly delicious.

Honey Dew (Green Flesh). A round-oblong shaped melon with almost white rind. Flesh thick light green and sweet as honey.



Casaba. Late season melon. Fruits are medium, large globe shaped, flesh white, luscious and spicy.





#### MUSTARD

 $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. to 100 ft., 4 lbs. per acre.

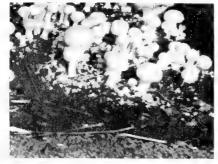
The leaves of these varieties of mustard, as listed here, make excellent greens of sharp, pungent flavor, and are cooked the same as spinach or beet leaves. Sow seed in drills early in the spring and at frequent intervals throughout the summer to secure a constant supply of fresh greens. Mustard is hardy and is easily grown. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.

Giant Southern Curled. Large variety forming a great mass of beautiful leaves, which are ruffled and finely curled on the edges. Hardy, vigorous, highly recommended.

Fordhook Fancy. Plants are of vigorous growth, and have beautiful dark green leaves which curl outward like fine ostrich plumes. It stands well, even during the hot summer months.

Mustard Spinach. A healthful and palatable green. Has a pleasant flavor, and many who do not like true spinach will relish it. Cut within a month of sowing seed.

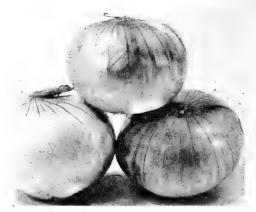




Mushrooms may be grown in any place where the conditions of temperature and moisture are favorable.

Eliminate the chief element of uncertainty in mushroom crops by using our pure culture spawn, made from the spores of pedigreed mushrooms.

Package \$1.25, plus postage.



ONIONS, YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS

#### ONIONS-100 Days

1/2 oz. for 100 ft., 3 to 4 lbs. per acre. Price: Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 75c.

Cover seed lightly. When seedlings are 3 to 4 inches tall thin out according to size of variety. Keep bed weeded and cultivate lightly during the growing season. When bulbs have reached maturity the tops will bend down and the roots must be harvested. Store in a dry, frost-proof room, where fresh air circulates freely.

Large Red Weathersfield. The standard variety of red onions. Of large size, rather flat, a heavy yielder and one of the best for keeping. Good shipper. Flesh white and fine grained. Skin a deep purplish-red, smooth and glossy.

Prize Taker. This onion has become a great favorite on account of its large size and great solidity. Perfectly globe shaped, with straw-colored skin, necks are very small and onions always ripen up hard. An excellent keeper.

**Oregon Yellow Danvers.** This variety is very extensively planted in the Northwest, particularly in Oregon. The largest onions and the best keepers. Yellow-brown skins, white flesh, mild and sweet, very pleasing flavor. Excellent shipper.

White Portugal or Silverskin. Finest flavored of all whiteskinned onions. Quite early, half globe shaped, fine cropper, very firm and an excellent keeper. Excellent for bunching green, or for pickling, if grown close so as to hold the size down. A good all-around sort.

Southport White Globe. Best of the white varieties. Bulbs round, medium sized, solid pure white, very attractive. Skin thin and delicate, flesh waxy white, fine grained and mild. Keeps well in fall storage.

Sweet Spanish. A very large, mild, yellow globe-shaped onion. One of the best for home garden; also an early market Spanish type.

Bunching Onion. Best for early small green onions.

Crystal Wax Bermuda. Medium size, pure, waxy white. One of mildest sorts grown.

Onion Sets-Multipliers-Garlic. Write for prices.

#### OKRA or GUMBO-60 Days

2 ozs. to 100 ft., 8 to 10 lbs. per acre. Prices: Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.

CULTURE—Sow when the weather is warm and settled, in drills 1 inch deep and 3 feet apart; thin to 12 inches.

Improved Dwarf Green. Very early, with long, green slender pods.

White Velvet. The large pods are smooth or very slightly ribbed, remain tender a long time.

Mammoth Long Green Podded (Perkins). A very large plant growing 3 to 4 feet high in some areas, and covered with dark green pods frequently 7 to 8 inches long, ribbed and tapered.

# BRAEGER'S OREGON BEAUTY PEAS

# FOR THE HOME GARDEN

1 lb. to 100 ft., 56 lbs. per acre.

Garden peas are one of the most important crops and we have spared no effort to select and improve the best strains of the most profitable and satisfactory varieties. These selected strains will give you the biggest yield and the handsomest, sweetest, best flavored peas for early market or home garden. The varieties offered have proved by growing tests to be the best of their kind and class. Selected hand-picked. Pkt. 10c; ½ lb. 20c; 1 lb. 35c. Postpaid 40c.

#### **Tall Varieties**

The following sorts need support of some kind.

Alderman. A pea similar to Telephone, but more prolific. Vine is extra vigorous and pods are dark green and always well filled with fine, large peas. Very finest and best pea of this class. 60 in. 74 days.

**Gradus.** This early, wrinkled pea bears pods of large size and combines quality with earliness. It is very hardy, can be planted fully as early as the smooth peas, growth vigorous and healthy, very prolific. 36 in. 60 days.

Telephone (tall). Our western-grown selection of this popular favorite and standard market variety is immensely productive, extra large pods being filled with peas of finest quality.

Freezonian. An excellent variety for freezing and general home use. Pods are about  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches in length, dark green and blunt. Vine is about 30 inches in height, and wilt resistant. Extra early. 63 days.

#### Low Growing Varieties



# Braegers OREGON BEAUTY

An early dwarf wrinkled pea of superior merit. The vines are rugged and productive. Pods about 4 to 5 inches long, and filled with large, tender peas of delicious flavor. Grows to a height of about 15 to 18 inches. Especially recommended for the home garden and market gardener, 18 in. 64 days.

Inocluate Ali Legume Seed



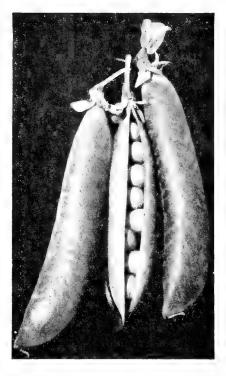
Early Giant. An early bush pea, with exceptionally large, dark, pointed pods measuring  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 inches in length. Excellent for home gardens, market gardens and shipping. Heavy bearer. 66 days.

Alaska or Earliest of All. A smooth, blue pea, of even. vigorous growth and extra early maturity. Vines 2 to 3 feet high, unbranched bearing 4 to 7 long pods, which are filled with medium-sized, bright green peas of excellent flavor. A great favorite with our market gardeners for fall or early spring planting. 28 in. 57 days.

Little Marvel. Splendid new dwarf pea for home or market. The dwarf, bushy vines are loaded with firm square-ended pods 2½ to 3 inches long, tightly filled with plump, luscious, deep green peas. 18 in. 64 days.

**Laxton's Progress.** One of the most desirable early peas. Large pods containing 7 to 9 large deep green peas. Suitable for market gardeners or home gardens. 16 in. 62 days.

Blue Bantam. Produces freely the bluish-green pods. The pointed pods run 4 to 4½ inches long and are always well filled with 8 to 10 large peas of finest flavor. 18 in. 63 days.



Hundred Fold. Similar to Laxtonian and Blue Bantam, with darker vines and pods, has become very popular with the market gardeners. It is an ideal pea for those who wish large pods, and we consider it one of the best. Vines grow 18 inches. 63 days.

Dwarf Gray Sugar Peas. Edible podded. Sweet and tender, fine flavor, very prolific. Prepared and cooked like snap beans.

All Pea seed is treated with SPERGON

as a prevention against decay

For the first crop, round-seeded peas should be sown in the open ground as soon as it is fit to be worked; wrinkled varieties should be planted 2 to 3 weeks later. Frequent planting for succession, and a careful selection of varieties, will give an almost continuous crop of peas from June until frost. Sow peas in rows 3 feet apart and 3 inches deep.

#### PARSLEY—70 Days

 $\frac{1}{2}$  oz. to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre.

Parsley seed is even slower than parsnip in germinating It grows best in rich mellow soil and should be sown as early as possible in spring in rows 1 to 2 feet apart with a covering of not more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch of soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are well up, thin them 8 to 12 inches apart in the row. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 20c;  $\frac{1}{4}$  lb. 60c.

Extra Triple Curled (Moss Curled). This vigorous compact grower is one of the most popular varieties because of its deep green color and tightly curled leaves that look like moss. It is unusually decorative for table use.

Plain. Largely used for flavoring, leaves dark green. flat. deeply cut but not curled.

Hamburg, Thick Rooted. The root of this variety is edible and resembles a slender parsnip in color and shape. The flesh is white, dry, and similar to celeriac in flavor. It is used for flavoring soups and stews. The roots may be stored in sand for winter use.



PARSNIPS

# PARSNIP-100 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre

Sow the seed as soon as season will permit, in drills about 2 feet apart, and thin plants out to 1 foot apart in the row. The ground should be deeply trenched and well manured. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c;  $\frac{1}{2}$  lb. 75c.

Hollow Crown, Thick Shoulder. This is the best and most popular variety in cultivation. The skin is smooth and white, while the flesh is tender. The roots grow 18 to 20 inches in length, but the first 8 inches from the top is the best part.

Guernsey. Attractive medium-long roots with a broad shoulder gradually tapering downward. The skin is light in color and quite smooth. The flesh is fine grained, tender and sweet. A productive variety, considered the best for table use.

#### PEPPER-75 Days

 $\frac{1}{8}$  oz. to 100 ft., 2 oz. per acre.

Culture and soil and temperature requirements are about the same as for eggplant. A moderate dressing of guano, poultry manure, or complete commercial fertilizer, hoed into the soil after the plants are 6 to 8 inches tall, will be very beneficial. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 75c.



PEPPER, OREGON SWEET WONDER

**Oregon Sweet Wonder.** Fruits are dark green, smooth in surface, square in cross section and very large, usually about 4 inches across and 4% to 5 inches in length.

4 inches across and 4½ to 5 inches in length.

In addition to the striking outward appearance, it has the thickest flesh of any pepper in cultivation. The flesh is usually ¼-inch thick and a thickness of %-inch is common. It is about in season with other large fruited sorts, but produces marketable sized green peppers nearly as early as the earliest varieties. This will be found a very desirable sort for the home garden and an exceptionally profitable one for commercial growers.

Long Red Cayenne. This well known, medium early pepper is especially good for drying purposes. The fruit is 4 inches long and 1 inch thick, twisted and pointed. It is deep green when young and bright red when ripe. The flesh is strong and pungent.

Perfection Pimiento. A splendid canning variety, adapted to home and market garden culture. Plants large, erect, prolific. Fruits heart shaped, very smooth; flesh exceeptionally thick, sweet and mild.

Chinese Giant. Fruits are often 6 inches across and  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 inches deep. The flesh is moderately thick and very mild. The fruits are rich bright green when young, and bright cherry red at maturity.

Small Red Chili. Plant of low spreading growth, 18 inches tall, very productive. Fruits, erect, conical extremely pungent; color light to medium green, changing to deep red. Used in making pepper sauce.  $80~{\rm days}$ .

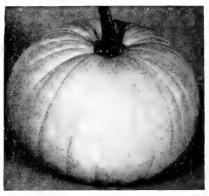
Anaheim Chili. An all purpose hot variety planted mainly for chili powder. Long, smooth, tapering, deep green fruit, changing to bright scarlet at maturity. 80 days.

#### PUMPKIN—115 Days

2 ozs. to 100 ft., 4 lbs. per acre.

Pumpkins are typically American, and pumpkin pie is one of our truly American dishes. They are less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil and weather than melons or cucumbers, but they are cultivated in about the same way. Pkt. 10c: 1 oz. 25c: ½ lb. 75c.

Large Yellow or Connecticut Field. This sort is grown largely in the corn field for stock, but the flesh is moderately fine grained, highly flavored, and very good for pies. The fruits weigh about 20 pounds and are a rich, deep orange yellow color.



PIE PUMPKIN

Sweet Sugar or Pie. A small handsome variety, and very popular. Skin is a deep orange yellow. Flesh fine grained and sweet in taste. Famous as a pie pumpkin. It sells better on our local market than any other variety.

Winter Luxury. This variety is very popular for the home garden. The fruit matures in 75 to 80 days, weighs 8½ pounds, and is nearly round. The skin is light yellow with a russet tinge and finely netted, the flesh is rich creamy yellow, very thick, sweet, and finely flavored.

King of the Mammoths. The largest of all pumpkins. Valuable for stock feeding and exhibition purposes. Frequently weighs 60 to 90 pounds. Light yellow and orange. Solid flesh.

### RADISH—25 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 10 lbs. per acre.

For an early crop, sow in hotbed in January, February and March. As soon as ground is fit o be worked, sow seed in the open, in rows 1 foot apart. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 20c; ½ lb. 60c.

Sparkler. Early and sweet, appearing half red and half white, making it an attractive radish. Market gardener's favorite.

Early Scarlet Turnip—White Tip. This variety grows very quickly and is ready for picking in 25 to 30 days. Scarlet in color, turnip shaped, very crisp and of excellent flavor. One of the best varieties for the home gardener.

French Breakfast. A splendid variety for home use: oblong bright scarlet, white tip. Grows about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches long and  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch thick.

Long White Icicle. Long slender roots which remain tender and crisp until grown. Matures early; has small top which permits close planting.

Long Scarlet. Similar to White Icicle.

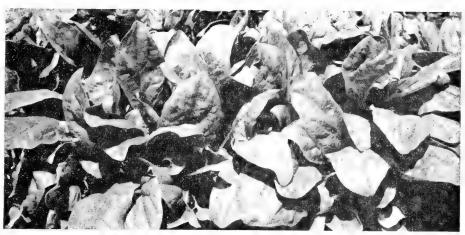
Crimson Giant. A favorite for home gardeners. Roots large globular, 1 to 1½ inches in diameter. Deep crimson, Very firm flesh which holds well.

Round Scarlet Turnip. An early variety with small top. Well adapted to field culture and to forcing. Roots round with small tap root. 1 inch in diameter, flesh pinkish white. Crisp and tender.

 $\bf Vick's \ Scarlet \ Globe.$  Very early, crisp, mild and tender. Bright scarlet color. Ready to eat in 25 days.



RADISH, FRENCH BREAKFAST



SPINACH, NEW GIANT SMOOTHLEAF

#### Fall and Winter Sorts

The merits of winter radishes are little appreciated. These grow to large size and keep well for winter and spring use. Sow seed in July and August. Early planting is not advisable.

**Black Spanish Long.** A hardy, large, rather pungent variety for winter use. Keeps unusually well; is 8 to 9 inches long and 2 inches thick, slightly tapered. The skin is black and the flesh white and crisp.

**Black Spanish Round.** The short, round type of winter radish. Is about 4 inches in diameter, its color and other characteristics being the same as the Black Spanish Long.

China Rose Winter. A large rose colored variety from the Orient. Hardy and rather mild. The flesh is white, and very crisp. This variety is broadest at its base and is 4 to 5 inches long.

White Chinese. A white winter radish of immense size.

# RUTABAGA, Swedish Turnip-90 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 3 lbs. per acre.

The culture is the same as for common turnip, but if anything, less exacting in care.

Improved American Purple Top. The old, popular standard sort both for stock feeding and table use. Flesh yellow, solid and sweet. Is globe shaped, of large size, of fine quality and an excellent keeper. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c.



RADISH, SCARLET GLOBE

# SALSIFY, Vegetable Oyster

1 oz. to 100 ft., 8 lbs. per acre.

The roots of this vegetable are appetizing and nutritious, and the flavor is like that of oysters. Salsify succeeds best in a light, well enriched soil, which should be stirred to a good depth. Coarse and fresh manure should be avoided, as it will cause the roots to become irregular and branched. Sow early and quite deep, giving the general culture recommended for parsnip.



#### SPINACH-40 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 8 lbs. per acre.

Sow in rows 16 to 20 inches apart and thin to 6 inches apart in the row when leaves are an inch wide. In the North, seed can be planted as soon as the ground can be prepared. In the South. Spinach will Winter over with little or no protection. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 20c; ¼ lbs. 60c.

Improved Thick Leaf. The seed of this thick leaved variety produces the largest Spinach. They grow rapidly and remain in good condition a long time. The medium green leaves are large, rounded, slightly crumpled, succulent, and tender. It is an excellent home garden Spinach.

New Giant Smooth Leaf. The largest and the most productive of any sort we have tried. Plants 20 inches across are not uncommon on good soil. The leaves are simply immense, of deep green, very heavy, brittle and tender. It is very slow to seed and is especially valuable for spring, summer and fall cutting.

New Zealand. Although not a true Spinach, the leaves look like Spinach and are very useful as greens. On soil too poor to grow Spinach successfully, the plants thrive and produce groups of small fleshy leaves that are tender and delicious when cooked. Each branch of the plant produces others, so that it goes on providing a continuous supply of greens throughout the summer.

Tampala. Delicious green vegetable, so different in flavor to other vegetables used as "greens" that it is difficult to compare it to any of them. It does well in hot weather and will keep on producing all summer. Pkt. 10c.

## SQUASH

Summer, 2 oz. to 100 ft., 4 lbs. per acre. Winter, 1 oz. to 100 ft., 2 lbs. per acre.

CULTURE—Squash plants are very tender and sensitive to cold, and planting must be delayed until warm weather. The general methods of culture are the same as those given for cucumbers and melons, but squash is less particular as to soil. The summer varieties should be planted 4 to 6 feet apart each way, and winter sort 8 to 10. Three plants are sufficient for a hill. In gathering the winter sorts care should be taken not to bruise or break the stem from the squash as the slightest injury will increase the liability to decay. Ikt. 10c; 1 oz. 25c; ½ lb. 75c.

# Summer Varieties—55 Days

Table Queen or Danish. In size, Table Queen equals a fair sized husked cocoanut, and a half, baked, serves one person amply. This avoids the waste often resulting from the use of larger varieties. The shell is unusually thin and it does not require over 20 minutes for baking or boiling. A good way to prepare it is to cut in half, place a lump of butter on one half, top with the other and then bake whole. This squash is ready before the Hubbards and yet stores equally well. The color is dark green.

Butternut. Fruits 10 to 12 inches long with neck of about 4-inch diameter which is solid flesh; the small seed cavity is located in the lower bowl-shaped end. Skin light creamy brown; flesh yellow, fine grained and of excellent quality. Matures early and is a good keeper.

Giant Summer Crookneck. Our strain of this popular squash produces fruit nearly double the size of the old standard "Crookneck." The plants are healthy, husky and compact; they produce in quantity fruit that is heavily warted and true to type. The flesh is a rich golden yellow.

Giant Straightneck. Similar to Crookneck, but long.

Zucchini or Italian. The favorite Italian squash. It should be eaten when quite young, 4 to 6 inches long. It is a delicious summer variety; do not hesitate to plant it. It is very prolific.

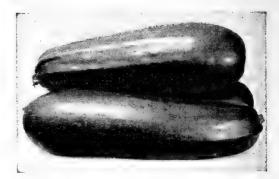
Black Zucchini, Newer Italian squash. Wonderful flavor. Long greenish black. Flesh white.

Vegetable Marrow. White, tender flesh used for baking and frying. Distinctive flavor. Bush or vine.

Delicata. Small fruited variety, suitable for both summer and winter use, flesh thick and solid, very rich flavor.

Golden Table Queen (New). Similar to regular Table Queen, except a beautiful golden yellow color. Has clear yellow flesh, which is sweet and fine grained.

White Bush Scallops. The best summer sort for the home garden or market; very productive and of good size.



SQUASH, DARK GREEN ZUCCHINI

Green Tinted Bush Scallop. Plants large and prolific. Fruits uniform in scalloping and in the shade of pale green.

Caserta. 1949 Gold Medal winner. Very prolific; extra early. Erect plants without runners. Excellent flavor and texture. Fruit is dark glossy green with lighter stripes. Cylindr.cal in shape.

Marblehead. Large slate colored variety of fine quality. It produces heavy yields of thick meated squash. Popular shipping variety.

Blue Hubbard. The fruits are an attractive blue-gray color, larger than the True Hubbard. The shell is rough and very hard, so keeping qualities are good. Flesh is br.ght yellow-orange, fine grained, dry and exceptionally sweet. Squashes grow 15 to 18 inches long and 9 to 12 inches across; average weight, 15 lbs. each.

Banana Squash. Grows from 1 to 2 feet in length. Flesh firm and solid, of beautiful orange-yellow, and excellent quality. Rind or shell smooth and grayish-green color. Resists heat of the sun better than the Hubbard and is a good keeper.

Golden Hubbard. The same in size, shape and quality as the well known Hubbard Squash, except that it is bright red or golden color, and somewhat earlier. Good keeper.

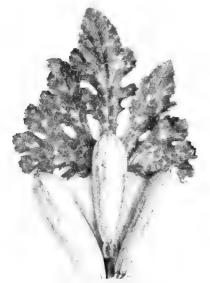
Boston Marrow. Skin yellowish, very thin; flesh dry and fine grained; of unsurpassed flavor.

Green Delicious—For quality. A squash of exceptional merit for table use. A fall and winter variety, but is fine in all seasons, though its best quality is not attained until winter. The fruit varies in shape and size, weight ranging from 5 to 10 pounds each. The rind is very thin, uniformly green, and the flesh is very thick and dark orange color.

Golden Delicious. Similar to above, but a deep golden color.

#### **VEGETABLE SPAGHETTI**

A most unusual viny squash with creamy white fruits, 8 inches long and 4 to 5 inches in diameter. To prepare: When matured, boil whole 30 minutes. Cut open, remove the center seed core and season the flesh, that appears as spaghetti, with salt and butter. Mild, delicious flavor, Keeps well. Pkt. 10c.



CASERTA SQUASH



SQUASH, IMPROVED HUBBARD



BANANA SQUASH



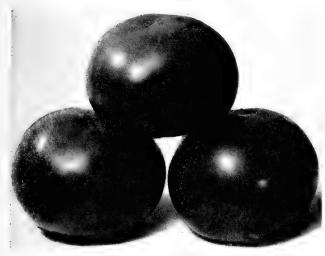
SQUASH, STRAIGHT NECK

# TOMATO-70 to 100 Days

1/8 oz. to 100 ft., 2 oz. per acre.

Culture. Sow early in hotbeds, and as soon as they have four leaves transplant into shallow boxes. Harden off, and set out as soon as danger of frost is past. An ounce of seed will produce 3000 to 4000 plants. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 75c.

# GROW BRAEGER'S OREGON SPECIAL



TOMATO, BRAEGER'S OREGON SPECIAL

Oregon Special. Our special strain of this first early tomato is not only earlier than the ordinary Earliana, but the fruit is perfectly smooth, very solid and ripens bright deep scarlet right up to the stem. The vines are vigorous growing and very productive. Growers find its extra early fruit brings very good prices on tile market

Bonny Best. Has given splendid results wherever tried and being early, hardy, very productive, recommended for outside planting wherever tomatoes can be grown. A good forcing variety. Fruit smooth, round, slightly flattened, solid, a bright scarlet. Quality excellent.

**Break O'Day.** A new tomato developed by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Its main feature is its earliness, for it is as early as Earliana and earlier than Bonny Best. It resembles Marglobe as to shape, its color not quite as good as Marglobe, nor will it stand hot burning weather as well as some varieties. Said to be the sweetest tomato.

**Dwarf Champion or Tree.** A dwarf variety, growing like a tree, that bears smooth deep colored fruit. Vine grows strong and stiff.

Golden Jubilee Tomato. All America Bronze Medal Winner. A new orange-yellow tomato which compares favorably with the best of the standard red varieties in shape, smoothness, quality and solidity. Fruits are bright golden orange, globular, average weight, 6 ozs.; the orange colored interior is modern, thick-walled, with few seeds. Very high in Vitamins A and C. Pkt. 15c.

Marglobe Tomato. This new rust resisting variety developed by the United States Department of Agriculture is spoken of throughout the country as the finest tomato ever introduced, being particularly desirable in sections subject to tomato diseases. A scarlet variety ripening well up to the stem, of perfect globe shape and splendid quality. The vines are strong and vigorous and very productive.

**Ponderosa or Beefsteak.** Mammoth fruits of deep red. Very heavy bearing variety. Very popular with home gardeners. Often called "the largest of the red tomatoes."

Prichard (Scarlet Topper). Wilt resistant, of the type of plant known as self-topping or self-pruning. Mid-season to late and a heavy cropper. Fruits globe-shaped, deep scarlet, smooth and solid. A good home and market variety and very popular for shipping.

Spark's Earliana. One of the earliest tomatoes. Large, uniform size and beautiful red color. Ripens thoroughly all over, the stem and coloring up perfectly. Almost seedless and solid. A vigorous grower, heavy bearer, continuing until frost. Succeeds everywhere, and especially recommended for this Coast.

Stokesdale. A second early scarlet fruited variety maturing about a week earlier than Marglobe. Plant rather open in habit with medium heavy foliage. Fruits large, globe or subglobe, smooth and well colored. Recommended for both canners and shippers, particularly where length of growing season is less than average.

Victor. A first early, heavy cropping tomato. Tomatoes are scarlet, uniformly colored, semi-globular, fairly smooth. Plants are small, short, and may be set as close as two feet apart in row. Not suited to pruning and staking.

Yellow Ponderosa. Similar to Beefsteak, but of a yellow color.

#### Small Fruited Varieties

Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 75c.

**Ground Cherry or Husk Tomato.** Grows to great perfection under ordinary culture, yielding abundantly; very much prized for preserving; should be in every garden.

Red Cherry. Differs from Yellow Cherry in color.

Red Pear. Used for preserving and to make "tomato figs."

Red Plum. Differs from Yellow Cherry in color only

Yellow Cherry. Fruit small, about % inch in diameter. and perfectly round and smooth. Fine for preserves and pickles.

Yellow Pear. Pear-shaped fruits of deep, clear yellow color.

Yellow Plum. Fruits plum shaped, clear yellow color. Used for preserves.



YELLOW PEAR TOMATOES

#### GARDEN HUCKLEBERRY

This is a novelty, well described by the above name, which bears racemes or bunches of black berries, tomato-shaped, ½ to ¾ inch in diameter, which make excellent pies and preserves. The bushes are about 3 feet tall. Cultivation is the same as with the tomato, of which this plant is a distant cousin.

Pkt. 10e; ½ oz. 40e; 1 oz. 75e.

# TURNIPS

1 oz. to 100 ft., 2-3 lbs. to acre.

Culture. For early use sow the small sorts as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring, in drills 14 inches apart. As the seed is very fine, it should be covered but slightly, except in very dry weather. For fall and winter use, sow early kinds during July, August and September. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c.

#### Early Garden Turnips-40-60 Days

Early Purple Top Milan. This variety is ready for table sooner after planting than any other yet introduced. Top small, erect, strap-leaved, bulb a deep purple above, white underneath. flesh white, firm and delicate.

Early White Milan. Same as Purple Top Milan, but pure white, sweet and tender, best early market variety.

Golden Ball. Undoubtedly one of the most delicate and sweetest yellow fleshed turnips yet introduced. Not of large size, but firm, hard and most excellent flavor. Keeps well.

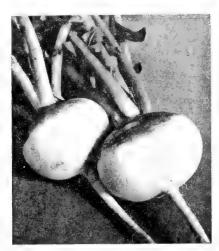
TURNIPS-Continued on page 4

Pomeranian White Globe. One of the most productive kinds, and in good, rich soil, roots will frequently grow extremely large. It is of perfect globe shape, skin white and smooth, leaves of dark green and of strong growth.

Purple Top White Globe. A large, globe-shaped variety; purple above ground. It is handsome and of excellent quality, recommended both for family and garden and field crop.

Seven Top. A very hardy sort, grown principally for greens. The young shoots are very tender, roots tough and unsuitable for food.

Snowball. An extra early, round turnip, snow white, crisp and solid.



TURNIP, PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE

# Stock Turnips—80 Days

Cowhorn. Sometimes called long white. Slightly crooked. Pure white except a little shade of green at the top. Grows half out of the ground and is of very rapid growth. Is delicate and well flavored. Has proved itself one of the best stock turnips.

Yellow Aberdeen. Round, medium size, light yellow. Produces a large crop, is hardy and keeps well, flesh very firm but tender and sweet. A great favorite with the dairymen.

# WATERMELONS—90 Days

1 oz. to 100 ft., 3/4 lb. per Acre.

Culture. Watermelons thrive best on light, well-drained soils, but give good results on any good rich garden soil properly drained and cultivated. Plant after weather is settled and ground warm. Hills 8 feet apart each way, well-rotted manure worked into each hill. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.



NEW KLONDIKE WATERMELON

Klondike. New; wilt resistant. For genuine merit the Klondike is surpassed by no other melon. The seeds are quite small, the color brown mottled black, while the flesh is a distinctive shade of red. The rind is dark green, and although thin, it is still a good shipper because it does not wilt. The shape is long and the average weight 20 pounds. The seed being so small one pound contains as many as two pounds of most other varieties.

Halbert Honey. An early maturing variety suited to the Northern states; vigorous and very productive. Melons 18 to 20 inches long. Skin dark, glossy green; flesh beautiful crimson, tender, sweet and delicious.

Cole's Early. The Northern states' favorite. As an early melon it is the standard of high quality; in sugary delicious crispness, flavor and melting tenderness; it is the top-notcher. It is oblong shaped, about 20 inches long, 12 inches through.

Kleckley Sweet. It is, without question, the most desirable variety to plant for home use or near-by markets. The fruits are very attractive, oblong in form, and have a glossy dark green skin. The rind is unusually thin, with the flesh ripening close to it. The color of the flesh is a beautiful bright scarlet. The heart is broad and remarkably solid. The white seeds are placed close to the rind. The melons average 18 to 20 inches in length by 10 to 12 inches in diameter.

"King and Queen." Winter Watermelon. Spherical shape, ivory shell, pink center, seeds black. A luscious, valuable winter melon, hardy, a good drought-resister. Ripens every melon in less than 120 days. Keeps for ninety days if not bruised. Shell very hardy and melon ripens to within ½ inch of it.

Black-Seeded Ice Cream Watermelon. Grown extensively in Wenatchee and Yakima sections of Washington. A splendid shipping melon, does exceptionally well in any soil which grows melons. Almost round, pink meated, black seeded, a fine keeper. Drought-resistant, ripens early.

White Seeded Ice Cream. Fruits almost round, rind thin, medium green. Flesh pink, sweet. Matures early. A fine keeper.

Citron. Green seeded. Used only for preserving, extremely productive. Fruits round, flesh white and solid.

# HERBS, Sweet Pot and Medicinal

Pkt. 10c; 3 for 25c.

Anise. Annual herb. Seeds used in flavoring. About 2 feet tall with finely cut leaves and yellowish-white flowers.

Balm. Perennial of the Mint family. Broad leaves on 2-foot bushy plants with white flowers. Its lemon-scented leaves are used in seasoning.

Basil, Sweet. Fragrant annual 12 inches long. Leaves used in seasoning.

Borage. An annual about 2 feet tall, Attractive blue flowers used for garnishteleaves for flavoring.

Caraway. Seed used in flavoring. Produces carrot-like clumps the first year, and seed the second year on 12-24 inch stems.

Catnip. Grey-green foliage-plant growing to 2-3 feet. The young leaves and shoots are used for seasoning, the dried leaves for tea.

Chives. A perennial of the onion family of 12-inch growth. The hollow, round leaves are cut and used in salads and for flavoring.

Cress, Water. Thrives in standing or slowly moving water. Leaves are sharply flavored and used in salads or as garnish.

Broadleaved Cress. A wide leaved form of the pepper grass; used also as a garnish or salad green.

Pepper Grass, Curled, crisp, dark green leaves used as sharp flavored salad greens or garnish.

Lavender. Foliage and lavender flower spikes are fragrant in the garden or dried for use as sachet fillers. Marjoram, Sweet. Leaves are used for their flavor with leafy vegetables like spinach.

Parsley. Leaf used as garnish. The 6-8 inch plant, of deep green, makes a lovely edging.

Rosemary. Sage green foliage and inconspicuous lavender-blue flowers make a lovely border. The leaves add a delectable flavor to cookery.

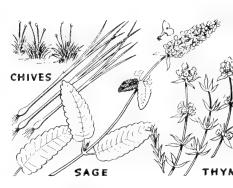
Rue. Primarily a medicinal herb with a peculiar odor and an acid flavor. A bushy perennial.

Sage, Broadleaf. The most commonly known herb used for seasoning. Flowers lavender-blue. A lovely border plant.

Savory, Summer. Strongly aromatic and used in seasoning.

**Thyme.** A strong but agreeable odor. The fine flavor is considered an essential to many special dishes, but adds spice to all foods.

Chervil. Bright green leaves, which are pungently aromatic and used both as garnish and as flavoring.



# VEGETABLE SEED PLANTING CHART

	Time to Plant	Distance for Plants		SEED REQUIRED		
KIND OF SEED	Outdoors	Bet. Rows In the Row			Acre	Ready to Use
ASPARAGUS	Feb. to April	5 to 6 ft.	18 to 24 in.	1 oz. to 40 ft.	2 to 3 lbs.	2nd Spring
BEANS, Bush	Apr., May & June	2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	1 lb. to 250 ft.	90 to 100 lbs.	40 to 65 days
BEANS, Pole	Apr., May & June	4 ft.	2½ to 3 ft.	1 lb, to 125 hills	30 to 40 lbs.	70 to 90 days
BEANS, Lima	May and June	2 to 4 ft.	10 to 36 in.	1 oz. to 80 hilis	50 to 60 lbs.	90 to 130 days
BEETS, Table	March to July	14 to 20 in.	2 to 4 in.	1 oz. to 100 ft,	10 to 15 lbs.	45 to 60 days
BROCCOLI*	June to August	24 to 30 in.	14 to 18 in.	1 oz. to 1500 plants	6 to 8 oz.	75 to 150 days
BRUSSEL SPROUTS*	June to August	30 to 36 in.	18 to 24 in.	1 oz. to 2000 plants	6 to 7 oz.	100 to 120 days
CABBAGE, Early*	Feb. to April	30 to 36 in.		1 oz. to 2000 plants	6 to 8 oz.	90 to 110 days
CABBAGE, Late*	May and June	36 to 42 in.		1 oz. to 2000 plants	6 to 7 oz.	110 to 120 days
CARROTS	April to July	12 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 250 ft.	3 to 4 lbs.	55 to 80 days
CAULIFLOWER	March to June	3 to 4 ft.		1 oz. to 1500 plants	6 to 7 oz.	60 to 90 days
CELERY*	April to July	18 to 36 in.		1 oz. to 8000 plants	4 to 5 oz.	120 to 150 days
CHICORY	Mar. to May, Sept.	16 to 20 in.		1 oz. to 200 ft.	3 to 4 lbs.	90 to 120 days
CHIVES	April and May	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 200 ft.	4 to 5 lbs.	125 to 150 days
SWEET CORN	April to June	36 to 42 in.		1 lb. to 100 hills	12 to 15 lbs.	70 to 90 days
CRESS	Feb. to May, Sept.	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 250 ft.	3 to 4 lbs.	45 to 60 days
CUCUMBER	April to July	4 to 6 ft.		1 oz. to 100 hills	2 to 3 lbs.	50 to 75 days
EGG PLANT*	April to May	24 to 30 in.		1 oz. to 1500 plants	4 to 5 oz.	70 to 90 days
ENDIVE	May and June	18 to 20 in.		1 oz. to 300 ft.	3 to 4 lbs.	90 to 100 days
HERBS, Annual	March and April	20 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 200 to 600 ft.	3 to 10 lbs.	125 to 150 days
HERBS, Perennial	April to June	20 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 200 to 600 ft.	3 to 10 lbs.	Next Season
KALE*	June to August	18 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 2000 plants	6 to 8 oz.	55 to 60 days
KOHL RABI	March to May	16 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 300 ft.	3 to 4 lbs.	50 to 70 days
LEEK	May to June	14 to 20 in.		1 oz. to 150 ft.	4 to 5 lbs.	120 to 150 days
LETTUCE, Leaf	March to Sept.	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 600 ft.	4 to 5 lbs.	40 to 70 days
LETTUCE, Head	Feb. to August	12 to 16 in.	12 to 14 in.	1 oz. to 3000 plants	1 to 1½ lbs.	70 to 90 days
MUSKMELON	April to June	6 to 8 ft.		1 oz. to 40 hills	3 to 5 lbs.	90 to 150 days
		8 to 12 ft.		1 oz. to 25 hills	4 to 6 lbs.	100 to 160 days
WATERMELONS	May and June			1 oz. to 600 ft.	4 to 5 lbs.	60 to 90 days
MUSTARD	Mar. to May, Sept.	12 to 18 in.			5 to 6 lbs.	70 to 90 days
OKRA*	April and May	2½ to 3 ft.		1 oz. to 250 plants	4 to 5 lbs.	125 to 150 days
ONION, Seed	April and May	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 200 ft.		50 to 70 days
ONION, Sets	October to May	12 to 18 in.		1 lb. to 50 ft.	2 to 3 sacks 3 to 4 lbs.	65 to 90 days
PARSLEY	Mar. to May, Sept.	18 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 250 ft.		130 to 145 days
PARSNIP	April to June	15 to 20 in.		1 oz. to 300 ft.	4 to 6 lbs.	60 to 90 days
PEAS, Dwarf	Nov. & Feb. to June	18 to 24 in.		1 lb. to 120 ft.	150 to 175 lbs.	60 to 90 days
PEAS, Tall	Nov. & Feb. to June	4 to 6 ft.		1 lb. to 120 ft.	100 to 125 lbs.	
PEPPER*	May and June	18 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 1500 plants	3 to 4 oz.	70 to 90 days 90 to 150 days
POTATOES, Irish	March to June	"4 to 36 in.		1 lb. to 15 ft.	7 to 9 sacks	
PUMPKIN	May to July	8 to 12 ft.		1 oz. to 30 hills	4 to 5 lbs.	75 to 115 days
RADISH	Feb. to Sept.	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 100 ft.	8 to 10 lbs.	20 to 75 days
RHUBARB, from Seed	March to June	30 to 36 in.		1 oz. to 250 ft.	_ 6 to 8 oz	3rd year
RUTABAGA	May to June	18 to 24 in.	6 to 8 in.	1 oz. to 400 ft.	2 to 3 lbs.	90 to 120 days
SALSIFY	March to May	18 to 24 in.		1 oz. to 120 ft.	S to 10 lbs.	120 to 150 days
SPINACH	Feb. to May, Sept.	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 100 ft.	10 to 12 lbs.	45 to 60 days
SQUASH, Bush	April to June	3 to 4 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	1 oz. to 30 hills	4 to 6 lbs.	65 to 70 days
SQUASH, Winter	May to July	10 to 12 ft.	8 to 10 ft.	1 oz. to 15 hills	3 to 4 lbs.	120 to 140 days
SWISS CHARD	March to July	12 to 18 in.		1 oz. to 150 ft.	6 to 8 lbs.	45 to 60 days
TOMATO*	April to June	3 to 4 ft.	2 to 3 ft.	1 oz. to 3000 plants	3 to 4 oz.	70 to 100 days
TURNIP	March to August	12 to 15 in.	3 to 4 in.	1 oz. to 400 ft.	2 to 4 lbs.	45 to 90 days

<sup>\*</sup>Planting dates shown for crops marked "\*" are intended to be for setting plants into the garden. Seeds should be sown 40 to 60 days earlier, indoors or under glass.

Seed should be covered from three to five times its diameter. Press soil down firmly. Keep moist continuously.

Seed should be covered from three to five times its diameter. Press soil down firmly. Keep moist continuously. The above chart gives distance between rows for hand cultivation; where horse or tractor is used the rows should be farther apart.

# BRAEGER'S FLOWER SEEDS

# Read This Carefully:

Flowers, too, respond to some elementary facts of life which no successful gardener can neglect. But to have a beautiful and pleasing year-round flower garden is not difficult, if you follow the few but important hints which we give here on this page and throughout our catalog.

We have marked each flower for you with the following symbols:

# A—Annual, P—Perennial, F—Cut flower variety. RA—Rock Plant Annual, RP—Rock Plant Perennial.

There are two ways of starting flowers generally used: (1) planting directly and where they are to grow, or (2) starting in a flat or shallow box and transplating where they are to grow and flower.

Method 1. The soil should be loamy with well pulverized surface for best results. With heavy soil inclined to cake and crack, it is usually best to grow plants in a prepared seed bed and transplant to the permanent place. (See Method No. 2.) Liberal applications of peat moss are the best remedy for hard packed soil. Try some. Spade the soil where seeds are to be sown, several inches deep. Rake smooth. Broadcast small seeds and cover them lightly two or three times their diameter. Very small seeds may be merely pressed in. Larger seeds may be planted singly, well covered but more thickly than plants

are wanted. Firm the soil well over the seed. Watering now becomes of great importance. At no time should the soil be allowed to become hard and dry, yet excessive watering may cause the seeds to rot or cause "damping off." When the plants appear, thin them out, allowing each to grow singly, without crowding. The distance between them is governed by their ultimate size and spread. Excess plants may be moved to a new location.

Method 2. This method may be followed where there is a window facing south, enjoying sunlight most of the day. Use a standard florists' pot or pan (shallow pot) or a "flat" which is a shallow box, with holes bored in the bottom for drainage. Cover the drainage holes in pot or box with broken pottery; fill with potting soil. This is a mixture of half sand, and half black loam. It may be obtained from florists. Firm the soil and sow the seeds in rows, marking each row to identify the sowing. Water by setting the box or pot in water, so that it soaks up from below, or use a fine spray which does not wash the soil. Place in a dark place, covered with a wet newspaper blanket until the seeds sprout. As soon as sprouts appear bring into full light. Cover the box or pot with glass to check evaporation, but when moisture collects on glass wipe it off, and prop up one end of the glass to allow air to circulate during the sunny part of the day. A temperature not below 50 degrees at night, or 75 degrees by day, is best. Do not allow the soil to dry out. When the seedlings have made true leaves (the second set) they should be transplanted to other flats, giving at least two inches of space apart; or they may be moved to small pots, or to an outdoor seed bed, or border.

Perennial Flowers, there are exceptions of course, can be planted in the spring or fall for blooms the following year. In most cases follow Method No. 1.

Annuals, depending on the kind and your past experience, can be planted either way, Method 1 or 2. Write us or ask one of our salesmen if puzzled.

Flowering plants can be supplied already started if you desire. Prennials can be supplied up until April 1; Annuals from April 1 to June 30. Visit our store or write us concerning your needs. We can help you.

# AFRICAN DAISY, Dimorphotheca, AF

One of the best daisy-like flowers for cutting. Easily grown, Blooms from July to frost. Mixed colors. Fkt. 10c.



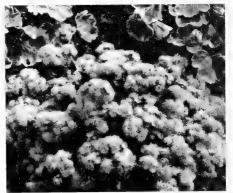
DIMORPHOTHECA (AFRICAN DAISY)

# DIMORPHOTHECA DOUBLE HYBRIDS MIXED (African Daisy) AF

Unlike the ordinary Aurantiaca strains which have a comparatively short flowering per.od, our new Double Hybrids will stay in bloom twice as long—in fact they show color in our Trial Ground from the time they are a few inches high until we disk them under in the late Fall. We would class this double daisy as a half-hardy annual; and it is def.nitely a flower to withstand hot summer weather, as the species is a native of Africa. Each plant is a mass of flowers throughout the summer and all come in bloom quite early. A few of them scattered in a bed will add color to any garden. This new strain produces approximately 65% double crested plants, with an additional percentage of semi-doubles. Pkt. 25c.

# AGATHEA, Blue Marguerite, P

Splendid free flowering border, perennial, producing almost continuously a wealth of daisy-like flowers of mazarine blue. They are readily grown from seed and bloom the first season. Plut. 25c.



AGERATUM

# AGERATUM, Floss Flower, A

One of the most popular summer blooming plants grown from seed, being literally covered with flowers from early summer until frost. Excellent for borders, edgings, rockery, or pots. The taller varietics are fine for cutting. Do well in semi-shade.

Blue Ball. Compact round plants, 6 to 8 inches tall, hidden by a mass of pure blue flowers. Fine for dwarf beds and edging. Pkt. 10c.

Midget Blue. Silver Medal, All-America Selection. Midget Blue, as the name implies, is a true dwarf growing but 3 to 4 inches, spreading fully 12 inches, practically smothering itself with true Ageratum-blue flowers. Valuable for edging, rockeries and pot culture. Fkt. 15c.

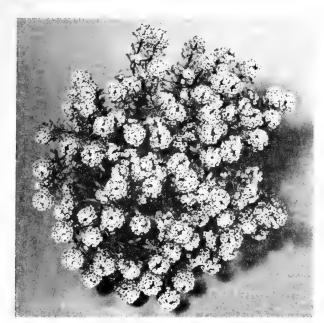
### AGROSTEMMA, P

Coronaria. Large, blood-red; silver foliage. June-Sept. 2 ft. Pkt. 10c.

#### **ALPINE POPPY, Perennial**

A charming miniature with brilliant flowers, white, pink, apricot, yellow and orange-scarlet. Pkt. 25c.

All 10c Packets: 3 for 25c -- All 15c Packets: 2 for 25c



ALYSSUM LILAC QUEEN

# SWEET ALYSSUM, A

One of the most popular garden flowers, remaining in bloom the entire season; suitable for beds and edging in summer, or for growing in pots and boxes for winter blooming.

Carpet of Snow. Pure white flowers on plants only 3 inches tall. Rapidly becoming a favorite variety. Fkt. 10c.

Little Gem. Dwarf compact plants, densely covered with large white flowers; height, 4 inches. Pkt. 10c.

Lilac Queen. Of dwarf, compact growth; flowers pure lilac color, 4 inches. Fkt. 10c.

Violet Queen (New). Dwarf compact variety of violet shade, distinct in color and habit. Plant with Little Gem. Fkt. 15c.

Maritimum. White, very sweet, about 10 inches, and of trailing habit, Fkt. 10c.

**Saxatile Compactum,** RP. Sometimes called Basket of Gold. It grows compactly and is covered with a wealth of golden blossoms in late spring. Fkt. 10c.

Rockery Alyssum (Perennial). Fine mixture of rare rockery alyssum. Extra quality,  $\Gamma kt,\,15c,$ 

# AMARANTHUS, Summer Poinsettia, A

Brilliant-foliaged annuals, growing from 3 to 5 feet high, some of the varieties bearing curious racemes of flowers. All are useful in borders of tail plants, or for the centers of large beds. They thrive best in a hot, sunny location and not too rich soil.

Molten Fire. Very ornamental and the most beautiful of all Amaranthus. Very easily grown from seed; leaves dark bronze, center Poinsettia red.  $Fkt.\ 10c.$ 

**Tricolor Splendens** (Joseph's Coat). Foliage green, variegated crimson and yellow; height, 2 feet. Fkt. 10c.

CAUDATUS (Love Lies Bleeding). Bright crimson flowers in drooping panicles, very showy. Mixed. All sorts. Pkt. 10c.

#### ANEMONE, Wind Flower, PF

Spring flowering with cup-shaped blossoms; splendid for bouquets.  $% \label{eq:constraint}$ 

St. Brigid or Poppy. Flowers large, semi-double and double, in many colors. 18 inches. Pkt. 10c.

#### ANCHUSA, Summer Forget-Me-Not, PF

A free-flowering class, producing its charming Forget-Me-Not-like blooms in graceful sprays from early summer until late fall.

Italica (Perennial). Dropmore variety. Gentian blue, 4 ft. Pkt. 10c.

DWARF-MYOSOTIDIFLORA. Perennial. A distinct type of Anchusa growing 12 to 15 inches. Makes a fine cut flower, blooming in April and May. Excellent rockery plant. Pkt. 20c.

#### ARABIS, Rock Cress, PR

Alpina. Early spring flowering; especially adapted for edging and rockery. Pure white blossoms; Apr.l-May; 1 foot. Pkt. 10c. Rosea. 12 inches. Pkt. 25c.

# ARCTOTIS, AF

Grandis. Flowers large and showy. White on upper surface, lilac beneath. Especially nice for cutting. Fkt.  $10c.\,$ 

Hybrids. Daisy-like flowers of red and orange shades. Nice cutting flowers. Fkt. 10c.

# ARMERIA, Sea Pink or Thrift, PR

Formosa. Very pretty and hardy, with slender leaves and rosy-pink flowers. Invaluable for edging. Pkt. 10c.

Alpina. 12 in. Deep rose. Blooms July. Fkt. 10c.

#### ASTER, AF

We can imagine no other flower which combines so much beauty with grace and usefulness and with which more brilliant effects can be achieved. From July until September this flower reigns supreme in the garden, not equalled by any other. For these obvious reasons we give a great deal of attention to these flowers, and are in a position to offer our patrons remarkably fine strains, producing perfect flowers of great beauty. To do well, Asters require a well pulverized soil, always kept open by continuous cultivation.

Super Giant Aster El Monte. Deep glowing crimson, composed of abundant quantities of daintily interlaced plumelike petals, the flowers are extremely large and fluffy, borne on heavy non-lateral, basal branched stems. Pkt. 10r.



SUPER GIANT, LOS ANGELES

Super Giant Los Angeles. Los Angeles was the first introduction in the modern Super Giant class, the flowers are fully double, 6 to 8 inches across, graceful and delicately interlaced. Shell pink. Pkt. 10c.

Heart of France. Heart of France opens red as the ruby, and retains its remarkable beauty to the very end. Flowers are large and full. Plants of branching type and of very robust habit. Steins long. Wilt-resistant. Pkt. 10r.

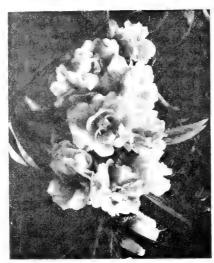
Princess Wilt Resistant. Flowers have full crested center, surrounded by several rows of guard petals. They have an attractive appearance, good colors, and bloom prolifically. Plants are branching, 2 to 2½ feet high—an ideal cut-flower type. Blooms in late August, Mixed. Fkt. 15c.

Golden Sheaf, (Princess), Deepest yellow, Long stems, Pkt. 15c.

ASTERS-Continued on Page 18



ASTER, SINGLE



BALSAM, CAMELLIA FLOWERED



BACHELOR BUTTON, CYANUS DOUBLE

ASTERS-Continued

IMPROVED CREGO WILT RESISTANT. The large shaggy flowers with long curled petals are not unlike the ostrich feather for which they are commonly named. The plants are strong, heavily branched and grow about  $2\frac{1}{2}$  feet in height. Pkt. 10c.

Azure Blue. Soft light blue.

Crego's Finest Mixed.

Purple. Showy violet purple.

Crimson. Glowing deep rose-crimson.

Pink. Attractive light shell pink.

Cattleya. Fascinating shade of lavender.

Rose. Lovely bright carmine rose.

White. Purest white, large and fluffy.

Enchantress. Lively salmon rose.

Peach Blossoms. Opens white, flushes lavender pink.

#### SPECIAL CREGO ASTER OFFER

We offer 6 pkts, of our choice Crego Asters for 40c.

SINGLE CHINA ASTERS. Wilt-Resistant. Not a few flower lovers consider the single forms more artistic and charming than the larger double flowers. The single Asters especially are very beautiful. The large daisy-like blossoms appear in the greatest profusion and are exquisite in bouquets. (Single). Mixed. 1 kt. 10c.

IMPROVED GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA. This Aster bids fair to become a universal favorite. Characterized by the well-known Crego type of flower, combined with the Beauty Aster's long, non-lateral, branching stems, the California Giants, double type Aster, stands at the head of the list. Mixed. Fkt. 10c.

IMPROVED GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA SUNSHINE (Single). This fascinating new Aster type, rightly called the most beautiful in the world. The flowers 4-5 inches across are composed of a single row of loosely placed outer petals which contrast with the unique yellow quill-like center disc. Stems are long and heavy, on plants from 2 to 3 feet in height. Blooms early to mid-September. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# AUBRIETA, False Wall Cress, PR

Pretty dwarf-growing rock plants, forming broad masses of silvery green foliage and sheets of flowers in spring and early summer.

Large Flowering Hybrids, Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

#### BACHELOR BUTTON, Centaurea, A

Particularly well adapted for border planting. The types cultivated for their flowers have bulging calyxes from which many finely cut petals expand. Others have a downy growth on their leaves, making the foliage quite ornamental. All of nem are of easy culture from seed.

Cyanus Double (Bachelor Button). This superb class of Cornflowers produces handsome, large double blooms, effective out-of-doors and in bouquets. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Cornflower, Jubilee Gem. Jubilee Gem is a dwarf variety of Cornflower making a compact plant literally covered with flowers. The plant is about 12 inches in height. Easy to grow, it is "everyone's" flower and is adaptable for almost any purpose to which a plant may be put. As an edging plant, a border plant, or for ground work in formal beds of roses, etc., it will be found admirable. Fkt. 10c.

# BALLOON VINE, Love-in-a-Puff, A

 $Cardiospermum.\ A$  rapid growing annual climber. White flowers are followed by interesting seed pods resembling miniature balloons. Pkt. 10c.

# BALSAM, Lady Slipper, A

An old and popular garden flower of easy culture. Gorgeous masses of brilliant colored double flowers are produced in the greatest profusion. Height, 2 feet.

Camellia Flowered. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# BEANS, Scarlet Runner

A rapid climber, flowering profusely. Grows to 15 feet high. Edible as well as ornamental. Very showy. Pkt. 10c.

A splendid class of plants, suited for bedding, borders, pots and boxes. Blooms profusely and continuously right up to frost. Besides their use for the garden, they are fine indoors, bloming during the winter

Gracilis Luminosa. Small scarlet flowers in great profusion.

Pkt. 20c Semperflorens. Mixed colors. Larger flowers than the Gracilis type. 25c pkt.

# BEGONIA, P



FIBROUS ROOTED BEGONIA

#### CACTUS, P

Choice assortment of the most attractive, easily and quickly grown cacti. Make interesting house plants.

All Varieties Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

#### CALENDULA, Scotch Marigold, AF

The colorful flowers make a wonderful display in the garden and are always admired by those who see them. Blooms freely in early summer and continues into the fall. Even though this plant prefers a sunny location and rather dry soil, it does well under widely different conditions, requiring little care to grow to perfection. 18 to 24 inches in height.

Orange Fantasy. A fine Calendula. Crested bronzy of copperyorange, white petals are orange edged with mahogany red. All-America winner. Fkt. 10c.

**Orange Shaggy.** One of the most interesting introductions is the new laciniated type, Orange Shaggy. Deep orange shading lighter at the center, exceedingly graceful and informal in appearance, it is a striking contrast to the formal Calendulas in general use. Fkt. 10c.



CALENDULA, SUNSET SHADES

Sunset Shades (New). A fine mixture of rounded, mediumsized flowers in many two-toned color combinations of orange, salmon, primrose and apricot. I kt.  $15\varepsilon$ .

# CALIFORNIA POPPY, Eschscholtzia, AF

The state flower of California and one of the most attractive low growing annuals. The foliage is finely cut, fern-like, and silvery green in color. They start to bloom a few weeks after the seed is sown. Fine for naturalizing.

Aurantiasa, Orange. The ordinary California poppy. Fkt. 10c. White, Yellow and Orange shades. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### CALLIOPSIS, Tickseed, AF

Very showy and splendid subjects for garden decoration as well as for cutting. Sow seed where intended to bloom in early spring; th n out to 6 inches apart. Cut flowers as soon as they open, as this prolongs the blooming season until autumn. Tall Mixed. Semi-double.

#### CAMPANULA, Canterbury Bells

Annual Canterbury Bells. We have all wished for a Canterbury Bell that would not occupy the ground for so long before it flowered. An annual, when planted from seed, loads itself with flowers in less than five months, in colors the same as the biennial type, including the various shades. Finest Mixed. Ikt. 10c.

Calycan(hema (Cup and Saucer). Perhaps the most beautiful type; distinct in form, with large bell or cup-shaped flowers surrounded at the base by a large calyx of similar color, the whole resembling a cup and saucer. Biennial.

Mixed. Fkt. 10c.

#### CAMPANULA, Perennial

Persicifolia (Peach Bells). Mixed, fine border plant. 2-3 feet. Pkt. 10c.

Pyramidalis (Chimney Bell Flowers). Mixed. 5-6 ft. Beautiful. Pkt. 10c.

#### CANARY BIRD VINE

A rapidly growing, summer-climbing annual 10 to 15 ft, high; it will cover trellis work in the most graceful manner, producing hundreds of pretty winged, bright yellow flowers. Pkt. 10c.

#### **CANDYTUFT**

Valuable for masses and edging, and considered indispensable for cutting. Seed sown in April flowers in June; successive sowings should be made at intervals. Hardy and easy to grow, blooming profusely. 1 foot. Fkt. 10c.

Umbellata

Mixed.

Coronaria. Giant white Hyacinth-flowered.

CANDYTUFT, P (Iberis) Queen of Italy. Rosy lilac.

#### CANNA, Indian Shot, A

Cannas can be grown successfully from seed if planted early. Pour boiling water over the seeds; take them out after 24 hours and sow at once in sand. The seed germinates irregularly in 2 to 4 weeks.

Crosy's Hybrids Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

#### CARNATION, Dianthus Caryophyllus

Few flowers surpass in beauty of form or delicious fragrance, the richly hued Carnation. The plants are branching but compact, and the handsome blossoms are produced on blue-green stems that are stiff but slender.

Chabaud Giant, PF. 18 inches. This variety blooms five months after seeding and continues throughout the summer. The plants, robust and erect, supply handsome, double, clove-scented flowers of extra large size.

Mixed Colors. Fkt. 10c. Separate Colors. Fkt. 15c. Cardinal Red. Yellow. Salmon. Deep Rose. White. Flesh Pink.

Giant Enfant de Nice Carnations. They are of compact growth with extremely stiff stems bearing flowers 2½ to 2¾ inches without disbudding. Many lovely shades. 25e pkt.

#### CARDINAL CLIMBER

**Ipomoea Cardinalis.** Graceful climber with cardinal-scarlet blooms 1 to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter. Rich. glossy, dark green foliage. Grows 15 feet tall and is in bloom all summer. Pkt. 10c-



CAMPANULA, CUP AND SAUCER







CLEOME, PINK QUEEN

COLUMBINE

CARNATIONS, ENFANT DE NICE

#### CASTOR BEAN, Ricinus

Tropical appearing foliage plant. Highly ornamental, of stately growth, large leaves of bronze or glossy green. Should not be planted until soil is warm. Grows 3 to 5 feet tall. Also planted extensively to repel moles.

Mixed. Best varieties. Pkt. 10c.

# CELOSIA CRISTATA, Cockscomb, A

Very attractive and showy, producing massive heads of deeply colored flowers. Colors, red, purple and yellow. Sow very thinly in boxes indoors, transplanting to other boxes or thumbpot until little combs appear.

Empress. Bright crimson comb, dark foliage, 12 inches. Pkt. 15e

Plumosa (Feathered). Large plumy heads. For pots or open ground. Keeps well when cut. Grows 1 to 2 feet tall. Pkt. 10c. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### CHRYSANTHEMUM, Painted Daisy, AF

A showy and much admired class of flowers. Large, daisy like blooms borne profusely during the summer and fall. Excellent for beds, borders and cutting.

Finest Single Mixed. Includes all colors and gives a wonderful display in beds or borders. I kt. 10c.

Korean, P. Hardy single-flowered bushy plants with an impressive range of colors. Easily grown and will bloom the same year as planted. Fkt. 15c.

#### CINERARIA, P

Magnificent and indispensable flowering plants for the window garden. The flowers of white, blue, violet and crimson shades, covering the plant with a sheet of bloom. Should be sown under glass in very fine soil.

Hybrida. Grandiflora. Cremer's prize mixture, re-selected. Pkt.  $50\mathrm{c}.$ 

# **CLARKIA**

An annual, flowering in July, which should be far more widely known. It is of easy cultivation, graceful in habit of growth, and lends itself as well to bedding as for cutting. Flowers in long racemes which all open in water when cut.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### CLEOME, A, Giant Pink Queen

Cleome, Giant Pink Queen, is a hardy annual easily grown from seed planted directly in the border or garden. It blooms abundantly from mid-summer to late fall. As the lower flowers on the trusses fade to blush-pink, others come on, and the seed pods, forming on wiry stems along the stalk, give a curiously fantastic and attractive appearance.

The average height of Cleome, Giant Pink Queen, is three feet, but it often grows taller. It is striking in the background of a border and for outlining a driveway. As a cut flower it is delightful, combining especially well with lavender or blue. It is well adapted to any part of the country and is said not to be susceptible to plant diseases or to dame by insect pests. Pkt. 15c.

# COBAEA SCANDENS, A

A handsome, rap'd growing, climbing plant, having large, bell-shaped flowers, beautiful foliage and peculiarly delicate and curious tendrils. Seed should be planted on edge in shallow boxes of soft soil, covering with glass until seedlings appear. Transplant about May. Violet. Ikt. 15c.

#### COLEUS

Coleus. Rich and colorful. Brilliantly colored foliage plants for borders, beds, pots or edgings to taller plants. To get best coloring, plants should be grown in full sun. 20 inches. Pkt. 25c.

# COLUMBINE, Aquilegia, P

These are among the most beautiful of spring and early summer flowers; very effective when grown in the herbaceous border and groups among shrubbery. Graceful spurred flowers on stems 2 feet or more above the fern-like foliage.

Dobbie's Imperial Hybrids. Considered by many to be the finest mixture of long-spurred, giant sorts. Extraordinary range of colors and shades. Pkt. 15c.

#### COREOPSIS, PF

One of our most popular perennials; the attractive flowers are borne in great profusion and are excellent for cutting.

Grandiflora Double Sunburst. Much of the beauty of early summer gardens is due to the brilliant golden yellow of Coreopsis plantings. The double flowers are large,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 inches across, deep golden yellow, and are excellent for cutting as well as for garden decoration. Pkt. 10c.

Mayfield Giant. Brilliant, deep golden yellow. Very large flowers. Fkt. 10c.

#### COSMOS, AF

No garden is complete without Cosmos. These old favorites supply a gorgeous, colorful effect during late summer and fall. Fine for cutting as the flowers last well in water. Cosmos are easy to grow. Pkt. 10c.

Cosmos Extra Early Double. The new double form of the popular Sensation Cosmos. The average size is between 4½ and 5 inches in diameter. The finest Cosmos we've ever offered. Pkt. 15c.

Dazzler—Crimson.

Grange Flare.

Pinkie-Rose Pink.

Purity-Pure White.

Yellow-Very beautiful.

Radiance. Winner of highest award in the '48 All-America trials. First bi-color Cosmos ever to be developed. Striking deep rose and rich crimson, two entirely new colors in Sensation Cosmos. Fkt. 15c.

Cosmos Sensation. The newest Cosmos of immense size—4 to 5 inches in diameter. Their strong stems make them an ideal cut flower. Height, 3 to 4 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# CUPHEA FIREFLY, AR

Firefly has all the characteristics needed in a dwarf, compact plant. The flowers are small and delicately formed, fiery cerise red in color, and are freely produced on compact plants which reach a height of about 10 inches. The general effect of a plant when in full bloom is a ball of fire, recommending itself at once as a subject for the rockery, for window boxes, for flower pots, or as border or edging variety. Pkt. 15c.

# CYNOGLOSSUM, Chinese Forget-Me-Not, A

An easy grown annual producing large sprays of Forget-Me-Not-like blooms. Blooms for a long season,

Amabile Blue-Brilliant Blue. Pkt. 10c.

**Firmament.** A new dwarf type of Cynoglossum. Deep ultramarine blue. Fine for border and as a cut flower. 15 inches. **Pkt. 15c.** 

# CYPRESS VINE, Ipomoea Quamoclit

Climber with rapid growth. Has delicate fern-like foliage and great numbers of star-shaped blossoms with long tubes. Soak seeds over night in warm water, then sow where vine is to grow. Does best in warm, sunny location. Grows 10 to 15 feet. Scarlet. Pkt. 10c.

#### DAHLIA

Magnificent, fall-blooming tuberous-rooted plant. Sow seeds in boxes indoors very early, transplanting to open when danger from frost is past. Will bloom first season. Tuber of the best ones may be saved for following season.

Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids. Flowering in 60 days from seed. This remarkable strain produces branching plants bearing semi-double flowers 3 inches in diameter, of lovely soft pink, lavender, red, orange, yellow and maroon. Fkt. 15c.

Coltness, W. F. Formula Mixed. Improved strain of dwarf dahlias with an increased range of colors. Pkt. 15c.

Single Mixed, from select flowers. Pkt. 10c.

Cactus. Flowers odd and fantastic in shape; unusual colors, from named varieties. Pkt. 35c.

#### DELPHINIUM, PF

Modern hybrid Delphiniums have become the dominant flowers in the perennial border of late June. In deep, rich soil, they grow 6 feet tall or more, with huge spikes of large flowers, varying in colors from the darkest violet to pale lavender. Lower growing types are also valuable for both border and cut flower use; the Chinese and Butterfly types are fine for bedding. With hybrids, plants established several years produce the best flowers. If the bloom is cut down to the ground, a second flowering spike is produced.

Mixture of Belladonna and Bellamosum. Pkt. 10c.

Pacific Giants. A new strain originated on the Pacific Coast. Huge flowers 2½ to 3½ inches in diameter, beautifully spaced on well balanced spikes. Mildew-resistant. Pacific Giants are the finest Delphinium we've yet offered.

Dark Blue Shades. Pkt. 25c. Light Blue Shades. Pkt. 25c.

Pure White. Pkt. 35c.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 25c.

Guinevere. Light pink lavender with white bee. Pkt. 50c.

Round Table Series. This group is made up of hundreds of crosses. Some exceptional color combinations can be expected. Pkt. 50c.

#### DIANTHUS, See Pinks

#### DICTAMNUS, Gas Plant, P

An attractive perennial that blooms with bearded Iris. Seed germinates slowly. Sow in fall for best results. Do not transplant. Fkt, 10c,



CANDYTUFT



GEUM, LADY STRATHEDEN



DIGITALIS FOXGLOVE

#### DIGITALIS, Foxglove, P

This ornamental hardy plant is used extensively for naturalizing in shrubbery borders and along the edges of woods. It grows well under almost all conditions, giving a wealth of bloom during Jnne and July.

Gloxiniaflora. This is an improved strain of the ordinary Foxglove, with handsome spotted Gloxinia-like flowers on long spikes. Pkt. 10c.

#### DUSTY MILLER, Centaurea Candidissima, P.

Yellow flower, silvery follage, 18 inches in height. Pkt. 10c.

#### ENGLISH DAISY, Bellis, P

Splendid dwarf, early-flowering biennials for beds, borders and rock gardens. Plants often last more than 2 years, and where summers are cool will bloom until late in fall. Prefers moist but well-drained soil. Plants grow 6 inches tall. Double Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

#### EUPHORBIA, Snow on the Mountain, A

Variegata. Most attractive variegated border plant. Well adapted to the shade. Fkt.  $10\,c.$ 

#### **EVENING PRIMROSE, Oenothera**

A twilight blooming plant. Flowers of brilliant yellow are often 3 inches across. Clusters of them decorate the tops of upright spikes which are arranged in the form of a candelabra. Biennial: 12 inches.

Lamarckiana. Pkt. 10c.

#### HARDY FORGET-ME-NOTS, P

Palustris Semperflorens. Dwarf blue flowers from early spring until autumn. Ideal for rockery or edgings. Pkt. 25c.

#### FORGET-ME-NOT, Myosotis

The alpestris varieties bloom in April and are largely used for bedding and borders. Biennial.

Alpestris—Indigo Blue. Pkt. 10c.

#### **CUT FLOWER MIXTURE A**

A special mixture of annuals and perennials of the finest varieties of cut flowers. Sow a packet of continuous bloom until frost. Suitable for bedding, or broadcast, but we suggest planting in rows, as they can be thinned and cut easily. Fkt. 10c; Extra Large Pkt. 25c.

#### FOUR O'CLOCK, Marvel of Peru, A

A favorite showy annual for beds and borders. Excellent for planting in front of the porch or alongside the house. The plants bloom freely from July until frost.

Tall, Mixed, 2 feet tall with flowers in many fine colors, Pkt. 10c.

Petticoat. Sepals colored to match petals, giving a flower-within-a-flower effect. Mixed. Fkt. 15c.

#### **FUCHSIA SEED**

This special seed we offer is from intercross-pollinated plants, all crosses hand made between named varieties. Unlike that from selfed Fuchsias, this seed is of strong vitality and will produce hybrid types.

Double and Single Mixed Pkt. \$1.00



DUCHESS OF ALBANY

Culture: Germinate in sterile soil or vermiculite, covering with 1/16 inch sand or peat moss, at 65° F. Treat with Semesan if soil is used. Keep moist but not wet. Transplant into sandy loam mixed with leaf mold. Feed weak liquid fertilizer

# GAILLARDIA, Blanket Flower, AP

Tones of orange, yellow, red and maroon, often beautifully combined in a single blossom, make these flowering plants gay ornaments of the garden all summer long. The foliage of soft green combines well with the flowers. The blossoms are 2 to 3 inches across.

Grandiflora (Perennial). Mixed, all colors. Pkt. 10c.

Sunshine Hybrids. Annual. A new strain of the largest flowered and most colorful Gaillardia ever introduced. The large ball-shaped double flowers are in a complete range of colors from cream-white to deep maroon, with many gay bright and unusual colors not found in the ordinary blend. Fkt. 15c.

#### GERANIUM, P

A half-hardy perennial, easily and quickly grown from seed. Sow seeds thinly in boxes indoors, covering with glass until seedlings appear. When about I inch high transplant to small pots in rather poor soil firmly pressed down. Can later be repotted in larger pots or transferred to open garden.

Zonale. Extra choice, single mixed, the well-known bedding Geranium. Pkt. 25e.

#### GERBERA (Transvaal Daisy), P

Large, attractive, daisy-like blooms in a wide range of colors, including shades of yellow, orange, white, scarlet, crimson, pink, etc. Hardy in frost-free location.

Giant Hybrids Mixed. Pkt. 35c.

#### GEUM, Avens, PF

Beautiful hardy prennials, bearing profusely large, showy, double, dark flowers all through the summer. An elegant flower for bouquets,

 $Lady\ Stratheden.\ A$  new golden yellow with large full flowers of great beauty. Pkt. 15c.

Mrs. Bradshaw. Large, double, brilliant orange-scarlet. In flower throughout the entire summer. Pkt. 15c.

#### GODETIA, Satinflower, A

Very handsome annual plants especially suited for semishady locations. Sow in spring in the open and thin to 8 or 10 inches apart. The flowers are bright and colorful and the single sorts are not unlike the Azalea in form. The double varieties are popular for cutting. Very easy to grow. Pkt. 10c.

TALL DOUBLE. Mixed.

DUKE OF YORK. Rich scarlet on white.

EXQUISITE. Dwarf mixed.

SYBIL SHERWOOD. Double dwarf, flowers completely hide the foliage beneath a canopy of beautiful bright salmon pink, white edged flowers.

#### ORNAMENTAL GOURDS

Ornamental Gourds are easily grown in rich soil, where they will produce plenty of fruits. They may be trained on trellises and the ripened fruits used for ornaments. Pkt. 10c.

LARGE VARIETIES. Mixed. SMALL VARIETIES. Mixed.

# GYPSOPHILA, Baby's Breath

Pretty, free-flowering annuals and perennials. Their misty white panicles are largely used for mixing with other cut flowers.

Elegans grandiflora alba. This is an improved, large-flowering, pure white form of the annual Baby's Breath. Pkt. 10c.

Elegans grandiflora rosea. Delicate rose. Annual. Pkt. 10c.

Paniculata, Single White. Hardy perennial. Will bloom first year if sown early. Height 2 feet. Pkt. 15c.

Paniculata, Double Snow White. Perennial. A great improvement on the single-flowered type and more lasting. 2-3 ft. July-August. Fkt. 15c.

Pacificia. Perennial. Rose pink. Blooms after paniculata varieties, Grows 4 feet. Pkt. 15c.

#### HELICHRYSUM, Straw Flower, AF

The finest of all Everlastings for the home garden. They are very handsome when growing in the open and make unusually fine winter bouquets if cut when partially opened and dried slowly in a cool place, heads downward to keep the long stems straight. The centers of the double pompon-like flowers are nearly covered by the stiff overlapping petals. They come in a wide range of brilliant and soft colors.

Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.



GOURDS

# HELIANTHEMUM, Rock or Sun Rose, PR

Pretty evergreen plants, 12 inches, forming broad clumps, covered with blooms during June and July. For rockery, border or dry bank. Pastel Mixture. Pkt. 10c.

# HELIOTROPE, A

A well known and highly prized plant on account of the delightful fragrance of the flowers. Seed started indoors in the spring will make fine plants for summer blooming. Can also be sown outdoors in May. Excellent for pots, or for bedding. 18 inches. Not hardy.

Mammoth Mixed. Large flowers from dark blue to lilac. Pkt. 10c.

#### HEUCHERA, Coral Bells, RP

A fine plant blooming from early summer until late in the fall. Excellent for cutting. Good for rockeries. Crimson. Pkt. 20c.

#### HIBISCUS, Mallow Marvels, P

A wonderfully improved strain of our native Marshmallow with flowers frequently measuring 10 to 12 inches in diameter. Grows 4-5 feet tall and blooms from early July until late autumn. Finest mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### HOLLYHOCK, PF

One of the most popular of hardy garden plants. The beautiful color effects produced by the planting of these flowers, combined with their dignified and stately appearance, render them indispensable for either the old-fashioned garden or the well planned herbaceous border. Height, 5 to 8 feet.

Chater's Double Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Indian Summer Mixed. All America Bronze Medal Winner. These attractive double hollyhocks have all the beauty of the perennial type. However, because of their quick growing quality, they will bloom by mid-summer from seed sown earlier in the spring. As background plants in your border, they will add hollyhock beauty to your garden almost until winter. Pkt. 15c.

Indian Spring (annual). Sown in early spring and transplanted to open ground six weeks later, it will be in full bloom in ten weeks. Large individual flowers from pale pink to crimson rose. Pkt. 10c.

Single Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### HUNNEMANNIA, Yellow Tulip Poppy, A

Seed sown early in May will, by the middle of July, produce plants covered with their large buttercup yellow, poppy-like blossoms, and are never out of flower until hard frost. The plants grow 2 feet high and are quite bushy, with beautiful feathery foliage.

Sunlite. Semi-double, canary yellow. Pkt. 10c. .

# HYACINTH BEAN, Dolichos, A

Rapid growing, ornamental, climbing annual, bearing clusters of beautiful purple and white flowers, followed by highly ornamental seed pods. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### ICE PLANT, Mesembrianthemum Crystallinum, A

Pretty summer trailing annual for vases and rock work, leaves covered with ice-like drops. Sow seeds early in boxes. Pkf. 10c.



HELICHRYSUM



GODETIA

#### EVENING FLOWERING IPOMOEA

White Moonflower. Opens when sun is setting. Pkt. 10c.

#### KOCHIA CHILDSII, Mexican Fire Bush, A

Forms symmetrical highly decorative bushes, foliage green turning to fiery red in autumn. Sow seed in open, thin to 15 inches. Valuable for summer hedges. 1 to 2 feet. Pkt. 10c.

#### LANTANA, A

A Brazilian shrub that makes a splendid display the first season from seed. Above the large somber green leaves Verbena-like clusters of fragrant flowers rise in prolonged succession. In a single cluster all the shades of crimson, rose, yellow, and orange appear. Hybrida Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# LARKSPUR, AF

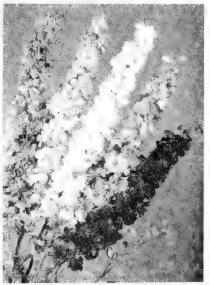
Annual Delphiniums are adorned with finely cut, feathery foliage of soft green which sets off to advantage the handsome long floral spikes of double blossoms.

GIANT IMPERIAL. This newer form produces plants of erect habit, branching from the base, affording longer stems for cutting. Really the best class of Larkspur grown today. We offer a splendid choice of colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Carmine King Improved. This new Larkspur in the Giant Imperial class has a longer spike, sturdier growth, and larger florets than any of the Giant Imperials to date. Color is a little deeper than Carmine King, and it will hold under very trying conditions. Pkt. 15c.

#### "SUPREME"

The New ideal cut flower strain for Market Grower and Home Garden, This is an entirely new strain of the popular Giant Imperial or base branching type of Larkspur. The colors are not just slight variations from existing varieties, but are new tones, being absolutely distinct and different.



LARKSPUR SUPREME

Lilac Supreme. At last we are able to offer you a most pleasing shade of clear lilac, one which we are sure you will agree is a new color of outstanding merit. Because of it's clear color, uniform height, and long well filled flowering spikes closely covered with fully double flowers and large individual florets, this is by far the most desirable and outstanding Lilac Larkspur ever offered. Pkt. 15c.

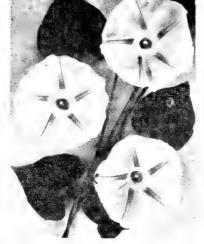
Pink Supreme. This outstanding Larkspur is a clear rose pink, deeper in color than the well-known varieties Pink King and Los Angeles Improved. The plants grow very tall, with a particularly long and heavy main spike closely packed with fully double flowers, with very wide petals. Pkt. 15c.

White Supreme. This is what you have been looking for in White Larkspurs—easily the best white available in any class today. It has a magnificent main stem which is literally covered with closely placed double flowers for half its height, which is 5 ft. or more. Pkt. 15c.

Supreme Mixture. Using the above in the right proportion plus additional colors, we believe there is no other Larkspur mixture that will equal this. Try it this year for exciting new colors and features, Pkt. 15c.







MORNING GLORY, BLUE STAR



MARIGOLD, HARMONY TYPE HYBRIDS

#### LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS, Perennial Sweet Pea

Similar to sweet peas but not so fragrant; they bloom through a long season, are prefectly hardy, and will live for years. Should be sown near a fence or other support, thinning to 2 or 3 feet apart. Height, 4 to 6 feet.

Mixed. 1 kt. 10c.

# LINARIA, Miniature Snapdragon, A

This interesting species bears flowers which resemble miniature Snapdragons ending in single elongated spurs.

Fairy Bouquet. This is an erect sort with finely cut foliage and with blossoms clustered on upright spikes. The colors which are varied embrace many shades of crimson, orange, and blue. The plant is in flower within two months. Pkt. 10c.

#### LINUM, Crimson Flax

Grandiflorum rubrum. An old favorite with large, rich crimson blooms borne profusely on plants growing 18 to 24 inches tall. Though the flowers last only one day, new ones appear every morning. Annual.

Perenne. Perennial, blue, 30 inches high. Very showy. Pkt. 10c.

Flavum. Perennial. Beautiful rockery plant; grows 12 inches in height. B.ooms yellow. Fkt. 10c.

#### LOBELIA, A

A dainty and continuous blooming annual of compact growth, remarkable for its profusion of beautiful blue flowers. Unexcelled for edging, ribbon beds, hanging baskets or window boxes.

Cardinalis (Cardinal Flower). Perennial, 2 ft. to 3 ft. Tufts of bronzy green foliage from which arise spikes of flery scarlet flowers. Ikt. 25c.

Crystal Palace Compacta. Little dwarf bedding plant; dark blue flowers cover the whole plant during the entire season; very compact and used extensively in carpet bedding or edging; height 4 inches. I kt. 10c.

Sapphire. Of trailing habit, Dark blue with white eye,  ${\bf Pkt.~10c.}$ 

Hamburgia. Sky-blue, white eyes. Trailing. Fkt. 10c.

Hamburgia-Compacta. Sky-blue, white eye. Dwarf. Pkt. 10c.

#### LUNARIA, Money Plant

Biennis alba. A hardy biennial admired for its silvery seedpod membrances which are used for house ornaments as they present a beautiful and rather curious appearance. Particularly attractive when combined with the seed pods of Physalis Francheti. Lovely large white flowers during the summer. Fkt. 10c.

#### LUPINUS, P

Shrubbery plants, bearing long spikes of flowers. White and pink, occasionally blue. Sow seeds in open early in spring. Give plenty of room.

Russell's Prize Mixture. Grow this famous new strain of Lupins. They will bloom six months from seeding, so that you can enjoy blooms this year. Russell Lupins grow into well-rounded, well-branched plants, each developing a number of extra large spikes, the size and colors never before seen in hardy Lupins. Pkt. 15c.

#### LYCHNIS, Rose Campion, P

Chalcedonica. Maltese or Jerusalem Cross, flaming scarlet; large ball-like flower heads; 3 feet in height. Fkt. 10c.

#### LYTHRHUM, P

Roseum Superbum. Rose pink flowers,  $3\frac{1}{2}$  to 4 feet in height. Flowers from July to September. Fkt. 10c.

#### MARIGOLD, AF

Late in the season when many other growing things are past their prime, these plants supply an abundance of decorative blossoms. Their tones of orange and yellow blend well when the flowers are arranged loosely in bowls and vases. The bright green foliage is finely cut, and the stems are stout. Tall Marigolds give charm to the border, while the dwarfs are valuable for bedding and make ideal edging plants. We believe we offer every desirable Marigold grown today.

#### **DWARF VARIETIES**

Naughty Marietta. Burpee's new dwarf French Single Marigold. The rich golden yellow flowers attractively blotched maroen at the base of the petals, thus providing a pleasing, showy contrast. Flowers are wide open, 2½ in. across, freely borne on compact plants 1 ft. tall. Gay subjects for beds, borders and edgings. All-American winner 1947. I kl. 15c.

Scarlet Glow. A well named variety that really does glow, seeming redder than any other marigold. Compact grower. Pkt. 15c.

Spry. Similar to Harmony except it is yellow and red. Compact, 9 inches. Bushes very free flowering. Puts on a real show. Fkt. 10c.

Red Head. All-America Selection '48. Single, mahogany to bronze, 2-inch flowers crested gold; plants 14-16 inches. Pkt. 15c.

Harmony Type Hybrids. For several years, Harmony has been one of the most popular garden marigolds. Now we offer "Harmony Type Hybrids." a strain of Harmony marigolds of various colors and cambinations. Growing compactly 12 to 14 inches in height and 100 per cent double, it is one of the earliest to come in bloom. Try a packet and you will not be disappointed. Fkt. 10c.

Signata Pumila, Little Giant. Free flowering, very deep orange. One of the best for edging. Pkt. 10c.

MARIGOLD—Continued on Page 25





LINARIA

MAMMOTH MUM MARIGOLD

MARIGOLD-Continued

#### TALLER VARIETIES

Marigold Mammoth Mum. Largest chrysanthemum flowered, African type marigold. Bright sulphur yellow. Ikt. 15c.

Crown of Gold. Odorless, A new kind of Marigold with a Chysanthemum like crown surrounded by a collar of big, broad petals of the same color, bright golden orange. It is the only Marigold with entirely odorless foliage. The flowers have a delicate fragrance. Plants grow about 2 feet tall, bloom early, profusely and continuously until frost. Lovely in the garden; wonderful for cutting. Fkt. 10c.

Orange Sunset Giant. Fine deep orange form of popular Sunset Giant. Fkt. 10c.

**Limelight.** Very light primrose-yellow; a new color. The lightest shade of any marigold. Flowers 2¾ inches across, round and symmetrical. Early flowering, grows about 20 inches in height. Will be among the most popular new flowers this year. Fkt. 10c.

Chrysanthemum Flowered Special Mixture. A fine cutting mixture that contains many new and distinct types of Marigolds. Color range is superb, containing all shades of orange and yellow. These hybrids grow 3 feet high, supporting masses of flowers on long stems. I kt. 10c.

AFRICAN TALL DOUBLE (Tagetes erecta). Very large globular flowers composed of compact tubular or quilled petals. The stems should be cut carefully to avoid the somewhat disagreeable odor when bruised. 2½ feet.

Orange, Lemon, and Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Burpee Gold Improved. Bright orange, odorless foliage. Height  $2\,1\!\!/_2$  ft. Fkt.  $10\,c$ .

Carnation Flowercd—Special Mixture—Odorless. Deep orange, golden orange, golden yellow, canary yellow, and primrose flowers of carnation-like form in a magnificent mixture. Highly desirable for garden decoration and cut flowers. Free blooming plant 20 to 30 inches tail. Ikt. 15c.

#### MATTHIOLA, Evening Scented Stocks, A

**Bicornis.** Lilac flowers which in the evening after a shower emit a delightful fragrance. 15 inches. Fkt. 10c.

#### MIGNONETTE, Reseda, A

This old-fashioned flower still enjoys the greatest popularity. Grown for its sweet perfume, which is most pronounced when grown in a light sandy so.l.

Machet Finest Mixed. Includes only large flowering varieties of sweet scented Mignonette. Fkt. 10c.

#### MORNING GLORY, Ipomea, A

Climbers of rapid growth, with beautiful and varied flowers. For covering walls, trellises, arbors, or stumps of trees they are invaluable.

Blue Star. All America Honorable Mention. A giant flowered morning glory of light sky blue, accentuated by five deeper blue midribs to form an attractive star. Flowers are of a large size, averaging 4 to  $4\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter and borne in great profusion. Pkt. 15c.

Heavenly B'ue Improved. Beautiful variety. Deep blue, light at center, early flowering. Pkt. 10c.

Pearly Gates. All America. The flowers are a lovely lustrous white with creamy shading deep down in the throat. They average 4½ inches across. The vigorous, fast-climbing vines are covered with bloom from the middle of summer until frost. The leaves are heart shaped, fresh light green in color, and luxurious in growth. Pearly Gates is a wonderful companion for Heavenly Blue and is sure to be just as popular. It rivals Heavenly Blue in strength of vine and size of blossoms and does equally as well in all sections of the country. Pkt. 15c.

Scarlett O'Hara. One of the most talked of new introductions. Rich, dark red flowers of good size on fast growing vines, and an early bloomer will make this a popular Morning Glory. Purchase early, as seed is limited. Pkt. 15c.

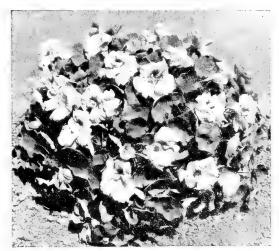
#### NASTURTIUMS, A

TALL OR CLIMBING. The most popular and most beautiful free-flowering annual climbing vines. These are all of strong, vigorous growth, throwing out running shoots that can be trained upon strings or wires, or can be easily made to climb ordinary fences or wire netting. They are very showy also planted at the top of a steep slope and allowed to run down the bank. We offer only the finest strains, producing the largest and richest flowers.

Mixed Colors. Fkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c. Also by the pound.

**DWARF NASTURTIUMS.** These are of dwarf growth and are especially desirable for planting as borders to flower beds or along garden walks. As with all nasturtiums, they succeed best on light, well drained soils or in slightly raised beds.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c.



NASTURTIUMS

#### GLEAM VARIETIES (Double and sweet scented).

Golden Gleam. This new type is of semi-trailing habit and is a new development in Nasturtiums. The plant forms a vigorous large bush which throws out short runners, averaging 18 inches. The sweet scented, large double flowers are of a golden yellow color and average 2 to 3 inches across.

Scarlet Gleam. Similar to the Golden Gleam, the flowers are large and full petaled, waved and fluted in effect, and extremely showy. Completely covering the foliage of the plant, the long stemmed orange scarlet flowers make a dazzling splash of color which is hard to duplicate.

Salmon Gleam. Semi-double Golden Salmon shade.

Glorious Gleam Hybrids. Glorious Gleam Hybrids are delightfully sweet scented, beautifully double. The semi-dwarf plants throw short runners from well rounded free flowering bushes. The color range includes a brilliant blend of salmon, golden yellow, orange scarlet, cerise, cream, orange, maroon and crimson shades, and many spotted varieties. Finest Mixed.

All Gleams, Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c.

Dwarf Double Gem. The Gem Nasturtium is the dwarf, compact form of Gleams. Double, sweet scented and suitable for cutting, they are very popular. Height 10 to 12 inches, and spread 12 to 15 inches. Grow the Gems in the rockery, window boxes, for pot plants and borders. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c.

Mahogany Gem. Semi-double dwarf. Pkt. 20c.



NEMESIA



NEMOPHILA



FLOWERING TOBACCO



# when beginning to seed it will

PANSY, Heart's Ease Any five 25c packets for \$1.00

When the bright hues of the Tulips and Daffodils have faded, the rich, deep and varied shades of the Pansies provide a welcome change in the flower beds. The varieties listed produce large blooms of good substance, regular markings, and full rich coloring. Treat either as annual or perennial.

Alpenglow. Rich, velvety Indian-red blooms of the largest size, showing a large dark blotch on each of the three lower petals. The reddest and most brilliant of all pansies. Pkt. 25c.

Coronation Gold. Canary yellow with lower petals flushed golden-orange. Flowers 3 inches across. Pkt. 25c.

OREGON GIANT. Beautiful mixture of large flowering Pansies. This mixture will suit the most critical. Mixed Colors, Pkt. 15c; 2 for 25c.

#### STEELE'S PANSIES

Golden Gate. A fine, large golden yellow with dark blotch. Strong growth, highly resistant to summer heat. Pkt. 25c.

Grand Duke Michel. Pure white with delicate rays. Dwarf compact plants covered with blooms all summer. An excellent strain for color effects and the largest pure white. Pkt. 25c.

Improved Sea Blue. Swiss. A genuine blue pansy. Uniform color, fine for borders. Makes a beautiful showing. Pkt. 25c.

Madame Steele. Jumbo purple selection now offered for the first time. Wonderful for adding velvet violet shades to your pansy collection. No faded or magenta tones. Pkt. 25c.

MASTODON JUMBO MIXED—Steele's. Flowers up to 5 inches in diameter. Many new and unique colors—pastel pinks, apricots, yellows, blues, brass tones, copper bronze, purple, red, in two and three color combinations. Fine for cutting and forcing. Packet 35c.

# PANSY-BUTTERFLY HYBRIDS

A rainbow collection originated by Steele, culminating 10 years of hand pollenization of special selections. A pastel strain with colors in pink, buff, overlaid in pink or bronze, orchid, lavender, yellow, from delicate pale gold to rich orange, pastel red, salmon, coral, rose, all overlaid with a delicate bronze cast. Abundantly ruffled, frilled, fluted, and marked with sun rays and blotches of butterfly sheen metallic jewel tones. Fkt. 50c.

SWISS GIANT or ROGGLI. Within the last few years strain has been remarkably improved in every way. The plants are of exceptionally strong and robust growth, very compact in habit and they produce immense circular flowers for a long blooming season. Mixed. Fkt. 25c.

#### PASSIFLORA, Passion Flower, P

Most interesting and well known climber, bearing singularly beautiful flowers. Height, 10 to 12 feet. Edulis. Blue and white. Pkt. 10c.

# NEMESIA, A

A splendid border plant with the widest range in color. Is very early, a continuous bloomer, and stands a lot of hardship. If topped and watered when beginning to seed it will start blooming all over again.

Triumph Mixed. Mixture of short varieties. Pkt. 10c.

# NEMOPHILA, A

Insignis. Splendid flower for garden decoration. Bright colors such as blue, white and violet. 6 inches high. Pkt. 10c.

# NIGELLA, Love-in-a-Mist or Devil-in-the-Bush, A

Compact growing, free flowering plants with curious looking, showy flowers and finely cut foliage.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

# NICOTIANA, Flowering Tobacco, A

A very showy plant, producing star-shaped flowers of delicious perfume. Taken up in the fall, cut back and potted, will bloom freely all winter. Half hardy annual; 3 feet high.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

# NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA Dwarf Cup Flower, P

With the possible exception of Zinnia Linearis, Nierembergia Hippomanica will outbloom any flower we have grown. It starts flowering when the plants are only about two inches tall, that is about 15 weeks after the seed is sown, and keeps on up until heavy frosts of late fall. It is at all times neat and tidy looking, the young flowers coming and covering older flowers and seed pods. Lovely lavender-blue shade. 5 in. Pkt. 15c.

Nierembergia Purple Robe. A very fine deep violet purple shade of this very popular dwarf Nierembergia. Purple Robe maintains its deep color even in full sun and does not fade even in the hottest climate. The plant has a neat, compact, extremely free flowering habit, is only 6 inches tall, with a mature spread of some 10 to 12 inches. A half-hardy perennial, Purple Robe blooms the first year from seed in about 15 weeks. Pkt. 25c.



NIEREMBERGIA HIPPOMANICA

# PENTSTEMON, Beard Tongue, P

Brilliant bell-shaped flowers borne on long spikes, and produced abundantly all summer. Colors range through red, rose, cherry, carmine, pink and purple. We feature the "Sensation" which ranks with the Petunia in beauty. Height, 2 feet. Every branch a spike of color. Mixed Colors only. Pkt. 10c.

#### PETUNIA, A



PETUNIA PLANTING

During the whole season Petunias are covered with large, showy blossoms, which are always bright and fresh, in spite of heat and drought. They are of an almost infinite variety of color and markings, and quite as varied in form; large and small, fringed and plain, double and single. Annual. Sow seed very thinly indoors under glass. Care should be taken to save the weaker seedlings as they produce the finest flowers. Transplant to garden when soil is warm. They grow from 5 inches to 2 feet, according to variety.

#### GRANDIFLORA — Large Flowering

America. All-America Silver Medal Winner. Flowers are rosepink of medium size, 2 inches and more across. Plants are hybrida nana compacta, 1 foot in height and 18 inches in width. Ideal for beds, borders or edgings as well as pot-plants. Fkt. 50c.

Elk's Pride. Very large deep purple. Pkt. 25c.

Flaming Velvet. Petunia Flaming Velvet has caused a sensation because of the uniform excellence of its velvety, rich, blood-red flower. Pkt. 25c.

Radiance. A cerise rose, very intense with a golden yellow throat. Pkt.  $25\varepsilon$ .

**Theodosia, Improved.** A fine variety of fringed petunia that has maintained its popularity for many years. Fine, rich rose with a golden throat. Blooms are from 3 to  $3\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter, nicely frilled. Petunia Theodosia starts to flower when small and never stops. **Pkt. 25c.** 

SINGLE BALCONY PETUNIAS. A splendid large and free-flowering type for window boxes, vases, hanging baskets, etc. The flowers average 3 inches across.

Mixed Colors only. Flt. 15c.

SINGLE BEDDING PETUNIAS. These Petunias are used extensively for mass plantings. The dwarf varieties are ideal for edgings to taller plants, bedding, borders, and for pot culture, while the spreading varieties lend themselves admirably for large beds, borders and porch boxes. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Glowing Rose. The intense brilliance of this new low-growing Petunia makes it the most conspicuous of all the single bedding Petunias. Flants are mound-shaped and of unusual uniformity, completely covered with glowing rose flowers larger than most other low-growing varieties. Ideal for low borders and edging. Illustrated in color on inside front cover. Pkt. 25c.

Celestial Rose. A fine color of deen, satiny rose, compact in growth and very free flowering. Pkt. 10c.

Fire Chief. Only all-America winner for 1950. Fire Chief is in the Hybrida Nana Compacta class, a dwarf, compact growing, bedding Petunia. Growing to 12 to 15 inches high. Bright scarlet red, a color lacking in this class until now. Fire Chief blooms early and continuously until frost, producing a wealth of bloom all summer. (See color picture on front cover.) Pkt. 50c.

Heavenly Blue. Enchanting shade of light silvery blue. Dwarf. Fkt. 10c.

Rose of Heaven. The flowers are quite large, of handsome form, brilliant rose pink with throat lightly suffused with yellow. Fkt. 10c.

Rosy Morn. Rose, extra select, white throats, dwarf. Pkt. 10c.

White King. A good, free flowering white of nice size. Fairly tall grower. Pkt. 10c.

RUFFLED GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA. Ruffled monsters, a half dwarf type of erect and robust habit. The flowers are very large and ruffled, with open shallow throats. The colors are mostly the desired

red and dark shades, richly marked and veined. Ramona strain. Mixed colors.

Any five 25c packets \$1.00



PETUNIA, EXTRA DWARF GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA

#### PHLOX, Decussata, P

Large, compact heads of bloom from mid-summer until fall. 2 to 4 feet. Wide range of colors. Sow seed early in boxes and transplant seedlings once before placing in permanent location. This perennial usually blooms the first season. Seed germinates very slowly.

Mixed colors only. Pkt. 25c.

#### PHLOX DRUMMONDI, A

A valuable and showy annual highly esteemed for bedding, for massing and for borders. The plants grow about 1 foot high, thrive in practically any soil if given a sunny location and bloom the entire season. Seed may be started in boxes and transplanted or sown in the open in spring. Mixed Colors. Plat. 15c.

Dwarf-Extra Choice Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

#### PHLOX GIGANTEA

Gigantea Art Shades. This new strain has very large flowers in lovely passel colors. Mixed Colors. I kt. 15c.

STAR VARIETIES. The petals of these flowers have fringed or toothed edges, darker centers, and margins of a different shade, giving them the appearance of twinkling stars. Otherwise, they are similar to the large flowering kinds.

Choice Mixed. Pkt. 15c.

#### PHYSALIS, Chinese Lantern Plant, P

This hardy biennial plant grows to a height of about 2 feet and is a profuse bloomer, producing many large, striking seed pods of a beautiful, brilliant orange red color. Pkt. 10c.

#### PINKS, Dianthus



A charming class of annual and perennial flowers for beds, borders, edgings, and cutting. The dwarf, rather compact plants a verage 1 foot in height. Of easiest culture, succeeding in ordinary garden loam. Blooms from July until frosts.

PINKS

DIANTHUS TETRAPLOID HEDDENSIS. Entirely new variety combining the large flowers of Heddewigi with the long-stemmed habit of Chinensis. More tolerant of extreme temperatures than either of its parents. For cutting.

Finest Mixed. All Dianthus colors plus a new salmon shade. Pkt. 15c.

Gaiety. Large single fringed, all colors. Mixed.

Westwood Beauty. Shades of red. Pkt. 15c.

PERENNIAL DIANTHUS. Perfectly hardy, strong clumps producing wealth of blooms. Fragrant. Single and Double Mixed. 14t. 15c.

Allwoodi Alpinus. Perennial flowering first year from seed. 4 to 6 inches. Single and semi-double flowers. A gem for rockeries. Mixed. Fkt. 15c.

Cyclops (Clove Pinks). Perennial. 12 inches. Exquisite range of colors. Pkt. 10c.

#### POPPY

Annual Poppies should be sown as early as possible in the spring where they are to remain as they do not transplant readily. It is advisable to mix the seed with builder's sand, using about 25 times as much sand as seed, and then carefully broadcast seed on the surface of the ground and firm well. Plants should be thinned out to stand about 6 inches apart for best results. Seed may be sown in rows also and in succession up to the middle of May.

GARTFORD GIANT ART SHADES. A new strain of increasingly popular Iceland Poppies. Fine large flowers on long wiry stems. Color range includes all pastel shades. Burning or dipping ends of stems in hot water improves the lasting qualities. Flat. 15c.

NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy). This hardy Poppy slightly resembles the delicately formed annual Shirley. However, the plants are somewhat different in habit and contain many shades of yellow and orange. 18 in. Perennial. Single Mixed. Fkt. 10c.

ORIENTALE. These are the royal members of the Poppy family. They are majestic in all their characteristics, have magnificent foliage, sturdy stems, huge cup-shaped flowers with crinkled petals, and large decorative pods. 2½ feet. Mixed. Fkt. 10c.

SHIRLEY. Known as the Flanders Field Poppy of the World War I. The plants with their deeply cut foliage, slender hairy stems, and silky petaled blossoms, often fluted, present a delicate airy picture as they nod in the slightest breeze. 18 inches. Single and Double Mixed. Fkf. 10c.

# PORTULACA, Moss Rose, A

Brilliant hardy annual, of easy culture; excellent for massing in beds, edging or rock work, thriving best in a light, sandy soil and a sunny situation. Flowers of the brightest colors.

Double Mixed

Single Mixed.

Single Jewel. This new Portulaca is four times larger than the ordinary strain, and of a brilliant deep crimson coloring. It is as free flowering as smaller varieties. I kt. 25c.

#### PRIMULA, Primrose

Beautiful early spring flowering perennials with colorful blooms of varied forms. They prefer half-shade and rich, moist, but well-drained soil. Fine for edgings, borders and rock gardens; most effective if planted in groups. Seed is slow to germinate. If you want pot plants in winter sow seed in March or April.

Malacoides (Baby Primrose). Annual. Large flowers in profusion on long stems; lavender pink. Pkt. 25c.

#### HARDY PRIMROSE

Vulgaris. Common Primrose. Flowers bright yellow; fragrant. Pkt. 15c.

Japonica. Hardy primula, sends up flower stalks 1½ feet in height. Plant in damp and semi-shaded areas. Mixed. Pkt. 25c.



PRIMULA ACAULIS

Acaulis—Blue Shades. The Acaulis primrose precedes the Polyanthus in bloom and bears its wealth of large blossoms on individual stems instead of clustering at the top of a stalk. Fkt. \$1.00.

Our Superb Mixture (Polyanthus). The finest mixture available. Large flowering and a splendid range of colors, Cultural directions included. Fkt.  $50\varepsilon$ ,

#### **AURICULA**

AURICULA—Large flowered strain, mixed colors, including shades of blue, tan, yellow, purple, red, white and pastel tones. The blossoms are particularly effective in small flower arrangements. It blooms from April till June and again in the fall. Pkt. 25c.

#### PYRETHRUM, Painted Daisy, PF

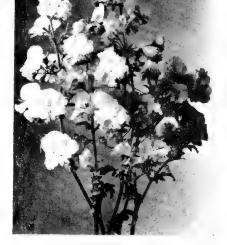
Their large flowers, well named Painted Daisies, blossom with the tall Iris and continue through June. A second crop will come if the first growth is cut back. They are easily grown from seed. 1 to 2 feet. Single and Double Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

# RUDBECKIA, Cone Flower, AF

Bicolor Superba. Bright yellow flowers having a brown central disk. Blooms all summer. Very fine as cut flowers. 2 feet. Purpurea, P. Large flowers of reddish purple. 4 feet. Pkt. 10c.



SALPIGLOSSIS



SCHIZANTHUS



TETRA SNAPS

# SALPIGLOSSIS, Painted Tongue, AF

Undoubtedly one of the most attractive annuals and should be in every garden. The blossoms are tube-shaped much like a petunia, but rivaling the latter in the beautiful colors dis played. Each flower is veined with a glint of gold, and it is the only flower to our knowledge possessing this odd characteristic. The Salipglossis is deservedly known as the Orchid of Hardy Annuals. If you are not familiar with this, try one package and we know your garden will always contain it after you have seen it. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### SALVIA, Scarlet Sage, A

The Scarlet Sage is an indispensable bedding plant. Its fine qualities and unusually rich color make it the most effective material to bring color into the summer and fall garden. Suited for beds, borders, or as individual specimens. Start the seed indoors or in the hotbed early and set out when the weather has become settled.

Zurich. Early flowering sort. Dwarf. Pkt. 15c.

Splendens. Tall Red. Pkt. 15c.

Bonfire. Medium height. Pkt. 15c.

Blue Beddder. Perennial. Deep blue, 3 feet. Pkt. 15c.

#### SAPONARIA, PR

A showy dwarf trailing plant, producing a sheet of vivid rose pink flowers. June-August. Fine for rockeries and edg

# SCABIOSA, Pincushion Flower, AF

These beautiful hardy annuals are in great demand. They grow about 21/2 feet high and bloom from early in July without interruption until cut down by the frost. As a flower for cutting they are very popular. The various shades are extremely charming. Seeds should be sown any time in the spring after danger of frost is past.

**Peace.** A new white Scabiosa, medium height, growing about 2 feet. Free flowering. Perfect form. Fkt. 10c.

Imperial Giant Blue Moon. An entirely new form of Scabiosa. A fully double flower, the pincushion being entirely eliminated. The color is a rich deep lavender blue, a shade that is beautiful indoors or out. Plants are extremely upright, growing 42 to 48 inches high, with long wiry stems making wonderful cut flowers. Fkt. 10c.

Imperial Hybrids. Brilliant mixture of all the Scabiosa colors in the new ball-shaped type. Fine for cutting. Pkt. 15c.

#### HARDY PERENNIAL VARIETIES

Caucasica, Giant Hybrids (Isaac House Strain). Fringed and ruffled, shades of blue from lavender to dark blue; very large flowers. Pkt. 15c.

Caucasica Alba. Pure white. Fine cut flower. Pkt. 15c.

# SCHIZANTHUS, Butterfly Flower, AF

One of our finest hardy annuals. Of easy culture in any good garden soil. Showy flowers of various colors, closely resembling some species of orchids. Also useful as pot plants for late winter and spring blooming; for this purpose sow in autumn. Does well in shade.

Giant Flowered Hybrids. Fine bright mixture, free flowering, compact pyramidal plants, 12 to 15 inches. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### SHASTA DAISY, PF

Single Shasta Daisy. Alaska pure white, Large flowers. Fine for cutting. Fkt. 10c.

Double Shasta Daisy. Diener's strain, reselected. Pkt. 15c.

#### ANTIRRHINUM, Snapdragon, AF

Snapdragons have always been universal garden favorites. They are fascinating flowers, with their interesting form and glowing colors. They are easy to grow and will bloom continuously until severe frost, making a wonderful display and supplying unlimited cut flowers. Ordinarily good garden soil will produce fine Snapdragons either in full sun or semishaded spots. Sow outdoors when danger of frost has passed, or indoors six weeks earlier.

#### NANUM GRANDIFLORUM Rustproof (Medium Height)

Finest Mixed. A mixture of good varieties. Pkt. 10c.

#### MAXIMUM GRANDIFLORUM Rustproof (Tall)

The tall varieties of Snapdragon offer a wonderful display of color for a little care. Pkt. 10c.

Alaska. White.

Campfire. Luminous scarlet.

Canary Bird. Canary yellow.

Cherry Rose. New!

Copper King. Bronzy copper.

Crimson, Fiery.

Loveliness. Soft rose pink.

Rosalie. Rose pink with gold.

Salmon Rose Shades.

Swingtime. Pink, white tube.

Velvet Giant. Dark red.

Finest Mixed.

TETRA SNAPS—Giant ruffled tetraploid snapdragons. The largest flower of all snapdragons; beautiful colors and combinations. Fkt. 25c.

# STATICE, Sea Lavender, A

Splendid plants, either for the border or rockery, producing all summer, panicles of small flowers, which can be dried and used for winter bouquets. 2 feet.

Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

LATIFOLIA. Perennial. Small purplish blue flowers; profuse bloomer. Dry for winter bouquets. 3 feet high.

#### STOCKS, Gilliflower, AF

These popular flowers are easily grown, are so highly fragrant, and of such great beauty that they deserve a place in every garden. The Early Giant Imperial class are half-hardy annuals.

DWARF TEN WEEKS. This early class forms dwarf compact plants that are excellent for edgings or low beds. They often do well in sections where plants of the later types cannot be grown. Mixed. I kt. 10c.

GIANT IMPERIAL (Improved Bismarck). Long stems and imposing spikes of large flowers make this the outstanding variety for florists. It is about as early as Beauty of Nice and resembles it in habit, except that the plant is somewhat less spreading and considerably taller, 2 feet. Fkt. 10c.

Blood Red. Elks' Pride. Shasta White.
Blush. Lavender. Yellow.
Chamois. Old Rose. Mixed.

#### STRAWFLOWERS Helichrysum AF

A fine mixture of everlasting flowers. All colors. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# SWEET ROCKET, Hesperis, P

An old hardy garden favorite. Fragrant flowers resembling perennial Phlox. Sow seeds early and transplant once before placing in permanent location. Height, 2.3 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# SWEET SULTAN, Centaurea Imperialis

Finest of all Sweet Sultans for cut flower purposes. The beautiful, artistic shaped flowers are borne on long, strong stems. They have a soft fragrance and add beauty to the garden picture. Mixed. Fkt. 10c.

# SWEET WILLIAM, Dianthus Barbatus, P

A well known, attractive, free-flowering hardy perennial, producing a splendid effect in beds and borders with their rich and varied flowers. 18 to 24 inches.  ${\bf Pkt.~10c.}$ 

Newport Pink. Watermelon pink or salmony rose color.



SWEET WILLIAM

Scarlet Beauty. Rich, deep scarlet. Rare color in hardy plants.

Single Varieties, Mixed. Blood Red.

White.

Double Varieties, Mixed

#### Dwarf Alpine Mixed Sweet William

Here is a new plant for your rock garden and perennial border, Dwarf Alpine Sweet William. It grows 4 inches in height and has a wonderful range of colors. Be among the first to grow this new Dwarf Sweet William. Mixed colors only.

#### THALICTRUM, Meadow Rue

Though not of bright and conspicuous color, the feathery flowers of the Thalictrums are decorative and interesting, and their leaves, resembling the maiden-hair fern, are attractive both in the border and when cut. They grow easily from seed. Dipterocarpum. 4 to 5 ft. Aug.-Sept. Very graceful plumes of rosy-purple flowers with conspicuous yellow anthers. Fkt. 10c.

# THUNBERGIA, Black-eyed Susan

Beautiful, rapid-growing annual climber, preferring a warm, sunny situation; used extensively for hanging baskets, vases, low fences, etc. Very pretty flowers in buff, white, orange, etc., with dark eyes. 4 feet. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

# TITHONIA, AF

Fire Ball. Grows 6-8 ft. in height, bearing flowers  $4\frac{1}{2}$  to 5 inches in diameter. Brilliant scarlet orange with clear yellow center. Start early inside and set out after frost danger has passed. Pkt. 15c.

# TRITOMA, Red Hot Poker, P

A perennial, not strictly hardy, but will live through the winter with a protective covering of leaves or short manure. or the roots may be lifted and carried over winter in sand in a cellar.

Mixed Hybrids. Pkt. 10c.

# VERBENA, A

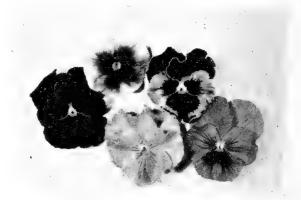
A favorite class of flowers splendid for beds, borders, cutting, and for medium sized and larger rock gardens. For quickest results start the seed indoors during February or March and transplant to flowering quarters during May. If sown outdoors in May the plants will bloom beginning late July. Mixed Colors. Fkt. 10c.

# VERONICA, Speedwell, P

An elegant hardy perennial plant of easy culture and free flowering habit. Of value as a cut flower or for the garden. Spicata. Bright blue flowers. 18 inches. Fkt. 10c.

# VALERIANA, Garden Heliotrope, P

Large heads of bright rosy red flowers with a delicate heliotrope-like fragrance. 2 ft. tall. Blooms June to October. Fkt. 10c.



VIOLA CORNUTA

# VIOLA CORNUTA Pansy Violets, Tufted or Bedding

This improved strain (Viola grandiflora hybrids) produces Pansy-like blossoms, about 1 inch across. The colors include white, lemon, orange, lavender, purple, blue, etc. They form perfect mats covered with flowers from spring until cold weather. They are hardy perennials, fine for permanent beds, edgings, etc. Many of them are highly violet scented.

Mixed Colors. Balanced mixture of all good colors. Pkt. 10c.

Apricot. Rich apricot, tinged orange. Pkt. 15c.

Yellow Perfection. Sulphur yellow. Pkt. 10c.

White Perfection. Pure waxy white. Pkt. 10c.

HELEN MOUNT. Two upper petals rich violet, two smaller lower petals are lavender and the lower petal is canary yellow with black lines radiating from the eye. Narrow bushy foliage. Very free blooming. Average height about 8 inches with about a 12-inch spread of plant. Fkt. 25c.

Chinese Blue. A round-faced type such as Jersey Gem, Chan treyland or Blue Perfection. Pkt. 25c.

#### VISCARIA, AF

Very showy and effective garden annual, producing freely throughout the summer large single flowers in red, white and blue shades. Very bright and effective for beds and useful for cutting, Brilliant Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

# VIRGINIAN STOCKS, French Forget-me-nots, RA

Small red, rose and white flowers about % in. across. Fine for edgings. For continuous display until fall, several successive sowings should be made about two weeks apart. 6 to 8 inches. Mixed Colors. Pkt. 10c.

#### WALLFLOWER, Siberain, P.

Fine Double Mixed. Long spikes closely set with large, double, sweet-scented flowers in bright oriental red and yellow colors. Nice cut flowers. May,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  to 2 feet. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Allioni. This unusual little plant deserves a place in your rock garden or low border. Upright spikes bear numerous four-petaled flowers of dazzling rich orange. Though a hardy biennial, it flowers the first season from seed and when established will bloom throughout the summer. Mixed. Pkt. 10c.

#### ZINNIAS, AF

One of the most showy and satisfactory of our hardy annuals for beds, mixed borders and for cutting purposes. Easy to grow in any good garden soil. They commence flowering early in the summer and continue until frost.

All Zinnias, Pkt. 10c; 3 for 25c

#### SPECIAL!

PICK ANY SIX PACKETS OF ZINNIAS

**DOUBLE DAHLIA FLOWERED.** 2½ feet. Enormous double flowers are produced by robust branching plants. The flowers usually have slightly hollowed centers ringed with small tubular florets. The petals are quite loosely placed and tend to curl at the edges, giving the blossoms a crisp, fresh appearance.

Canary Bird. Rich canary yellow.

Dream. Deep rosy lavender.

Eldorado. Salmon apricot.

Exquisite. Light rose, deep rose center.

Oriole. Orange and gold bicolor.

Polar Bear. White.

Will Rogers. Loveliest and most brilliant scarlet red.

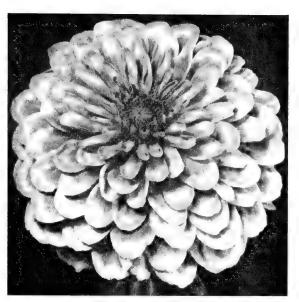
Mixed.



ZINNIA, HAAGEANA



HOWARD'S NEW GIANT CRESTED



ZINNIA, CALIFORNIA GIANT

CALIFORNIA GIANT. Our special strain of this favorite produces flowers of colossal size, specimens measuring from to 6 inches across being not unusual. The plants are of extremely robust habit, attaining a height of about 3 feet, and should be placed 18 to 24 inches apart to allow for full development. They bear numerous semi-globular, mostly very double flowers all of the largest size, making them of great value in large beds, borders, etc. Grown under favorable conditions they remain in bloom from early summer to late au tumn. Their long stems make them ideal for cutting.

Brightness. Bright pink. Orange King. Orange scarlet. Crimson Queen. Rich crimson. Purity. Best white.

Daffodil. Canary yellow.

Lavender Queen.
Miss Willmott. Soft pink.

Mixed Colors.

**CROWN 0' GOLD.** Desert Gold is an aristrocrat among Zinnias. The flowers are large, double and well formed, on good cutting stems, generously produced on plants which reach a height of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  to 3 feet. It is a good garden variety but its main claim to individuality and distinction is the delightful color combination of the flowers. The variety comprises the

Salmon Queen.

Violet Queen.

light and deep shades of gold while each petal is overlaid at the base with a deeper golden yellow. Pastel Shades.

HOWARD'S GIANT CRESTED ZINNIA. Its colors are charmingly bright and fresh, and contain almost all known colors and shades of color to be found in this most popular of annual plants. Magnificent shades of orange, orange scarlet, yellow, rose, maize and crimson predominate. The blossoms average from 4 to 5 inches in diameter, with a full rounded cushiony center surrounded by broad guard petals after the style of a Pyrethrum Roseum As a cut flower, or as an annual for garden ornamentation, they are without a peer. Mixed. Pkt. 25c.

SCABIOUS FLOWERED. Among the oddest and most attractive Zinnia forms, bearing a remarkable resemblance to the annual Scabiosa. The plants are extremely free flowering, 2 to 2½ feet high, giving a wealth of bloom throughout the summer. While the color range includes all popular shades, it is particularly rich in shades of crimson, scarlet, orange, yellow and pink. Mixed Colors.

#### **Fantasy**

The most distinctive new Zinnia. As different from the ordinary formal Zinnia as one could imagine, the delicate, lacy petaled flowers lend an air of friendly informality to the garden or flower arrangement. The rounded, medium-sized shaggy flowers are borne profusely on 2½ to 3-foot plants, in a wide and varied color range which includes the brightest shades of red, yellow and orange, as well as the popular pastel pinks and cream.

Finest Mixed. Stardust. Yellow. Wildfire. Red.

ZINNIAS-Continued on page 32

# INNIA, LILLIPUT

#### ZINNIAS—Continued

#### DWARF SORTS

For a beautiful display of color and for continuous blooms, Dwarf Zinnias are unexcelled. They are  $r\epsilon al$  cut flowers and will last well in the house. Try some.

**DOUBLE LILLIPUT.** 12 inches. A charming dwarf which is excellent for low borders or edgings. The plants are of tidy habit and produce a bounteous supply of very double poinpon flowers about 1½ inches across. The colors are bright and well varied.

#### Mixed Colors.

#### Pastels Mixed.

HAAGEANA DOUBLE (Mexican Hybrids). The small flowered Mexican Zinnias have a charm all their own. The smaller flowers lend themselves to bedding and make a brilliant display and yet have stems long enough to make fine bouquets for small vases and bowls. The mixture contains many attractive colors and color combinations. Finest Mixed.

TOM THUMB. These tiny flowered Zinnias have a charm the larger ones can never attain, and make a brilliant display. They come in attractive color combinations, red tipped gold, salmon and gold, primrose yellow with a hundred unusual intermediate shades. All colors mixed.

#### Linearis

The most unusual and interesting of the newer Zinnias is the little dwarf variety, Linearis. The flowers, which are single, are a lovely shade of golden orange, with a delicate lemon yellow stripe through each petal, while the center is dark brown in the young flowers, turning golden orange as the pollen develops. It is extremely early blooming, commencing to flower when the plants are about 6 inches tall.

# CREEPING MINIATURE ZINNIA

#### (Sanvitalia)

Like tiny Zinnias, golden with purple centers, single and double. The plants creep over the soil. Bloom from June until frost. Fkt. 15c.

# ROCK GARDEN ANNUALS

#### Mixed

This mixture of over 30 varieties, not exceeding 12 inches in height, will provide blooms throughout the entire season. Planted as early as possible, the gardener should have blooms by the end of May. A succession of blooms will follow until late fall, when frost will destroy the flowers. A second lot of blooms may be enjoyed on most plants if they are cut back to two inches of the crown and properly watered. Pkt. 15c.



# ROCK GARDEN PERENNIALS

#### Mixed

A mixture of over 50 rare rock garden perennials with a max mum height of six inches. Some of the items will bloom almost as soon as the frost is out of the ground. Others will bloom later in the year, insuring the grower blooms all season. A planting, carefully made in a suitable place, should remain a beauty spot for a number of years without reseeding if given minimum care. Pkt. 25c.

# GIANT SPENCER



#### CULTURE OF SWEET PEAS

Sow as early in the spring as the ground can be prepared in rich, deeply worked soil with good drainage. Cover the seeds about 2 inches deep with fine soil and supply support to the growing vines before they grow too large. Keep well watered during dry periods. One ounce of seed will plant a row about 15 feet long.

#### BLUE

Chinese Blue. By far the best of the rich blue shades—a clear, pure color.

Reflection. Clear cornflower blue. Unusually vigorous, extra long stemmed. Flowers of splendid substance and beautifully waved. Today's most popular and best clear blue.

#### CERISE

Grand Slam. Bright scarlet cerise.

Mrs. A. Searles. Salmon-cerise, emerging into a soft oriental-red. A remarkable and distinct color.

# CREAM

Grand National. Considered the best of its color. An improved

What Joy. Primrose, shading to cream. A charming tone and so far the nearest approach to a true yellow.

#### CRIMSON

Red Boy. The very best crimson. It is a first class sweet pea for all purposes, especially for general garden culture. Rubicund. Crimson scarlet.

# IVORY

Sunkist. Cream picotee edged rose.

#### LAVENDER

Ambition. Rich deep lavender, with a darker shade on the base of the standard and wings when young, lessening as the bloom ages. Gold medal and Award of Merit, National Sweet Pea Society Trials.

Powerscourt. A clear pure lavender. Has been considered the best lavender for a number of years.

#### MAROON

Warrior. Rich chocolate maroon. A magnificent variety which has held its place and popularity for a number of years.

#### MAUVE

Chieftain. Satiny mauve. Best of its color.

## NAND CUTHBERTSON SWEET PEAS

Pirate Gold. Golden orange, deeper than Guinea Gold and brighter than Prince of Orange. It withstands hot sun.

Prince of Orange. Brilliant orange. Unsurpassed in this color class for vigor, size of flower and long stems. Gorgeous under artificial light.

PINK

Pinkie. Rose-pink with large and frilled flowers. This variety is seldom affected by weather conditions and first class blooms can be cut all during its long blooming period.

Floradale. A most artistic flower of rich salmon-pink on cream ground. It received the Award of Merit of the National Sweet Pea Society of Great Britain.

Mayfair. The best, largest and richest colored shell-pink on white ground. Very sweetly scented. Award of Merit, Nauonal Sweet Pea Society Trials.

Jack Hobbs. Cream-pink, flushed scarlet. One of the largest Sweet Peas ever introduced. Gold Medal. Award of Merit, National Sweet Pea Society Trials.

Miss California. This beautiful Sweet Pea is unsurpassed for either exhibition or general cutting purposes. The color is a most distinct and beautiful shade of rich pink, deeply flushed and shaded with salmon.

Mary Pickford. A beautiful dainty, cream pink with just the faintest suffusion of salmon, making a color combination of delightful beauty. Flowers large, decidedly waved on long stems. A novelty of real merit.

GIANT SPENCER, Pastel colors. We have specially blended this mixture to please the most exacting. Contains all the best pastel shades so popular for cutting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 4 oz. 75c.

GIANT SPENCER MIXED. This superb mixture has been formulated to afford unusual richness and brilliancy. It contains the finest named sorts, and we have endeavored to make it the choicest blend possible. Pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c.

> Prices on SPENCERS - Separate Colors: Pkt. 10c; any three pkts. 25c; 1 oz. 35c.

> > PURPLE

Olympia. Deep rich purple of graceful form and immense size. Gold Medal, Scottish National Sweet Pea Trials.

SALMON

Salmon Gigantic. This new salmon-pink has great plant vigor, enormous sized blooms which are nicely waved and frilled, and produced on fine long stems. Best of its color.

Smiles. Clear glistening salmon, best describes this exquisite variety. The large flowers are beautifully waved and fluted.

SCARLET

Red Supreme. Bright red without the dull maroon cast common to most sweet peas of this color group. Long stems. An improvement in every way.

Welcome. By far the best and most brilliant, dazzling, scarlet Sweet Pea. For exhibition or gardens it is supreme. Absolutely sunproof. Silver Medal, Scottish National Sweet Pea Society.

#### WHITE

Sextet Queen. Pure white flowers of perfect form and of great substance. Normally produces five-flowered stems when grown under ordinary conditions. When grown for exhibition on the Cordon system, will give six flowered stems with quite a number of sevens. Black seeded. Award of Merit, National Sweet Pea Society Trials.

### SPECIAL OFFER

In Braeger's Spec'al Collection we offer NINE SEPARATE PACKETS 50c

Finest varieties grown Sextet Queen. Pure White. Pinkie. Deep rose pink. Grand National. Fine yellow. Chinese Blue. Pure blue.
Smiles, Salmon.

Floradale. Deep cream pink. Ambition. Lavender. Pirate Gold. Deep orange.

### CUPID, DWARF, OR BEDDING SUMMER SWEET PEAS

These are summer-flowering Sweet Peas for the garden where they may be used for beds and borders as they grow 6 inches high and about a foot wide. They bloom from June until late summer. Price, pkt. 10c; 1 oz. 35c. Choice Mixed.

### GIANT RUFFLED SWEET PEAS

Giant Ruffled Sweet Peas are a somewhat new development in Sweet Peas. They are distinguished by the unusual duplex ness and extra frilliness of the flowers. This gives a double appearance to the large, wavy and ruffled flowers which makes them so distinct. For a new delight in Sweet Peas try Giant Ruffled Sweet Peas this year.

Price on Following Separate Colors: Pkt. 10c; 3 for 25c; oz. 35c.

Bonnie Ruffles. It is a wonderful variety, unusually large, long stemmed, and of a most distinctive coloring, one that is difficult to describe-salmon-pink on rich cream, the pink becoming a little deeper towards the edge of the standards and wings.

Burpee Blue. Flowers are large, beautifully waved, heavily ruffled and duplexed, and of a distinct dark blue, clear and uniform throughout. It is outstanding in its color class.

Crinkles. The blooms of Crinkles are very large, wonderfully ruffled, and delightfully frilled. A most gorgeous shade of rich cerise-pink suffused coral, somewhat lighter colored on

Ruffled Crimson. Flowers are of the largest size, heavily ruffled and duplexed, and extra long stemmed. Rich satiny crimson that deepens a trifle towards the edge of both the standard and wings. Much admired.

Fluffy Ruffles Improved. The first of the famous Burpee Giant Ruffled Sweet Peas with dainty cream-pink duplexed and frilled, almost globular, flowers.

Lady Ruffles Improved. Beautiful soft pink on white ground, the warm glow of color running well down to the base of the standard and wings. Received the Gold Medal of the Scottish National Sweet Pea Society. Attractive.

Ruffled Orchid. Lavender-pink with pastel-mauve sheen that produces an orchid shade. Flowers well ruffled.

Ruffled Exquisite. Scintillating salmon-cerise with a glow of deeper salmon in the standard. Flowers are of the largest size, wonderfully ruffled and duplexed, full of life and sparkle; very lovely color.

Ruffled White. The outstanding white-seeded white Sweet Pea; gigantic flowers which are beautifully ruffled, with duplex and triplex standards. Often five blooms to a spray.

GIANT RUFFLED SWEET PEAS, MIXED COLORS. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c.

### CUTHBERTSON SWEET PEAS

Greatest development in sweet peas for many years. Heat and summer drought are no longer the end of the sweet pea in the garden. Ten years of selection and development from one vigorous growing plant discovered in a row of ordinary sweet peas has resulted in this fine new type. The vigor and heat resistance prolongs the blooming season tremendously. This alone would be a great advantage, but long stems, large flowers, and exquisite colors are added attractions for garden

### **New Cuthbertson Strain**

We offer you an ideal range of colors in the following selected varieties:

Carol-Clear Pink Danny-Navy Blue Kenneth-Crimson Liza-Maroon

Frank G.—Lavender

Marion-Cream

Janet-White

### INTRODUCTORY OFFER

Above collection of 7 separate colors—Value \$1.05 For only 75c

Planting. Sow seed in February, March, and April for Pacific Northwest. In California August and September for early bloom, November to January for summer. In eastern states February to April as soon as soil can be worked.

Choose a place where the vines will get early and late sun, but not during the hotter part of the day. Rich, loamy soil will give best results and careful and deep preparation is desirable.

### GLADIOLUS BULBS

GLADIOLUS, SPOTLIGHT

Available from January to June

Our stock of Gladiolus Bulbs is the best grade obtainable. We stock only the top size No. 1 bulbs. After viewing the newer varieties in the growers' fields and at the shows, we are replacing some of the old favorites with improved varieties at the same prices, and adding outstanding new varieties.

#### FLYING FORTRESS

The sensational novelty that won Grand Sweepstakes at the 1949 Oregon State Fair. Smoky lavender grey with pink veins and red throat. Excellent keeper. Limited stock. 75c ea.; 6 for \$4.00.

NOVELTIES

20c each; 6 of One Variety, \$1.00; 12 of One Variety, \$1.75

Dieppe. Immense salmon red, deeper blotch.

Miss Wisconsin. Fine deep lavender rose.

Spotlight. Sensational yellow with scarlet throat.

NEWER VARIETIES

Bolero. Light brown, twisted petals, large red blotch.

Buckeye Bronze. Smoky bronze, red lip, darker edges.

Burma. Huge ruffled rose red.

Crinkle Cream. Large ruffled light yellow.

Elizabeth the Queen. Tall ruffled lavender.

R. B. Huge coppery brown with a red blotch. Very popular.

Silver Wings. Huge ruffled silvery white, greenish throat. Susquehanna. Peach buff, cream throat. Fine keeper.

Above Varieties 15c each; 6 of One Variety, 70c; 12 of One Variety, \$1.25

### STANDARD VARIETIES

Beacon. Bright rose scarlet, large cream blotch.

Black Opal. Velvety blackish red.

Blue Beauty. Attractive mottled violet blue.

Chaumony. Cherry rose with a silvery edge.

Corona. Delicate cream white, rose picotee edge.

Commander Koehl. Velvety deep red. Very popular, King Click. Tall, bright red.

King Lear. Huge rosy purple, silvery edge.

Leading Lady. Beautiful, tall, creamy white

Margaret Beaton. Snow white with scarlet blotch.

Marguerite. Large, watermelon pink, cream throat. Oregon Rose. Silvery rose. Fine for cut flowers. Pandora. Soft rose pink. Top favorite. Picardy. Huge salmon pink.

Red Charm. Large, velvety deep red. Rosa Van Lima. Delicate silvery pink.

Royal Gold. Fine solid yellow.

Valeria. Best light red. Fine cut flower.

Above Varieties 10c each; 6 of One Var. 50c; 12 of One Var. 90c A Fine Mixture of No. 1 Bulbs, 75c Doz; 100 for \$5.00 All Bulb Orders for \$2.50 or Over Will Be Mailed Postpaid

### TUBEROUS BEGONIAS

Our superior strain of Tuberous Rooted Begonias is, without question, the finest obtainable. Grown on the Pacific Coast, they produce huge flowers of perfect form on strong stems. Bulbs are available from February to April. They should be started indoors in moist peat moss in a cool, light situation. After the roots are well formed they may be potted up in rich soil, or planted directly outdoors after May 1st. They are heavy feeders and thrive in partial shade.

Jumbo Size Bulbs—45c Each; \$4.25 Doz. Large Size Bulbs—30c Each; \$2.75 Doz.

Giant Camellia Double Type. Red White, Rose, Pink, Yellow. Orange, Salmon and Apricot.

Giant Fimbriata (Carnation Flowered Type). Red. Rose, Orange, Apricot, Yellow and White.

Giant Frilled (Crispa Type). Yellow, Dark Red, White, Rose, Pink, Salmon, Orange, Scarlet and Apricot.

Picotee Type. Double frilled type with darker edges.

Lloydii or Hanging Basket Type. Pink, Yellow, Rose, Red and

## NAMED VARIETIES Large Bulbs 75c Each; 3 for \$2.00

Autumn Glow. Cristata type. Huge flowers of deep copper and apricot

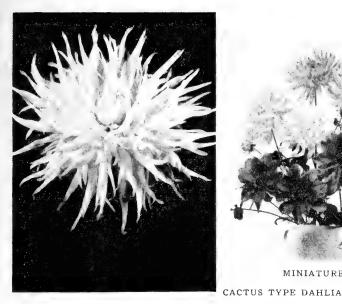
Fascination. A crispa frilled type. White with picotee pink

Red Triumph. A ruffled camellia double type. Deep velvety

Rose Dawn. Strong stemmed deep rose. Pink double. Sunset. Profusely frilled crispa type, copper with a red edge.

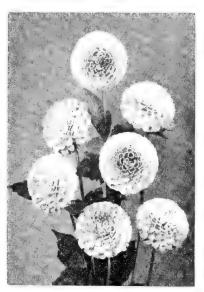


CAMELIA FLOWERED TUBEROUS BEGONIA









POMPON DAHLIAS

### **DAHLIA TUBERS**

#### Large Decorative Type

F.D.—Formal Decorative; I.D.—Informal Decorative Avalon (F.D.), 8-in, blooms of bright canary yellow, 50c ea. Azura (I.D.). 10-in. blooms of clear lilac. Vigorous show Dahlia.

Blue River (F.D.). 10-in. facing blooms of silvery lavender. 50c ea.

Chas. L. Mastick (F.D.). 10-in, compact blooms of bronzy orange. 60c ea.

Clara Carder (I.D.). 12-in. giant blooms of lavender pink. Showy. 50c ea.

Croydon Glory (I.D.). 12-in. lemon yellow giant. Choice. \$1 ea. Darcy Sainsbury (F.D.). 10-in. pure white perfect blooms. 75c ea. Hill's Supreme (I.D.) 8-in. clear rose pink. Fine cut flower.

Mayor Otis (I.D.) 13-in, giant blooms of bronzy orange. Huge. 75c ea.

Mrs. Geo. Le Boutillier (I.D.). 12 in. giant deep red. Popular. 50c ea.

Pink Giant (I.D.). 10-in. lush tyrean pink. Shaggy type. 75c ea. Royal Pennant (F.D.). 8-in, rich royal purple blooms. 50c ea. Town Topic (F.D.). 10-in, deep purple and white bi-color, 50c ea.

#### CACTUS AND SEMI-CACTUS TYPE

Andrie's Orange. 4-in, clear orange. Excellent keeper. 50c ea. Gala California. 8-in, attractive scarlet orange. \$1.00 ea. Jane Lausche. 12-in, rosy mauve with white tipped petals. \$2.00 ea.

Jersey Dainty. 8-in, pure white cactus. Very popular. 60c. ea. Mustang. 12-in, giant Australian pink. Outstanding. \$1.00 ea. St. Therese. 6-in. pink with white tips. Real dahlia finery.

Safan. 10-in. huge scarlet. Always very popular. 75c ea. Triumph de Paris. 5-in. lemon yellow with red tips. 75c ea.

#### MINIATURE, BALL AND WATERLILY TYPES

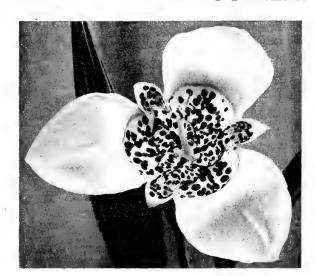
Baby Fonteneau (Min. I.D.). Popular little delicate rose. 75c ea. Bishop of Llandaff. 4-in. duplex. Deep scarlet and fine. 50c ea. Gerrie Hoeck. Delicate pastel pink water lily. Tops. 75c. ea. Helly Boudewijn. Satin white water lily type. Tops. 50c ea. White Fawn. Free blooming snow white miniature. 40c ea.

### POMPON TYPES—Small Flowers—Excellent Keepers All Pompons 35c each

Arthur Kerley. Deep ruby red. Betty Anne. Clear rich pink. Little David. Small, soft orange. Mary Munns, Pure lavender.

Joe Fette. Pure white. Sherry. Sherry wine. Tip Top. Raspberry red. Yellow Gem. Pure yellow.

### MISCELLANEOUS BULBS



TIGRIDIA

CANNA BULBS. Available from February to May. Valuable for bedding and accent points in borders. Slightly tender so a winter mulch is necessary for protection. Plant 6 inches deep in a rich, well-drained sandy loam.

The President. Immense bright red flowers. Green foliage. City of Portland. Silvery pink. Green foliage.

Red Humbert. Brilliant orange scarlet flowers.

Yellow Humbert. Yellow, spotted red. Dark green foliage.

Wyoming. Orange flowered. Very tall, Purple bronze foliage. Copper King. Giant flowered apricot.

Strong, Heavy Rooted Tubers-20c ea.; \$2.25 per doz.

TIGRIDIAS. Available from February to April. This popular tripelated Mexican Shell Flower is a sun lover, but demands moisture and a rich soil. Plant 4 inches deep. Can be wintered over if mulched. Exotic flowers in fine mixed shades, 6 for 60c; \$1.00 per doz.

TUBEROSES. Available from February to April. These sweet scented flowers are for indoor culture or outdoor planting. For outdoor planting tubers should be started indoors in pots and planted out after danger from frosts is over. Plant about 2 inches deep in rich soil.

Double Pearl. Double white flowers. 3 for 50c: 12 for \$1.50

All Bulb Orders for \$2.50 or Over Will Be Mailed Postpaid

### BRAEGER'S BEST LAWN GRASS AND FIELD SEEDS

Prices listed are subject to market fluctuations.



Oregon produces some of the world's finest lawn seed, and Braeger's buy only the best grades.

We take great pride in the quality of seeds we sell, and blend the best varieties in our mixtures to assure a uniform texture and luxurious turf. Years of experience guarantees you the best of results.

Consult our experts on lawn and field problems.

### BRAEGER'S UTILITY MIXTURE

An economy blend of fast-growing hardy grass, enduring superior for Northwest conditions.

Tough, long lasting, deep rooting grasses that are suited to playgrounds, parking strips, and athletic fields. 1 lb 75c; 10 lbs., 65c lb. NOT POSTPAID.

For those who desire plantings of a single variety or lawn grass, we offer grasses that are proven and recognized as suitable for hard usage under adverse conditions.

#### ASTORIA BENT

### (Agrostis tenuis Astoriana)

Long lived perennial, deep rooting; forms excellent turf. Endures acid conditions, heavy firm soil and heavy rainfall. Requires firm seed bed and plenty of moisture. Produces fine grass blades, erect growing. Used for most golf greens. If used for pasture, produces palatable grass 16 in. to 20 in. high. Seed February 1st to April 15th or September 1st to November 1st. Seed is very small. Sow at rate of 1 lb, per 250 sq. ft. or 7 lbs. to 10 lbs. per acre. 1 lb. \$1.55; 10 lbs., \$1.50 lb. NOT POST-PAID.

### SHADY BLUE GRASS (Poa Trivialis)

Long lived perennial requiring shade and moisture. Excellent grass for shady lawns, especially suited for Western Oregon conditions.

Does not endure intense sunlight or drought. Makes fair sod, but does not thrive under heavy tramping or close mowing.

Not recommended for single planting.

Sow at rate of 1 lb. per 200 sq. feet. 1 lb. \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$1.35 lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### HIGHLAND BENT (Agrostis tenuis, Oregonensis)

Grows well on poor, thin soil. Withstands long periods of drought, spreads by underground creeping stems. Fine bladed. long lived. Produces an excellent turf. 1 lbs. \$1.30; 10 lbs. \$1.25 NOT POSTPAID.

### WHITE CLOVER (Trifolium repens)

Short lived perennial; endures wide variance of soil and climate. Reseeds easily and thus endures for many years under favorable conditions. Shallow rooted; short creeping surface runners root at nodes frequently.

Makes dense turf; withstands tramping and mowing. Endures drought or excess moisture.

Makes excellent bee pastures, nutritious livestock forage, good ground cover.

Responds to fertilizers.

Most widely used lawn clover. Sow in spring at rate of 1 lb. per 100 sq. feet. 1 lb. \$1.50. NOT POSTPAID.

### BRAEGER'S SPECIAL LAWN SEED (Hormonized)

A splendid mixture of the best varieties of grass especially adapted to meet soil and climatic conditions of the Northwest.

This mixture is a well-balanced blend of Blue Tag Astoria Bent, Chewing's Fescue, Creeping Red Fescue, heavy Kentucky Blue Grass and Highland Bent. All are fine-bladed, deep rooting and long lasting.

The best grades only are used, thus assuring you a

mixture free from weed seed and chaff.
"Hormonized" is a treatment that greatly increases root growth, assures quicker germination and results in a firm turf.

Sow seed at the rate of 1 pound per 200 sq. ft. 1 lb., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$1.25 lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### SHADY LAWN MIXTURE

Many areas are so heavily shaded that it is difficult to obtain good turf from common mixtures.

Shady Lawn Mixture meets this requirement, due to additions of grass indigenous to these conditions.

A mixture of Shady Blue Grass (Poa Trivialis). Creeping Fescue, Bent, Kentucky Blue and other grasses enduring shade. I lb. \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$1.30 lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### **DURA-GREEN LAWN GRASS**

For those who like white clover in their lawn, we recommend this mixture. Dura-Green will stand hard wear. It is a skillful blend of White Clover, Kentucky Blue Grass, Chewing's Fescue and Creeping Red Fescue.

Adaptable to most Northwest soils.

Seed at rate of 1 pound per 200 sq. feet. 1 lb \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$1.15 lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### CHEWING'S FESCUE (Festuca rubra commutata)

Formerly imported and known as New Zealand Fescue. Long lived perennial, producing extremely fine blades, dense growth, drought resistant. Presents luxurious appearance.

Adapted to well drained, fertile soils, endures some shade. Fits in well with any mixture. Excellent lawn grass. Sow at rate of 1 pound per 150 sq. feet. 1 lb. 95c; 10 lbs., 90c lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### CREEPING RED FESCUE (Festuca rubra stolonifera)

Very fine leaved, long lived perennial, producing creeping extravaginal shoots (underground creeping roots). Forms dense sod, luxurious appearance. Endures more shade than Chewing's. Drought resistant, and tolerates more moisture.

Requires fertile soil for best results. Responds well to fertilizers. Suitable in pasture mixtures: grows 18"-20". One of the world's best lawn grasses. Sow February 1-April 15 or September 1-October 15, at rate of 1 pound per 150 sq. feet. 1 lb. 95c; 10 lbs., 90c lb. NOT POSTPAID.

### KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS (Poa pratensis)

One of the oldest lawn or pasture grasses. Long-lived perennial, starts early and grows well in late fall. Improves with Forms good sod, resists tramping and wear. Has excellent color. Requires moist soil of low acidity.

Adapted to many conditions. Requires liming. If sown for pasture, produces nutritious feed relished by all livestock.

Sow either spring or fall at rate of 1 lb. per 200 sq ft. 1 lb. \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$1.05 lb. NOT FOSTPAID.

### PERENNIAL (English) RYE GRASS

(Lolium Perenne)

A strong growing hardy pasture grass adapted to low poorlydrained soils.

Excellent grass in pasture mixtures.

Short lived perennial recommended for Western Oregon and Western Washington. Grows 15-24 inches high.

Seed February-April 1 or September 15-October 15 at rate of 20 lbs.-25 lbs. per acre. 1 lb., 30c; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

### FIELD SEEDS---CLOVERS---GRASSES Write for Prices!

ALTA FESCUE (Festuca elatior arundinacea)

The finest overall forage grass in existence. Produces more palatable, nutritious pasture over a longer period of grazing than any grass now known. Developed at Oregon State College. Adapted to w'de range of soils, roots very deep, grows 3 ft. to 4 ft. high. Extremely hardy.

Fields now growing since 1923 at O. S. C. from original seeding. Excellent companion for sub. clover or alfalfa.

Sow February 1 to April 15 or September 1 to November 1 at rate of 20 lbs. to 25 lbs. per acre.

### OREGON RYE GRASS (Lolium Multiflorum)

Sometimes referred to as Common Rye Grass. Winter annual, excellent spring pasture for low lands. Grows 18 inches to 36 inches high.

Seed September 1-October 15. 20 lbs.-25 lbs. per acre.

#### SMOOTH BROME GRASS (Bromus inermis)

Long-lived perennial adapted to regions of light rainfall and medium heavy soils.

Not adapted to coastal regions.

Excellent pasture or hay crop for east of Cascades. Seed 18 lbs. to 25 lbs. per acre in late spring.

### MOUNTAIN BROME (Bromus Marginatus)

Long-lived perennial adapted to a wide range of soil and climat c conditions. Excellent for Willamette Valley.

Nutritious and palatable. Good companion for alfalfa. Grows 18" to 36" high.

Seed September-November 1 at rate of 20 lbs.-25 lbs. per acre.

### TALL MEADOW OAT GRASS (Arrenatherum elatius)

Long-lived perennial adapted to fertile well-drained uplands. Used for pasture or hay. Good companion for alfalfa. Matures early for hay.

Will not endure shade or excess moisture.

Seed February 1 to April 1 or September 15 to November 1 at rate of 20 lbs.-25 lbs. per acre.

### MEADOW FESCUE (Festuca elatior)

For pasture mixtures on moist fertile soil. Starts early in spring and persists till late fall. Cold resistant. Grows 20-24 inches. Seed either fall or spring.

### MEADOW FOXTAIL (Alopecurus pratensis)

Excellent grass for low poorly drained land. Endures under water for long periods of flooding. Hardy. Long lived. Seed spring or fall at rate of 12 lbs.-18 lbs. per acre.

TIMOTHY (Phleum pratense)

Short-lived perennial adapted to fertile moist areas. Palatable hay or pasture. Used in most pasture mixtures. Seed spring or fall at rate of 8 lbs-10 lbs. per acre.

#### REED CANARY GRASS (Phalaris arundinacea)

A pasture grass for swamp ground; endures submersion for long periods. Long lived, hardy, enduring for many years. Recommended for land too wet for other crops. Seed spring or fall at rate of 6 lbs.-8 lbs. per acre.

### ORCHARD GRASS (Dactylis glomerata)

Old favorite pasture or hay crop. Withstands shade, heat, drought and heavy grazing.

Requires good drainage. Good companion for alfalfa. Seed February 1-April 15 or September 1-November 1 at rate of 20 lbs.-25 lbs. per acre.

### SUDAN GRASS (Sorghum vulgare sudanense)

Excellent catch-crop for pasture or hay. Requires well-drained warm soils, and abundant heat. Sow only in late spring, after ground is warm. (June 1-July 10).

Grows 36-80 inches high. Annual.

#### PASTURE MIXES

We carry various pasture grass mixtures and can supply you with the blends most suited for your particular needs.

### LADINO CLOVER (Trifolium repens latum)

Tall growing white clover extensively used for irrigated pastures. Grows 12-14 inches high.

Requires abundance of moisture.

Spreads by rooting at joints of creeping stems.

Very nutritious pasture clover. Seed April 1-June 15 at rate of 6 lbs. to 8 lbs. per acre.

#### RED CLOVER (Trifolium protense)

Widely grown legume for hay and pastures, especially well adapted to short crop rotations. Requires well-drained fertile soil, and an abundance of lime. Grows 20-30 inches high.

We buy only the best grade.

Seed at rate of 10 lbs. to 12 lbs. per acre from February 1 to June 1.

#### ALSIKE CLOVER (Trifolium hybridium)

Short lived perennial, but persists for years under favorable

Best suited to lowland and acid conditions, and cool moist climates. Endures poor drainage.

Produces excellent hay and pasture, growing 18-30 inches. Seed February to June at rate of 8 lbs. to 10 lbs. per acre.

### SUBTERRANEAN CLOVER (Trifolium subterranean)

A winter annual that reseeds readily and persists for years, furnishing abundance of high protein forage and relished by all kinds of livestock.

Introduced in the Pacific Northwest in 1941 from Australia, where it persists on poor land under scant rainfall; endures heavy rainfall if land is well drained.

Adapted to any type of upland soil. Spreads out by long surface creepers, burying its seed heads in the soil. Excellent companion for Alta Fescue.

Seed September 1 to November 1, but can be sown in spring. 10 lbs. to 12 lbs. per acre. (Needs specific innoculant.)

#### CRIMSON CLOVER (Trifolium Incarnatum)

A winter annual highly recommended for cover crop in orchards and for green manuring. Germinates quickly, grows rapidly.

Requires well-drained soil.

Seed at rate of 12 lbs. to 15 lbs. per acre.

September 1-October 1.

### YELLOW BLOSSOM SWEET CLOVER (Melitous officinalis)

A tall growing bennial grown for green manure, especially adapted to warm, dry areas.
Produces plants 28 to 48 inches with abundance of leaves

and stems. One of the best cover crops under proper condi-

Requires medium soils, warm climate and ample moisture. Will tolerate mild alkali but not recommended for cool. moist soils.

Seed April 1 to June 1.

(Needs specific innoculant.)

#### LOTUS CORNICULATUS

An excellent legume for pasture mixtures of Western Oregon and Western Washington.

Grows 15-30 inches high, furnishing nutritious forage, relished by all livestock.

Long lived perennial, hardy, and adapted to great soil varia-

ons. Tolerant to either mild acid soils or mild alkali. Seed April 15-June 1 at rate of 5 lbs.-6 lbs. per acre. (Needs specific innoculant.)

### LOTUS MAJOR (Lotus Wiginosus)

Long lived perennial legume especially suited for Western

Produces excellent forage as pasture. Spreads by underground creepers and fits in well with most pasture grasses. Seed April 15 to June 1 at rate of 5 lbs. to 6 lbs. per acre.

### ALFALFA (Medicago Sativa)

Grimm. Preferred by most Western Oregon and Western Washington farmers.

Ask us or write for particulars regarding your needs.

### GRAINS

Japanese Barnyard Millet. Pasture and hay. German or Golden Millet. Good forage crop. Red Hog Millet. For hog pasture. Rape (Dwarf Essex). Sheep pasture and green manure. Canadian Field Peas. Hay and ensilage. Austrian Winter Peas. Green manuring, hay, ensilage. Common Vetch. Green manuring, Hay. Hungarian Vetch. Finer stemmed and leafier.

Ask regarding Oats - Rye - Barley.

### READ CAREFULLY!

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR BETTER GARDENING

PRODUCTIVE GARDEN if it is well planned, will yield a large variety of fresh vegetables for your table.

Work out a complete plan of operation before you buy any seed or do any outside work. Be sure the vegetable garden will be in full sun more than half of the day.

Short beds are an advantage. They take less time to care for properly, therefore making a greater showing of accomplishment.

Outline the entire garden, including the paths and beds, with stout string fastened to stakes to make planting easier. Then place stakes for the first row and stretch a line between them. Repeat this before planting each row so it will be straight and all rows will be the correct distance apart.

Be sure your garden plot has good drainage. Standing water will ruin plants. There should be some protection against strong winds.

Essential tools you will need are spade (or fork), hoe, rake, and a small hand duster or sprayer.

A "spring gardener" lets his work go with neglect as soon as the weather is warm. So make a good start and keep going all season by doing a little bit each day. That is the advantage of the short row-it is never discouraging.

### LOCATION—PREPARING THE SOIL

Exposure for the vegetable garden should be sunny. No

common vegetable will grow under trees, or in the shade of buildings—only a few herbs will thrive under such conditions.

The garden should be as open and as sunny as possible. Sometimes buildings on adjacent lots may shade the garden a little, but if the sun reaches the soil at least half of the day,

you will be able to grow most any vegetable you desire.

Plan the vegetable rows to run from north to south. This direction gives the most benefit from the sun. Another way is to plant the taller kinds behind so that they never shade the small ones.

Good soil is as essential as sunlight to growing plants. Most soils will grow vegetables, or can be made suitable by thorough, deep spading and liberal applications of manure, peat or other humus material at that time. Dig as deep as the spading fork or spade will go, forcing it straight down before lifting and turning the soil over, breaking up all clods, Grass may be turned under to rot and make humus, but the roots of perennial weeds, like dandelions and thistles, should be removed. Throw out all large stones, building refuse and other material detrimental to growing plants.

### WHAT AND HOW TO PLANT

In selecting vegetables to plant include the ones your family should eat as well as the kinds they like. A well balanced diet is most important and should include green vegetables, vellow

vegetables, leafy vegetables, root vegetables, and tomatoes. Leafy or green vegetables for crisp salads. These are rich in vitamins and minerals.

Root vegetables, beets, carrots, turnips and onions, all rich in health-giving vitamins.

Vine vegetables—peas, beans, cucumbers, on the fence or trellis. The heavy-fruited types like vine squash, and pumpkin, should be grown on the ground as always, among the corn to save space

And don't forget the flowers! See next page.

### SOW SEEDS AT RIGHT TIME

We have the best seeds you can obtain. They are selected for high germination and purity through constant testing and selection.

Sow seeds at the proper season and avoid waste. We have the highest quality seeds available.

Work down the top soil with a rake until it is level, fine and in perfect physical condition, before attempting to plant

Seed should be sown thinly in shallow rills, made with a stick as shown in the sketch. To make the rows straight. follow a line of string stretched between stakes placed at either end of the row. The depth of this rill depends on the variety sown. Check with the depth of planting chart on page 21 before sowing seed.

Seed may be sown directly from the packet, or by rubbing a pinch of seed between the thumb and the first two fingers. This latter method gives a thinner distribution of the seed. Small seeds should not be thicker than 10 to the inch. Sow one row at a time and after each row, cover the seed lightly, touching the loose soil with a rake. Place the board used for walking between the rows on top of the sown seed and walk across it to firm the soil for better germination.

Treatment of the seed with Semesan will eliminate a great deal of damping off, and rotting of the seed after sowing, especially if sown during the wet weather.

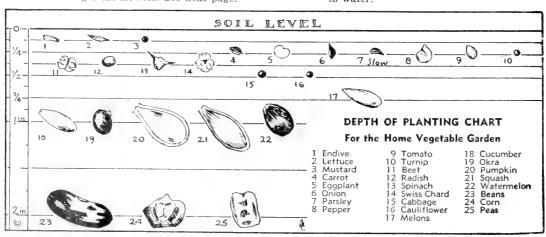
If the soil is moist, but not wet, at the time of sowing, watering will not be necessary before the seedlings are up. If it dries out, however, sprinkle carefully so as not to wash out the small seedlings.

### DON'T FORGET THE FLOWERS

The satisfaction of gardening comes not with the vegetable crop only. It is perhaps greatest when we can display the flowers we have raised. That is why flowers are by no means a luxury. Flowers for the house, fresh from the garden, are essential. Plant them so as to make the view from the house attractive and colorful.

### WATERING IS IMPORTANT

Watering will be necessary during the growing season. It should be done early enough in the day to evaporate drops of water from the leaves before nightfall. Water generously, soaking the soil deeply each time, rather than by quick "sprinkles" with the hose. In this way, the roots will grow deep, feed better and be protected from drouth, in case watering is missed during a hot dry spell. Once every week or ten days should be ample for most soils. No rules can be formulated to determine the necessity of watering. Observation of the soil, and testing with a shovel, will best determine when to water.



Cultural Instructions Continued on Page 39.

# SPACE SAVING IN THE VEGETABLE GARDEN

Simple expedients that save space in the garden and make better vegetables are always heipful to the home gardener. The average plan will call for the easier kinds: beets, carrots, swiss chard, leaf lettuce, onions and corn, all of which can be grown in small gardens. A few others, requiring a larger space, can be grown by training on poles, trellises, or fences. thus utilizing a minimum of soil space.

Other quick maturing kinds can be grown between rows of the slower growing, and longer maturing kinds, or even between the plants in the row. The ground then does double duty, and it is therefore quite essential to fertilize the soil in order to support these extra crops and to watch the watering more carefully for the demands of the garden will be greater.

Try a few of these methods—save the extra effort of a larger garden by intensively working a smaller area.

### USE PLENTY OF GOOD FERTILIZER

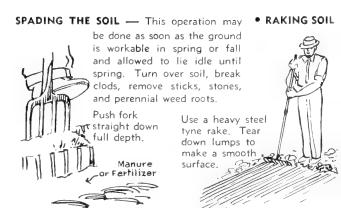
Fertilizers are very important. The food value of garden vegetables for human consumption depends greatly on their mineral content, derived from the soil. The vitamin content depends on the vigor of growth and the abundance of sunlight. Therefore the fertilizing of the soil is important to insure vigorous growth and healthy mineral and vitamin-rich vegetables. A good practice is to spade commercial fertilizer, balanced to supply the necessary proportions of nitrogen, phosphorus and potash. Later in the season, applications of fertilizers in small doses, as side dressings, keep vegetables in active growth. Ask us for special fertilizer formulas for vegetable gardens.

### CULTIVATE OFTEN

To conserve moisture and promote growth of plants, give a complete cultivation of the surface soil the day following each rain or watering. Be careful not to go deep in the soil, else the roots will be injured. Most plants benefit by frequent and regular cultivation. Beans and peas, however, need only a light cultivation until they begin to set flowers, when further cultivation may cause the buds to drop and reduce the crop.

### SPRAY AND DUST FOR PESTS

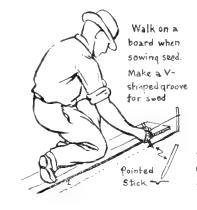
Insects and diseases may infest the vegetable garden but may never become a serious problem if one watches for evidence of damage and takes prompt action. Sprays and dusts are available in convenient packages to combat every garden pest. When spraying cover all parts of the plant and both sides of the leaves. Do a thorough job promptly and avoid a serious infestation.

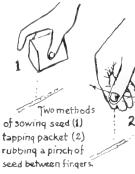


Plants are safer and easier to use for tomato (sketch), pepper, cauliflower, eggplant, celery and cobbage. Select vigorous plants properly hardened to resist cool weather. Protect with "Hotkaps" when









### IMPORTANT ORDERING SUGGESTIONS

All seeds quoted in this catalog are now shipped by Parcel Post, all transportation and packing charges paid by us, except as noted. C.O.D. and money order return fees are not considered as transportation charges and, therefore, must be paid for by the customer. Avoid them by sending remittance with order. Bulk seeds, such as Peas, Beans and Corn, in large quantities, are shipped to your nearest express or freight office, transportation collect. If you wish them shipped by Parcel Post, please send necessary postage. We do not ship nursery stock C.O.D. Remittance should accompany order.

SHIPPING ORDERS. When goods are to be shipped by Freight or Express, give plain shipping directions; otherwise we use our best judgment in routing. Goods on which we pay transportation are shipped at our option.

SEND MONEY. Remittances should always accompany the order. Remittances may be made at our risk by any of the following methods (1st and best) Post Office Order; (2nd) Bank Draft; (3rd) Express Company Money Order; (4th) Cash by

Express in amounts not less than \$50; (5th) Registered Letters. We also accept stamps in payment but the Postal Department asks us to discourage their use.

AN ORDER BLANK is in this catalog for your convenience. Print or write your Name. Post Office, County, and State plainly. If you have moved, give us your old address and we will change our mailing list.

WE GUARANTEE the safe arrival of your order.

NON-WARRANTY. We exercise the greatest care to have all of our seeds and bulbs of good quality and true to name. Once sold, however, their growing conditions are beyond our control. Therefore, we operate under the usual Seedsmen's Non-Warranty: We give no warranty, express or implied, as to the productiveness of any seeds or bulbs we sell, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price.

## BRAEGER'S PET DEPARTMENT

Braeger's maintain a large pet department, handling such well known brands of dog food as Spratt's, Chappel, Ken-L-Biscuit, Gaines and others. We invite inquiry on these items.



#### DELCREO REMEDIES

DELCREO FOR DISTEMPER, BLACK TONGUE, PNEUMONIA, ETC.

Delcreo, if promptly administered, will quickly rid system of germs which cause disease. Price, 2 oz. 75c; 4-oz. \$1.50; 16-oz. \$5.00.

DELCREO SOLUBLE SULPHUR OINTMENT A Soothing and Healing Antiseptic Salve

For application in all skin affections, such as eczema, mange, pustular eruptions and sores produced by scratching. Price, 1-oz. jar, 50c; 4-oz. iar, \$1.50.

For weak, sore, running, mattered, inflamed eyes and lids and for film or abscess on eye. Strengthens weak eyesight. 2 oz. 50c.

DELCREO SOLUBLE SULPHUR COMPOUND

An effective treatment for eczema, rheumatism or kennel lameness and as a blood purifier. It may be given as medication or may be added to the drinking water. Price, 4-oz. \$1.00.

DELCREO SOLUBLE BATH SULPHUR

For fleas, mange, eczema and other skin diseases. A mange cure, to be effective, must reach every part of the body. It is superior in every way to kennel soaps and dips containing coal tar, carbolic acid or other caustic chemicals. Price, 4-oz. bottle, \$1.00.

DELCREO WORM TABLETS

In order to simplify the treating of dogs and puppies for round or stomach worms, we have prepared the Delcreo Worm Tablets in two packages: "For Dogs" and "For Puppies and Toy Breeds." These tablets are very easy to administer and may be given to puppies of any age.

Postage Extra



### Quick Relief from Summer Eczema

The dog on the right suffered from typical Summer Eczema caused by external Parasites -NOT FOOD. The combination of HILO DIP and HILO OINTMENT corrected the trouble in three weeks. 25c; 50c and larger sizes. Pamphlet with many photos FREE.

### LED-O-SAN

A solubilized sulphur antiseptic. A treatment for Sarcoptic mange, and ringworm infections. 4-oz. bottle-\$1.00.

DOG TRIMMING CHARTS—25c



### QUADINE

Quadine your dog AGAINST ringworm, bruises, cuts, abrasions, dandruff scales and falling hair, ear and sarcoptic mange, fleas, lice and canker ear, wood tickets and mosquitoes.

IT WORKS OR MONEY REFUNDED. DO AS THE GREAT KENNELS DO

75c . . . \$1.25 . . . \$2.50

Set includes Atomizer . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$2.25 Postage Extra

# Dr. Howes'

**Veterinary Remedies** 

These remedies have been used since 1887 with remarkable success. They have stood the test of time and competition. Their purity is assured—and the duration of their use shows their efficiency.

DISTEMPER—Give MED. No. 3—Price \$1.00.

This preparation is the best for colds, distemper, loss of appetite, influenza and any run-down con-

No. 5—Price \$1.00.

This is a remedy par excellence for all cases of bowel trouble

WORM MEDICINE—Liquid 50c; Capsules 50c.

ANTISEPTIC EYE MEDICINE-50c.

EAR AND CANKER REMEDY-50c.

MANGE, ECZEMA, RINGWORM SALVE-50c.

DR. HOWES' DOG CONDITION POWDER-50c.

DR. HOWES' No. 707-\$1.00.

For chronic and long drawn-out cases of skin dis-

No. 9—Blood Purifier—\$1.00

ETHERIZED OIL-\$1.00.

Use externally for sore throat, bronchitis and pneumonia.

WHITE LINIMENT-\$1.00.

As the name indicates, use as a liniment externally for sore throat, cough and sprains.

(POSTAGE EXTRA)

### SPRATT'S DOG and PUPPY FOODS

Spratt's Fibo Cod Liver Ovals Assorted Biscuits Spratt's Kibbled No. 34 Spratt's Puppy Meal Pepsinated Meal Puppilac

We carry a good line of stripping and grooming tools, such as: Duplex Dresser ..... ...... \$ 1.50 Electric Clipper ..... .. ..... 13.50 Hand Clipper 3.25 Thinning Shears ..... Grooming Mits . . . .... 5.00 Toe Nail Clippers..... 2.85 Toe Nail Files.....

### WHEN YOUR DOG BEGINS TO **SCRATCH** You owe him RELIEF

A dog's blood may be continually affected by impurities, produced by the restraint of domestic life, improper food, lack of natural exercise and impaired elimination. These conditions act to set up an intense irritation in the nerve endings of his skin. No wonder he is fretful, nervous. He is in torment.



He looks to YOU for help and you can give it-QUICKLY.

REX HUNTERS DOG POWDERS provide blood tonic elements and a reconstructive for dogs of all breeds, any age. Given regularly on Saturday each week, they act to quickly relieve disorders due to lack of proper conditioning that cause continuous scratching, loose coat, listlessness, poor appetite, bad breath and skin irritations. They work to make your pet happier, healthier and more contented.

Trial Size ......30c—35c Postpaid Large Size .....\$1.00—\$1.05 postpaid

SULFADENE—Stops itching quickly. Clears up sores in a few days! Sulfadene is an external treatment—a simple home remedy. Easy to apply and non-irritating. No bandages are necessary and no harm can result if dog licks its sores. In every way, it is the ideal way to treat canine eczema. Price 98c, plus postage.

We handle complete line of Dog Sweaters, Dishes, Strippers and Combs, Playthings, Baskets, Leashes, Collars, Muzzles, etc. ALSO such well known REMEDIES as Delcreo, Sargent's, Glovers, and Pulvex.

### PERVINAL

The complete Vitamin and Mineral Supplement for Dogs.

10	oz.		\$1.35
19	oz.	********	2.25
Oto	2		4.00

### REX WHEAT GERM OIL

Helps keep the dog's coat in excellent condition.

4-oz.	bottle	 	\$1,00
Pint		 	3.75
Quar	t	 	6.00

## COMPLETE LINE of REMEDIES and SUPPLIES for CANARIES

Bird Nests \$ Swings Inside Cups Outside Cups Perches Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs Handfeeders for Baby Birds	
Inside Cups Outside Cups Perches Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	Bird Nests
Outside Cups Perches Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	Swings
Outside Cups Perches Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	Inside Cups
Perches Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	
Treat Cups Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	
Springs Cage Hooks Outside Bath Tubs Inside Bath Tubs	
Cage Hooks	
Outside Bath Tubs	
Inside Bath Tubs	
Baby Birds	
	220 Marchael For Daby Birds

Full Line of Hartz Mountain Remedies and Seeds

## Good Line of SPRATT'S FOODS and Remedies for Canaries

15 oz. Roller Canary Mixture with	
egg-flake, fruits and seed\$ .	.35
15 oz. Mixed Bird Seed	.30
2lbs. Bird Gravel	.15
1 lb. Parrot Mixture	40
15 oz. Parrakeet Lovebird Mixture	.25
9 oz. Moulting Food	.30
4 oz. Nestling Food	.15
9 oz.Nestling Food	30
5 lbs. Nestling Food	75
1 oz. Bird Tonic	15
3 oz. Bird Tonic	.30
3 oz. Song Food	25
3¼ oz. Pick Me Up	25
3 oz. Bird Wash	25
½ oz. Nesting Hair	10
1 oz. Bird Lice Powder	25

## PETAMINE The Wonder Food for Canaries

5	OZ.	 	 	\$ .35
2	lbs.	 	 	1.30
ā	lbs.			2.65

## REX WHEAT GERM OIL & MEAL FOR CANARIES

Rich in Vitamin E. Vital for proper feeding and breeding of canaries.

### WALKO TABLETS

Used by thousands for baby chicks, turkeys, ducks or geese. Simply put in drinking water and protect your flock against bowel disorders. Also used for roup, catarrh, sneezing and wheezing.

100	Tablets		\$ ,50
235	Tablets	***************************************	1.00
1000	Tablets		2.50

Postage Extra

### DON SUNG

This famous tonic gets the eggs no matter how cold or wet the weather. Easily given in the feed. Helps hens through the moult and starts pullets laying early. Give DON SUNG a trial. Guaranteed. 50c size (this is the trial guaranteed size). Postage extra. \$1.00 size. Postage extra.

### DR. HESS POULTRY TABLETS

While there is no absolute cure for roup, Dr. Hess Poultry Tablets are of high value in treating locally the swellings incident to the disease.

The tablets are used as a local antiseptic and to medicate the drinking water. Thus used, they aid in preventing spread of the disease. Once the

Pkg	ς. 45	Tab	lets	3								!	\$ .25
100	Tab	lets											.50
225	Tab	lets											1.00
			Pe	osta	age	. ]	Ēх	tt	a				

### RATNIP

Most effective rat poison known. Price, 35c tube, 40c postpaid.

### Feed Your Champions this Meat Flavored Biscuit KEN - L - BISKIT

IS NUTRITIONALLY IMPROVED WITH NURGENE

Your dog will love Ken-L-Biskit because it's meat-flavored. He'll thrive on it, too. Here's why: it is extra rich in protein—meat's main element—and is fortified with vitamins and minerals. Nutritionally improved with Nurgene, an exclusive ingredient. Fed in many of America's leading kennels. Keep your champions in top form by feeding Ken-L-Biskit.

### KEN-L-BISKIT

The Dog Food of Champions





IN HOUSE OR GARDEN

Applied with Ordinary Sprayer, ANTROL ANT SPRAY Leaves a Long-lasting Kiling Residue. Non-inflammable and Harmless to Humans and Pets When Used as Directed. PINT.....40c QUART.....70c





Snarol Metaldehyde-Arsenical Bait SNAROL is a blend of cereals and certain other ingredients combined with poisons for killing Snails, Slugs, Cutworms, Sawbugs and Earwigs.

1 lb. 35c 2½ lbs. 75c 6 lbs. \$1.50



ANTROL ANT SYRUP not only kills ants feeding on it, but slow action allows syrup to be carried and fed to queen and larvae, thus killing whole colony in time.

Individual Feeder . . 10c. Set of 4 . . 40c

# Dog-Damage

Protect
Shrubs
Evergreens
Flowers
Vegetables
Garbage Pail
Porch

Rain or shine, dogs and other animals will avoid anything sprayed with Sudbury Liquid Chaperone, for at least three weeks with each application. Liquid Chaperone is the ideal protection for shrubs, evergreens, flowers and vegetables. Completely harmless to animals as well as to plants and flowers, Chaperone is odorless to you, but animals can't stand the smell.

8-oz. bottle \$1.00



### BRAEGER'S GARDENING SUPPLIES

We normally carry large supplies of all garden necessities, but list here only a small portion. Please inquire for such items as sprayers, mole traps, corn and potato planters, garden and hedge shears, etc. Not Postpaid.

### GUARD AGAINST HARD-TO-CONTROL

## SOIL INSECTS IN YOUR GARDEN

Also Other Insects & Fairy Ring IN YOUR LAWN SPRAY REGULARLY WITH



Many Purpose Spray It's Taking the Country By Storm Ask For Literature Showing Accurate PROOF Of Pest-Free Gardens

### See what CARCO-X can do

Easy To Use ECONOMICAL

One gallon CARCO-X makes up to 200 gallons of spray Depending on pests you are treating.

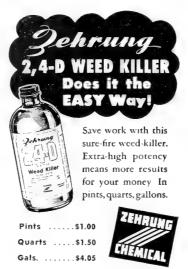
Retail Prices Postpaid Prices  $\frac{1}{2}$  pint \$ .85  $1.00_{--}$  ½ pint 1 pint\_\_ 1.25 1.45\_\_\_\_ 1 pint 1 quart\_ 1.95 2.30\_\_\_ 1 quart 1 gal.\_\_ 4.95 5 gals.\_ 20.00 5.45\_\_ 1 gallon Expr. coll. 5 gal. plus sales tax plus sales tax

ORDER NOW! SPRAY NOW! For Year Round Satisfaction



TO WEED FREEDOM

Pints of refill\_\_\_\_40c Quarts of refill\_\_\_\_75c Gallons of refill\_\_\_\$1.95





down, fumigates, leaves long-lasting killing power for flies, moths, spiders, roaches and others.

In pints and quarts.

Pints .....\$ ..60 Quarts ....\$1.00







bombs, poison baits or special equipment needed for positive control. Acts quickly, poisonous only to pests. 2 and 6-lb. cans. Try it!

2 lbs. .....\$ .75

6 lbs. .....\$1.75



Effective RAIN or SHINE! For Snails, Cut Worms, Slugs, Earwigs, Root Weevils and other pests of like chewing habits. Safe, convenient, economical. 21/2 Lbs. . 75c

> APPLE BASE WITH METALDEHYDE



GO-WEST

### Kill Lawn Weeds

## EEDONF

the original 2,4-D weedkiller

Spray your lawn with Weedone. Grass is not affected, but dandelions, plantains and other noxious weeds curl, dry up and die. Weedone kills poison ivy, poison oak, bindweed and honeysuckle, too. Safe for people and pets. Does not corrode spray equipment.

8-oz. can \$1 1-gal. can \$6.95 1-qt. can \$2.75 5-gal. can \$25

## SPOT-KILL Lawn Weeds

## WEEDUST

### 2.4-D in the ready-to-use can

Kill those here-and-there weeds in your lawn with Weedust—2,4-D in powder form. Just shake a pinch of Weedust directly on the weed from the can. No mixing or measuring or sprayer needed.

Large size can, 75c Enough to kill 1,000 weeds

### **BLACK LEAF 40**

Nicotine Sulphate is a contact spray to kill green and woolly aphis, plant lice, red spiders, cabbage aphis, onion thrip. Is very effective for use on sweet peas and roses. It is also very efficient for poultry lice control at any season of the year. Is easly applied and quite economical. Prices not prepaid: 1 oz. 35c; 5 ozs. \$1.05; 1 lb. \$2.50; 2 lbs. \$4.15; 5 lbs. \$7.90. Not Postpaid.

### TOBACCO DUST

Finely ground is a very effective weapon against aphis and lice on plants. Is a splendid fertilizer also and preventative for insects in the ground and around roots. Prices not prepaid: 1 lb. 15c; 10 lbs. \$1.25. Not Postpaid.



### SEMESAN

Used for disinfecting seeds, bulbs, etc. Pkt. 20c; 2 oz. 60c; 12 oz. \$2.40.

New Improved Ceresan. Disinfectant for wheat, oats and barley. 4 oz. 45c; 1 lb. \$1.

Semesan Bel. Seed Potatoes. 2 oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$2.00.

Semesan Jr. Seed Corn. 12 oz. 65c. Not Postpaid Large Sizes Available, Write for Price.



### DEPENDABLE PEST CONTROLS FOR HOME AND GARDEN

A BUG-GETA Pellets – Kills Snails, Slugs, Cutworms — handy, easy to use. Economical metaldehyde-arsenical bait in pelleted form. These pellets are easy to distribute in "hard to reach" areas and go 4 times further since they hold up longer than old still meal hait mounds. BUG-GETA Pellets - Kills Snails, Slugs, old style meal bait mounds.

DR	100-12	oz.	package	350
ΟR	101-2	lb.	package	75c
OR	102- 5	lb.	package	31.50
OR	103-25	lb.	package	6.25

B BOTANO deluxe — the finest multi-pur-D pose dust on the market. Contains potent insecticides, lindane and methoxychlor, and two well-proved fungicides. Look at its uses:

#### GENERAL FOLIAGE DUST FOR FLOWERS AND VEGETABLES

1. BOTANO deluxe is fine on foliage and kills a wide variety of sucking and chewing insects such as Aphis, Thrips. Mealybugs, White Flies and many chewing in-

bugs, White Flies and many chewing insects such as Beetles, Caterpillars, pear and cherry Slugs, etc. It also controls Powdery Mildew, Black Spot and Rust.

2. Soil Insects: Wireworm, Seed-Corn Maggot, Diabrotica Larvae: Treatment: Dust 8 ounces in top soil for each 160 square feet of area. Treat Strawberry Root Weevils on Strawberries, Camellias, Rhododendrons, Azaleas, Primroses, Ornamentals in the same manner.

3. Earwigs—Dust heavily in all frequented areas, BOTANO deluxe acts as a contact poison and two to three treatments a season will usually suffice.

4. Lawn Moth (sod webworm)—Dust one lb. of BOTANO deluxe per 1000 sq. ft. of lawn area and soak into the lawn. Use 2 or 3 such treatments per season.

	11 01 0 1	Jucii	treatments per season.	
OR	1048	oz.	Duster	79c
OR	105 - 2	lb. I	Refill\$	1.75
OR	106-5	lb. l	Refill	3.95

C ORTHO Lawn Groom - the newest

C ORTHO Lawn Groom—the newest thing in scientific lawn treatment . . it does three big jobs in one application: Feeds the lawn Kills the weeds Controls insects

5 lbs. covers 1000 sq. ft. of lawn . . about 3 treatments per year will give you a velvety green lawn, free of weeds and soil insects. OR 108—10 lb. Carton... 2.95 OR 109-25 lb. Bag..... 6.05

D ISOTOX Garden Spray — Economical, D ISOTOX Garden Spray — Economical, modern multi-purpose spray containing the sensational new lindane insecticide. Effective general foliage spray against Aphis, Thrips, Beetles Roses, Camellias, other flowers and shrubs against many chewing and sucking insects. Control Wireworms, many soil pests, also Earwigs, Lawn Moth, (Sod Webworm), Flies. Has very broad usage.

		*	3
OR	1102	oz	59c
OR	1114	oz\$	1.00
OR	112—pi	nt	2.95
OR	113-1/2	gallon	10.25

ORTHORIX Spray — Astounding new fungicide for year round use. Controls Mildews—Rose mildew, Peach leaf curl, San Jose Scale and many other plant pests! For both foliage and dormant spraying of flowers, truits, ornamentals and berries. Excellent soil corrective. Contains remarkable wetting agent corrective. Contains remarkable wetting agent that makes every drop highly effective. Here's what John Paul Edwards, eminent rose grower, says, "I was able to completely control powdery mildew on my roses and produce plants with outstanding luxuriant green foliage and an abundance of blooms simply by use of ORTHORIX Spray."

OR	114—pint	<b>7</b> 5c
OR	115—quart\$	1.25
OR	116—gallon	4.00
OB	117—5 gallon	15.00

F TRIOX — Here's what you've been looking for to get rid of those weeds on driveways, curbs and gutters, paths, brick or gravelled walks, tile patios . . . or along fences and around the garage and similar structures. Kills weeds, poisons soil and prevents plant growth 1 to 2 years! Do away with slow, back-breaking hoeing and grubbing.) Kill weeds the easier chemical way with TRIOX. Simply mix with water—apply with sprinkling can or sprayer. Economical.

OR	118-1	quart	\$1.00
OB	119-1	gallon	3.50

TRD. MKS. BUG-GETA, BOTANO, ORTHO, ISOTOX, TRIOX. REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.



CALIFORNIA SPRAY-CHEMICAL CORP.



### keep pests away night and day

Shiny aluminum strips crackle and flash. Scares robins, pigeons, all birds and animals from gardens, bushes and trees. Protects seed as well as crops. Easy to use.

> Package of 10 only 25c 4 pkgs. 1.00 postpaid



### for garden shrubs, vines, flowers and vegetables

Attractive Portco Quick-ties with wire center secure your flowers with a twist of the fingers. Saves time. Quick-ties are permanent ... weatherized with resin. Quickties are round shaped to cushion delicate stems. Package of 80 25c 4 pkgs. 1.00 postpaid.

SEE YOUR GARDEN SUPPLY DEALER OR WRITE DIRECT





#### ACME ROTENONE GARDEN GUARD

Controls the widest variety of chewing and sucking insects of any insecticide on the market today. Non injurious to humans, pets and animals. Use as dust or spray to control aphids, bean beetles, asparagus beetles, horn

worm, tarnish plant bug. cabbage worms, current worms, rose caterpillars blister beetles and other common insects.

1 lb. sifter carton...\$ .50 4 lbs. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . \$1.00

### ACME BORDEAUX MIXTURE

The most widely used copper fungicide for preventing fungous spores gaining a foothold on plant sur-

faces. Prevents losses caused by blight, rot, mildew, scab, anthracnose, etc. Recommended for vegetables, flowers and ornamentals. Contains copper sulphate and lime in equal proportion for maximum protection and minimum burn.

## ACME RED RIVER POTATO MIX with DDT

DDT has been added to this outstanding product to make it better than ever. Now controls leaf hopper and psyllid as well as potato bugs, flea beetles and aphis. Controls early

and late blight. Spray or dust. The allaround, economical potato mixture.

1 lb. bag.....

4 lb. bag......



## ACME WETTABLE DUSTING SULPHUR

Controls mildew, leaf spot, black spot and rust on roses, chrysanthemums. snapdragons, carnations and other foliage and red

spiders on evergreens. Use as a dust or spray. Also excellent as a chigger repellent.

2 lb. sifter carton.....\$ .50

### ACME TOMATO DUST

A general garden insecticide and fungicide with special emphasis on complete tomato protection. Controls early and late blight as well as horn

worm, fruit worm and flea beetle on tomatoes as well as on cucumbers, beans, cabbage, potatoes and many flowers such as hollyhocks, asters, roses, azaleas,

1 lb. sifter \$ .50; 4 lb. bag \$1.25



#### ACME EMO-NIK

A complete contact insect spray combining active nicotine with a high quality summer oil emulsion. Excellent in

control of scale, red spider, mealy bug, white flies, rust mites, aphis, mildew and similar garden pests. Practically odorless when sprayed.

4	1/2	oz.											. 9	.35
1	Pi	nt .		٠					٠					.70
1	Q	uar	ŀ											1.15

### ACME ARSENATE OF

The favorite arsenical insecticide for the control of most chewing insects damaging shade trees, vegetables, berry

bushes, vines, etc. Has no superior for fluffiness and bulkiness. Safe to use on tender foliage.



### ACME LIME SULPHUR (Dry)

For use on fruit trees. rose bushes and nursery stock after leaves have fallen and before they

appear in the spring to protect against scale, peach blight, leaf curl and twig borer. For summer spraying against scab, root, blotch, red spider and mites.





### KEEPWAY



Tarred **Plant Protectors** (Non-Poisonous)

Protection from root maggot on Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussells Sprouts, etc. Apply when setting out. Rains or cultivation do not destroy effectiveness. Protection until plant maturity. Directions on packages.

24-15c, 72-35c, 500-\$1.50, 1000-\$2.60

### KEEPWAY

Cutworm Plant Collars (Non-Poisonous)

Niller's



Protection from cutworms on Tomatoes, Cabbage Family, Peppers, Egg Plant and many varieties of flowers. Apply when setting out. Rains or cultivation do not destroy effectiveness. Protection until plant maturity. Can also be used as plant band when starting seed indoors. Directions on pkges. 24---20c, 48---35c, 1000---\$4.50

# an earlier safe start.

an earlier sate start. HOTKAPS provide individual HOTHOUSES for seedlings and young plants, provide positive protection against UNEXPECTED FROSTS, STORMS, INSECTS, ripenplants ACKAGE of 25 only 70c-Setter Free



Strong, dark green "invisible" tapes with wire reinforcing — speedily and permanently support annuals perennials, vines,

annuals, perennials, vines, shrubs, and vegetables. Box of 200, 4-inch size, 25c; Box of 100, 8-inch size, 25c; Box of 100, 16-inch size, 50c. EW! 15c Pkg., 50 of 8-inch size; 10c Pkg., 35 of 8-inch size.



Ideal support for SWEET PEAS, GARDEN PEAS, POLE BEANS, CUCUM-BERS, TOMATOES, Hung in 5 minutes. Doesn't rot like 5 minutes. Doesn't rot like string, nor burn tendrils like wire. 3 sizes —

60-inch x 72-inch, 65¢ 60-inch x 96-inch, 85¢ 60-inch x 180-inch, \$1.25

### **GRAFTING WAX**

We stock the best available. Price, 1/4 lb. 30c; ½ lb. 45c; 1 lb. 70c, plus postage.

### **NEW**

## LIQUID LIME SULPHUR

Calcium Polysulphide Spray

Year round INSECTICIDE-FUNGICIDE SPRAY against Powery Mildew, Peach Leaf Curl, Red Spider, Leaf Blister Mites and Apple and Pear Scab.

4 oz. 25c; 1 pint 60c; 1 quart \$1.00; 1 gallon \$3.00—plus postage

Seed Up in 30 Hrs. Transplant 2 Weeks Sooner! 340A Cable & Thermo, for 1 sash.
\$80A for double sash — 36 sq. ft.
J40 40 ft. 200 watt, cable only.
\$80 80 ft. 400 watt, cable only. \$6.75 \$9.00





FLO is the new, soluble plant food. Mixes readily with water. A complete fertilizer that gets right down to the roots of grass. No bulk... no burning. FLO is applied with the GATSPRAYER while you water the lawn. 10 pounds equals 100 pounds of ordinary fertilizer. Also makes an excellent transplanting and "Booster" solution.



## Niller's GARDEN COMPOST MAKER

5 lbs. ....\$ .85 25 lbs. ....\$3.25

50 lbs. . . . . . \$5.50 Plus Postage

A 5-pound package of Miller's Garden COMPOST Maker will make several hundred pounds of high-grade organic humus fertilizer by converting garden and kitchen refuse, weeds, leaves, and grass clipings, into a rich organic humus compost.

### GARDEN **BOOSTER** POWDER

Make your own Booster Fertilizer Solution as low as 1c a gallon with Miller's Garden BOOSTER Powder. Stimulates Plant Growth, Root Formation, Fruit Setting, Flower Production. Produces vege-tables rich in flavor and minerals essential to your Health.

4 oz. ....25c 2 lbs...\$ .75 1 lb. ....50c 5 lbs...\$1.50 Plus Postage

# Niller's GARDEN SPRADUSTO

Insecticide - Fungicide SPRAY or DUST Flower Gardens, Shrubs, Ornamentals

Used regularly controls Powdery Mildew, Black Spot, Rusts, Aphis, Leaf Hoppers, Beetles, Caterpillars.

Effective - Safe to Use. Contains 5% DDT, Rotenone, Pyrethrum, Sulphur, Fermate

### GARDEN **RODUSTO**

Insecticide - Fungicide **DUST or SPRAY** Vegetable Gardens

Safe to use right up to harvest. Controls: Aphis, Flea Beetles, Caterpillars, Powdery Mildew. Contains: Rotenone 1%, Pyrethrum, Sulphur, Copper.

1 oz. Duster Can.....\$ .75 1 lb. ..\$1.00 2 lbs. ..\$1.50 5 lbs. ...\$3.50. Plus Postage



8 oz. Can.\$1.00 1 lb. ....\$1.25 2 lbs. ...\$1.75 5 lbs. ...\$4.00









### TERRY TERRA-LITE Says:

"Let Terra-Lite\* Help You Do All Your Gardening Jobs

### FASTER - EASIER - BETTER"

TERRA-LITE BRAND VERMICULITE PLANT AID IS THE PERFECT MEDIUM FOR STARTING SEEDS, LIGHTENING SOILS, TRANSPLANTING, ROOTING CUTTINGS, STORING BULBS, AND IS UNSURPASSED AS A MULCH AND FOR SOIL PREPARATION AND RECONDITIONING LAWNS. TERRA-LITE . . . ALL THROUGH THE YEAR

Manufactured by

NORTHWEST INSULATIONS CO., SPOKANE, PORTLAND, SEATTLE, TACOMA

\*Terra-Lite is the trademark of the Zonolite Company

### FASTER, SURER ROOTING

for cuttings, seeds and bulbs



### the plant hormone powder

Rootone stimulates the natural tendency of seeds, cuttings and bulbs to put out roots. Rooting is faster and heavier, resulting in bigger, earlier plants. Endorsed and used by leading growers everywhere.

Trial packet, 25c • 2-oz. package, \$1 1-lb. can, \$5

1898-FIFTY-TWO YEARS OF SERVICE-1950 When Ordering Always State Name of Seed

### ALFALFA (A)

Swee	В	ur	,	Hubam						
Clov	ers		٠							
Sze						Re	e†	а	il	
1	ы	ı.	ea	3		\$		5	0	

21/2 bu. ea... 1.00

### CLOVERS (B)

Red, Alsike, Crimson, White, Ladino bu. ea...\$ .50

### 21/2 bu. ea... 1.00 COMBINATION

bu. ea...\$ .50

(AB)

### LESPEDEZA (L)

100 lb. size (Inoculates up to 100 lbs.) each .....\$ .50

### PEAS, VETCHES (C)

(All Varieties) 100 lb. size (Inoculates up to 100 lbs.) each .....\$ .50

#### SOYBEANS (S)

Retail 2 bu. ea....\$ .30 5 bu. ea.... .50 25 bu. (1 can) 2.25 30 bu. (6-5 bu. cans) . . . 2.95

#### BEANS (D) Navy, Pinto, Wax, String, Kidney and

**Great Northern** 

### bu. ea...\$ .50

### PEANUTS. COW PEAS (E)

2 bu. ea....\$ .30 5 bu. ea....

GARDEN SIZE-Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas, Lupines, Lima Beans and Edible Soybeans. Enough for 8 lbs. seed-Retail Price 15c ea

# Complete Plant Food A PRODUCT OF SWIFT & COMPANY



Feed Lawns in early spring and again in fall. Feed flowers and vegetables when you plant them, and gowing season feed them VIGORO. at regular intervals throughout the

#### Prices\_

1 lb. bag, 15c 25 lb. bag, \$1.75 5 lb. bag, 50c 50 lb. bag, \$3.00 10 lb. bag, 90c 100 lb. bag, \$5.00

## TRANSPLANT SAFELY ransplantone

Transplantone reduces shock and wilt when seedlings and plants are moved. Stimulates root growth so that fewer seedlings die and more come to early, healthy maturity. Used to water plants, shrubs and trees, Transplantone encourages growth and bloom.

1/2-oz. packet, 25c · 3-oz. package, \$1 1-lb, can, \$4

### MORE TOMATOES!

# Fruitone

Spray Fruitone at blossoming time and each plant will set more fruit and bear more big, meaty tomatoes, Spray Fruitone for bigger crops of beans and lima beans, too. The dollar package makes 25 gallons of spray.

2/5 oz. packet, 25c • 2-oz. package, \$1 12-oz. can, \$5

### WE USE AND RECOMMEND PLANT-CHEM FOR SEEDING - TRANSPLANTING - GROWING



P-16 gal. size \$ .25 P-37½ gal. size .50 P-100 gal, size P-400 gal, size 1.00 2.00



A-16 gal. size \$ .25 A-37½ gal. size .50 A-100 gal. size 1.00 A-400 gal, size 2.00



L-100 gal. size \$ .50 L-400 gal. size 1.50 L-1200 gal. size 4 00 L-5000 gal. size 12.00



0.16 gal. size \$ 0-100 gal. size 0-400 gal. size  $\frac{2.00}{5.00}$ 0-1200 gal. size 10.00

5000 Gal. large nursery and grower size. Regular or Acid Plant Chem. \$15.00





## FLORAL

FLORALIFE will keep your cut flowers fresh and beautiful for 5 to 10 days after they otherwise would be on the trash heap!

Per packet-enough to treat 2 qts. of water. 10c Gift Box—15 ten-cent packets—enriches 30 qts. of water—a \$1.50 value for only........\$1

Jumbo Bulk Drum, enough to treat 100 qts. of water, complete with measuring cup, only .\$3

### FRAGRANCE. NO WATER CHANGING

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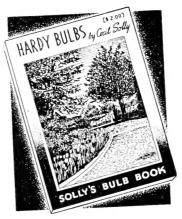


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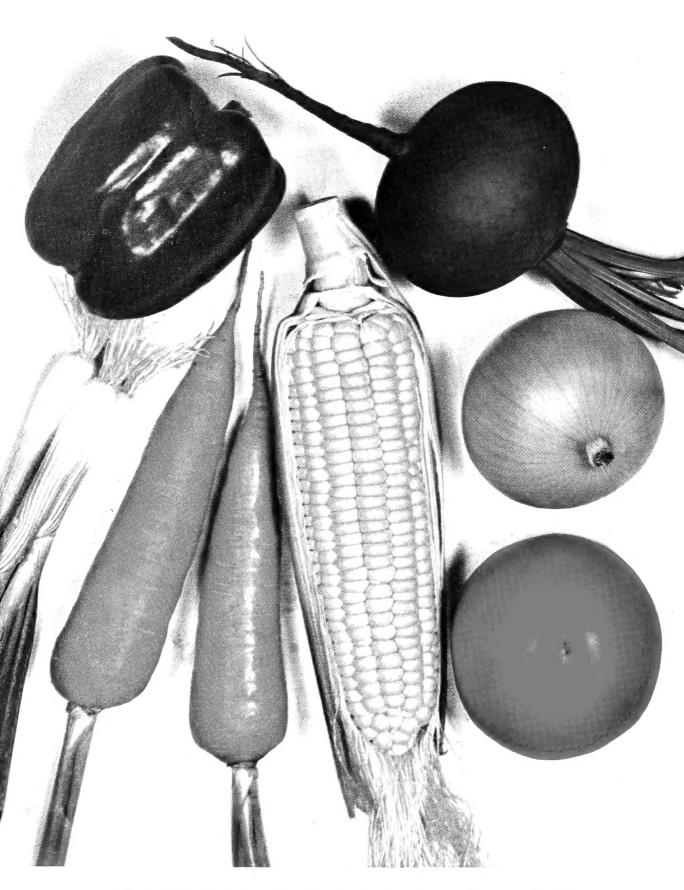
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